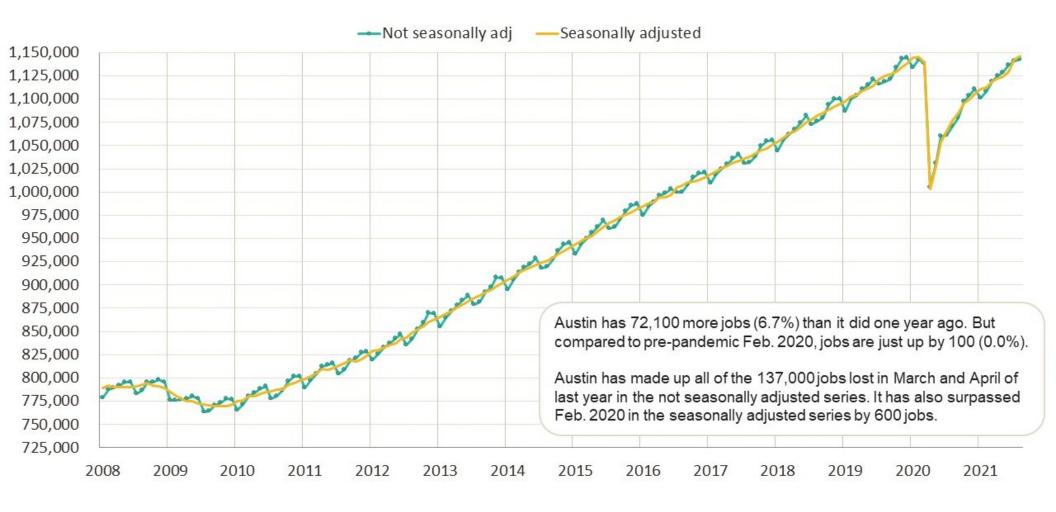


## Nonfarm payroll jobs

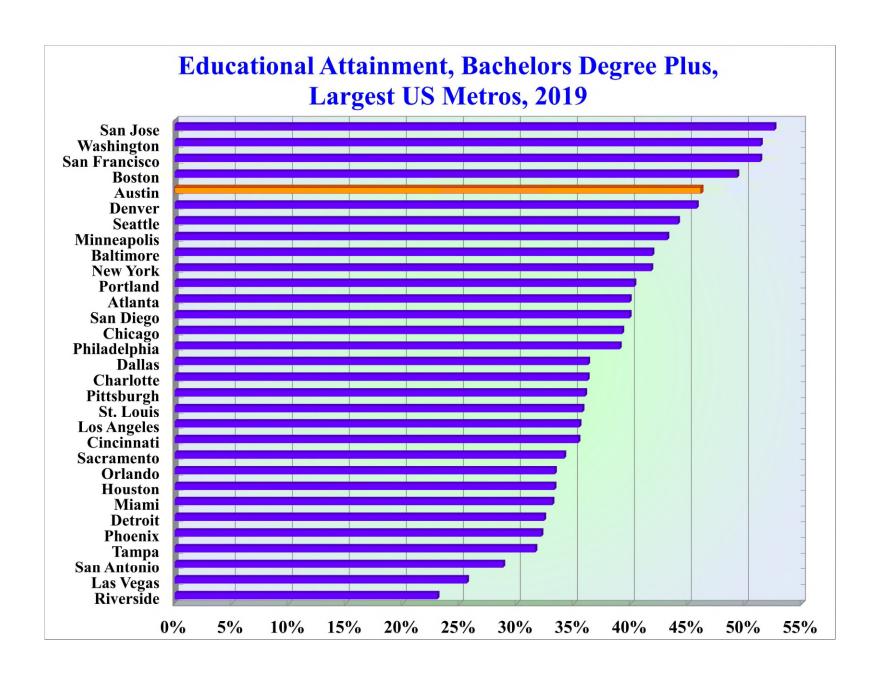


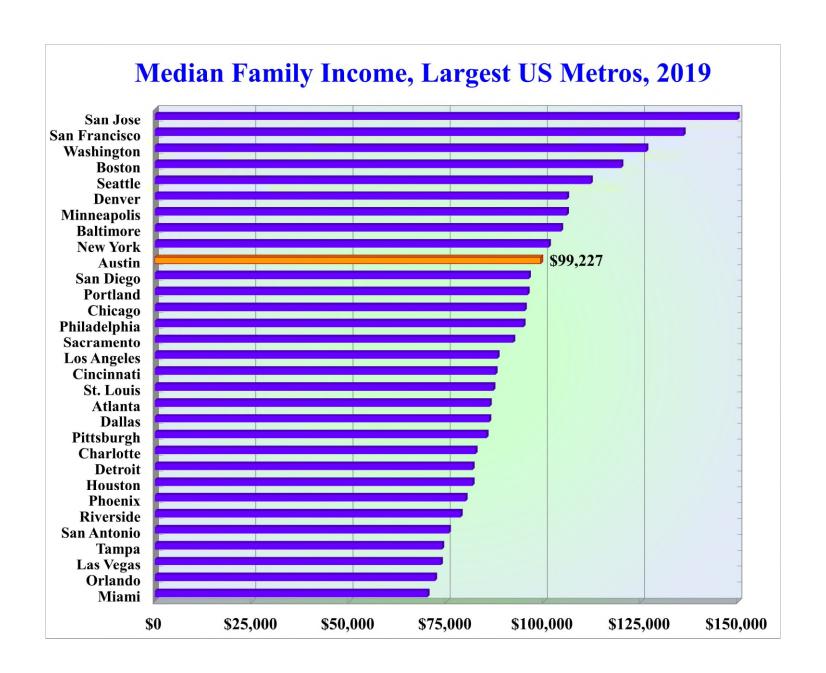
Source: Texas Workforce Commission, Current Employment Statistics (CES).

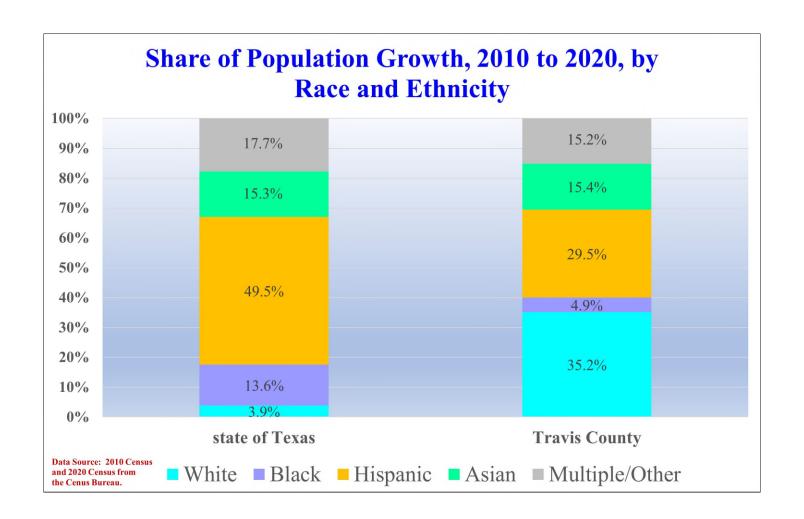
## Best performing among the top 50 metros (COVID-19)

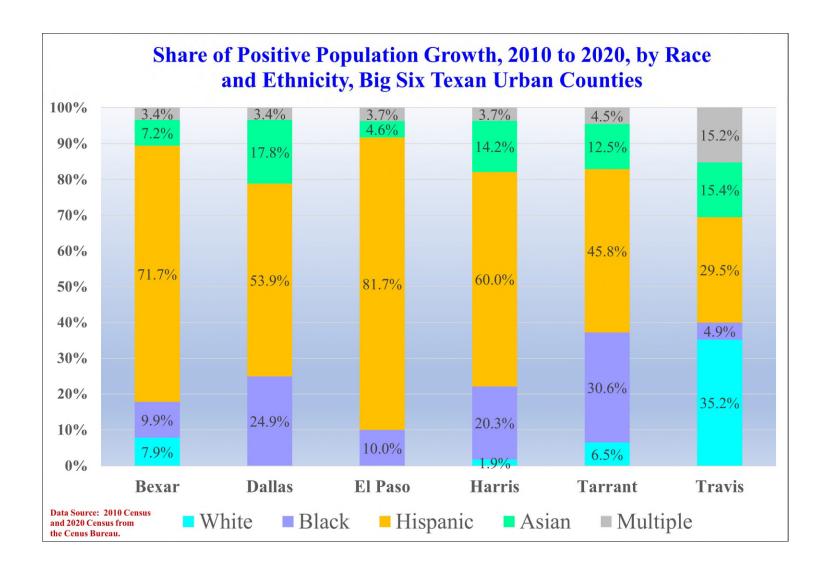
Pont/		
February 2020 August 2021 Difference Percent change	Rank	
Salt Lake City MSA 758,500 774,400 15,900 2.1% 1		
Kansas City MSA 1,093,500 1,094,200 700 0.1 2		
Dallas MDiv 2,735,400 2,736,400 1,000 0.0 3		
Austin MSA 1,142,400 1,142,500 100 0.0 4		
Jacksonville MSA 732,000 729,200 -2,800 -0.4 5		
Indianapolis MSA 1,087,200 1,081,900 -5,300 -0.5 6		
Phoenix MSA 2,233,500 2,217,300 -16,200 -0.7 7		
Denver MSA 1,539,700 1,526,700 -13,000 -0.8 8		
Tampa MSA 1,411,100 1,397,800 -13,300 -0.9 9		
Cincinnati MSA 1,110,400 1,097,000 -13,400 -1.2 10		

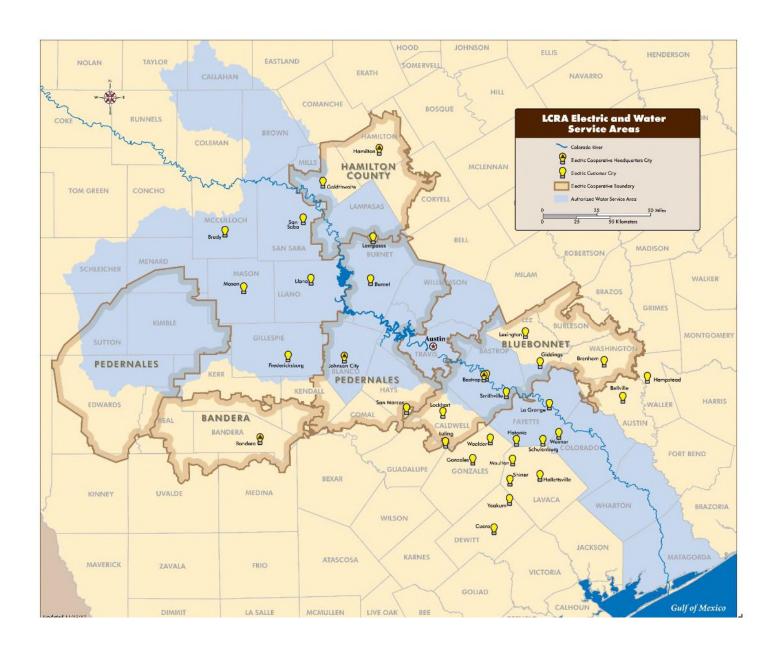
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, CES.

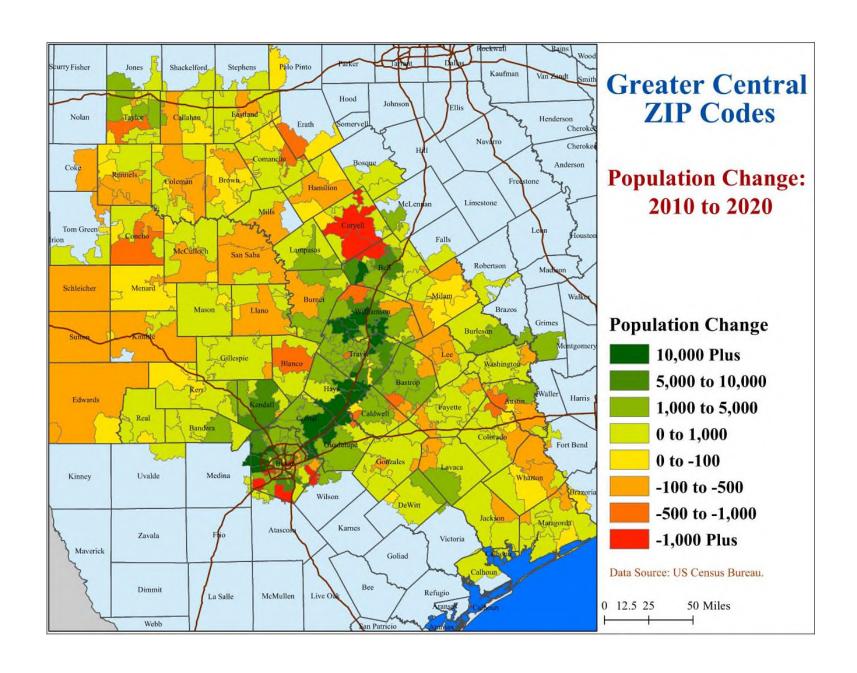


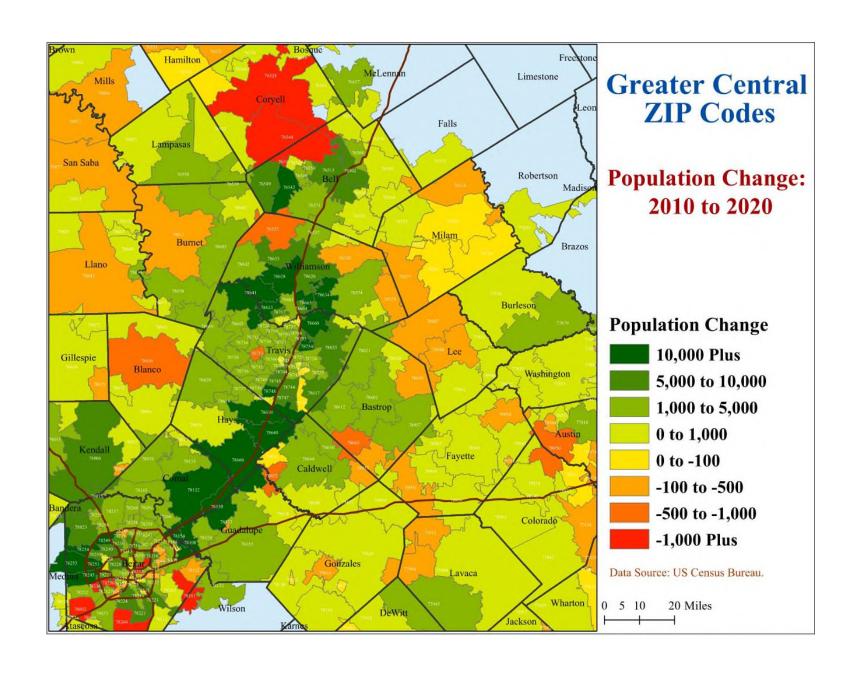


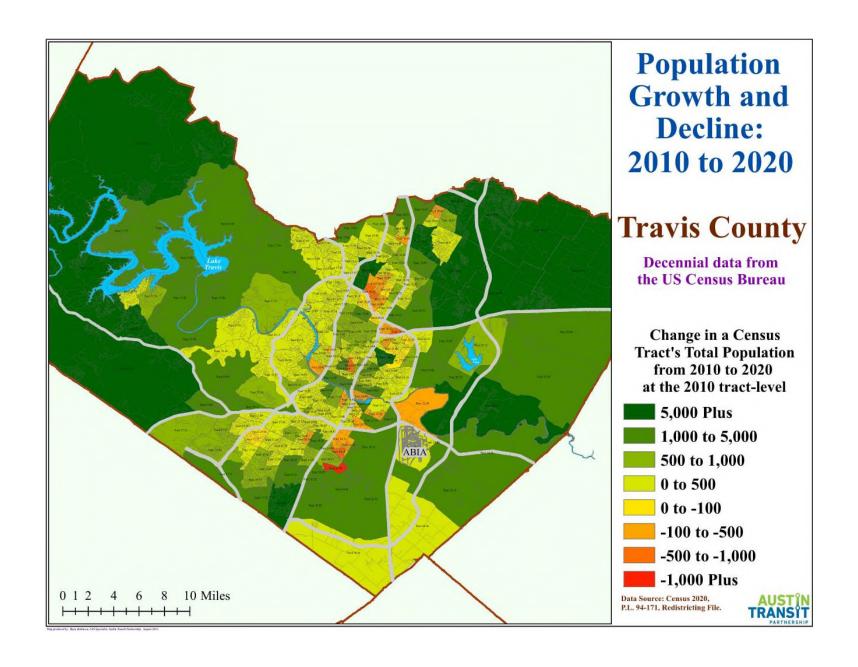


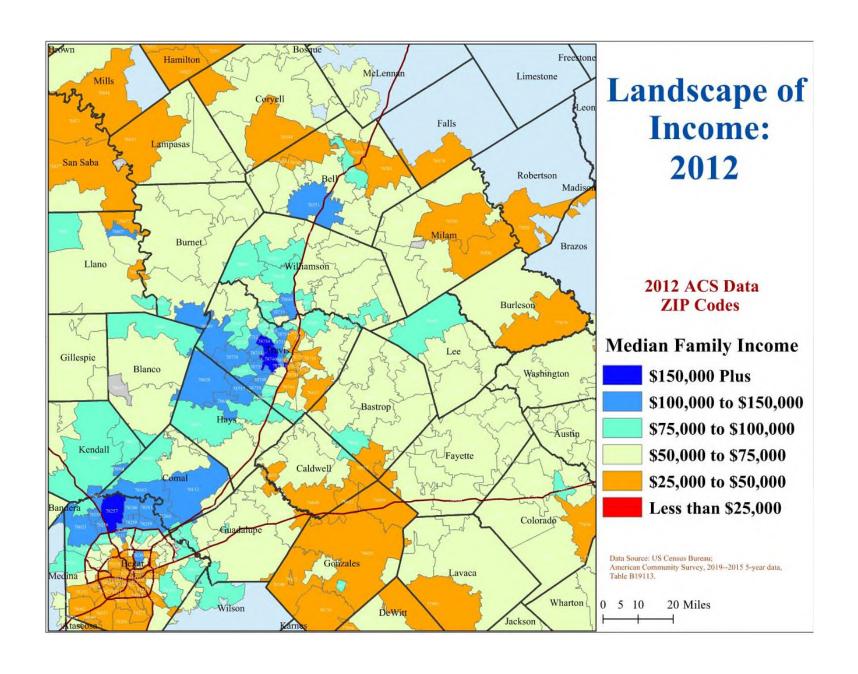


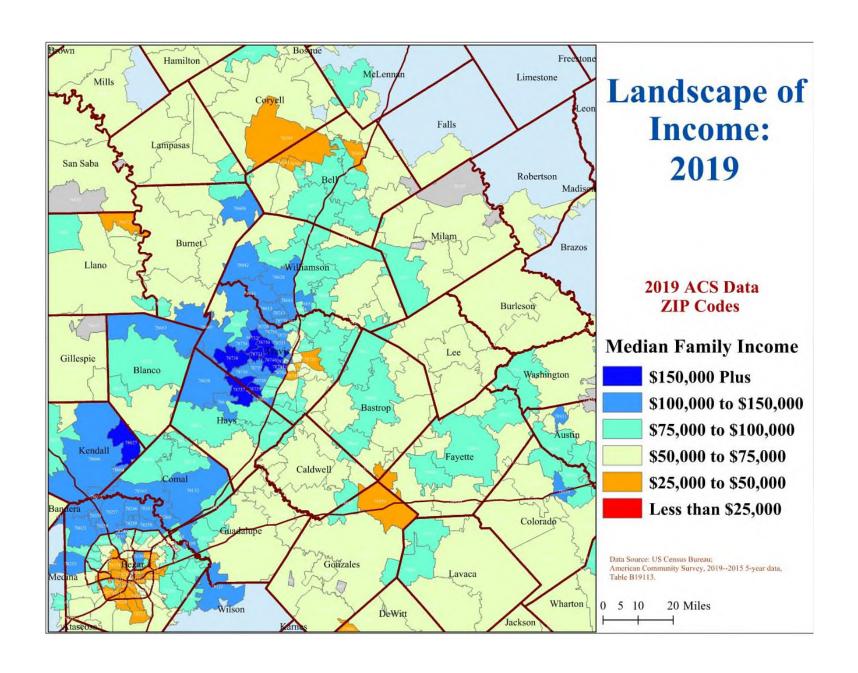


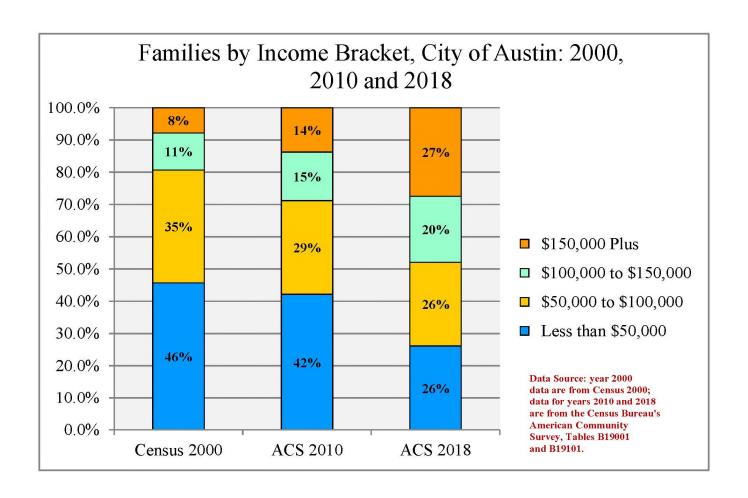


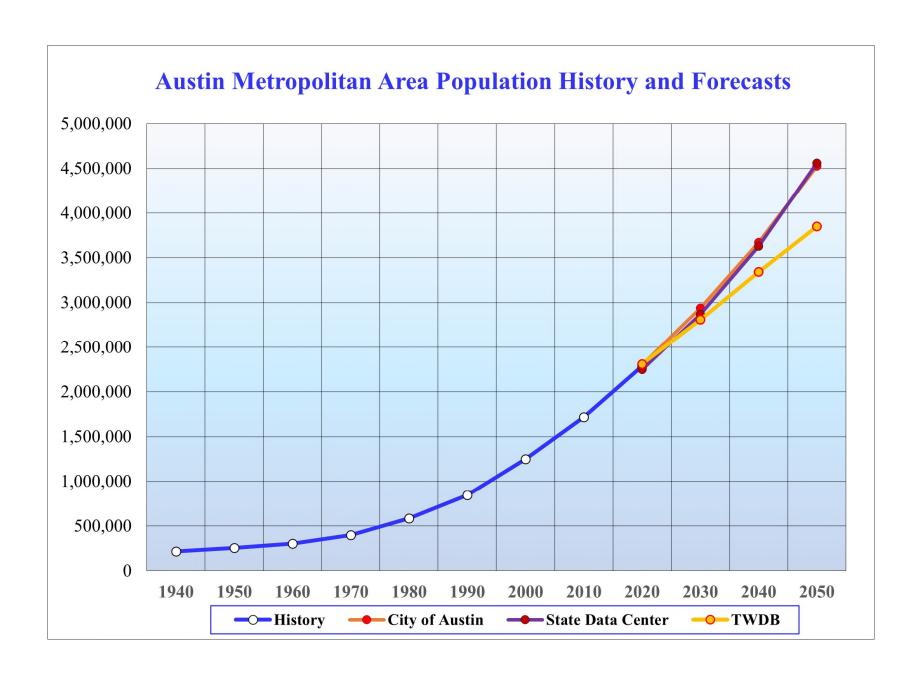


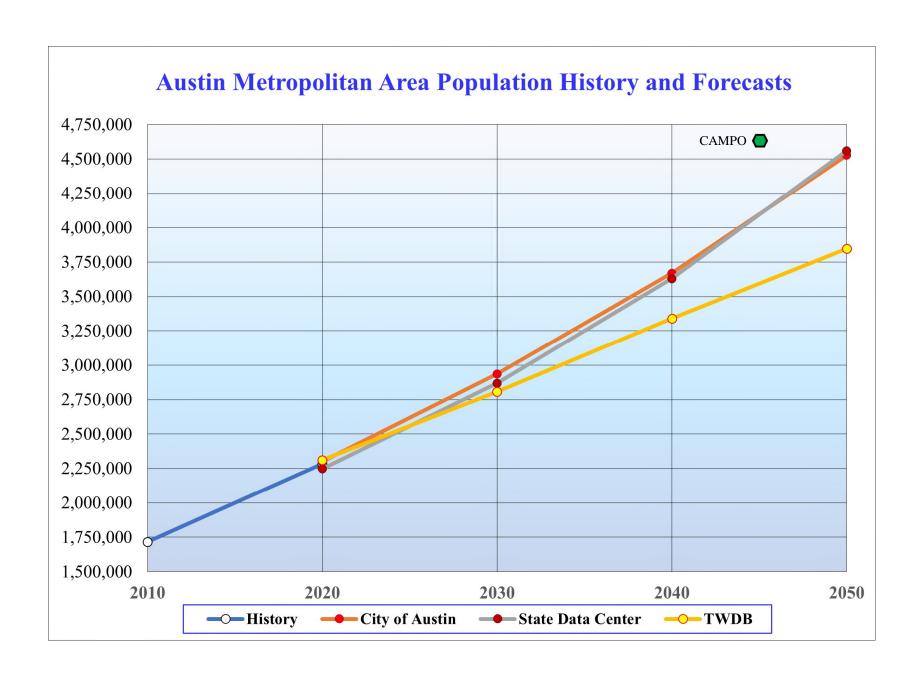




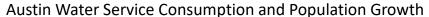


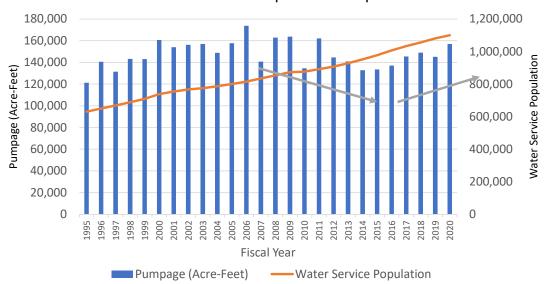




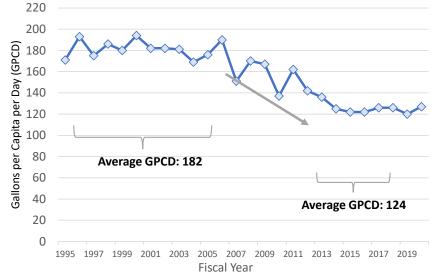


## Austin Water Consumption





	Austin	water Se	ervice Co	onsumpt	ion Per	Capita
20						
20						



Planning Horizon Year	Served Population	Potable and Non-Potable Pumpage in Acre-Feet per Year	Potable and Non-Potable (GPCD)	Potable Pumpage in Acre-Feet per Year	Potable (GPCD)
2020	1,101,600	145,000	117	144,000	117
2040	1,577,800	182,000	103	160,000	91
2070	2,314,800	262,000	101	204,000	79
2115	3,977,400	415,000	93	288,000	65

Improvements in water efficiency have driven total consumption below its 2006 peak – a trend that has been reversing since 2014.

Austin Water expects future water efficiency gains to offset increasing consumption from population growth.

Data sources: data.austintexas.gov (City of Austin open data portal) and Austin Water "Water Forward Integrated Water Resource Plan"



