

# **Lower Colorado River Authority FY 2026–2027 Clean Rivers Program Quality Assurance Project Plan**

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**Clean Rivers Program  
Water Quality Planning Division  
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Effective Period: FY 2026 to FY 2027**

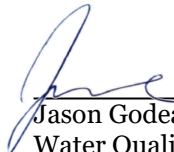
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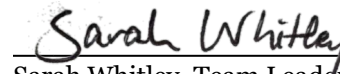
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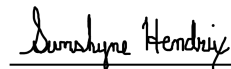
## A2 Approval Page

### Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

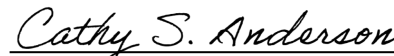
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## List of Acronyms

ALM	Aquatic Life Monitoring
AWRL	Ambient Water Reporting Limit
BMP	Best Management Practices
BS	Biased Season
CAP	Corrective Action Plan
CE	Collecting Entity
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
COA	City of Austin
COC	Chain of Custody
CRP	Clean Rivers Program
DHL	DHL Analytical
DM	Data Manager
DMRG	Surface Water Quality Monitoring Data Management Reference Guide
DM&A	Data Management and Analysis
ELS	Environmental Laboratory Services
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
FY	Fiscal Year
GPS	Global Positioning System
IBWC	International Boundary and Water Commission
IT	LCRA Digital Services Department
ITIL	Information Technology Infrastructure Library
LCS	Laboratory Control Sample
LCSD	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate
LIMS	Laboratory Information Management System
LOQ	Limit of Quantitation
LCRA	Lower Colorado River Authority
MT	Monitoring Type
MS	Matrix Spike
MSD	Matrix Spike Duplicate
NELAC	National Environmental Laboratories Accreditation Conference
NELAP	National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program
PC	Personal Computer
PM	Project Manager
QA	Quality Assurance
QAM	Quality Assurance Manager
QAO	Quality Assurance Officer
QAPP	Quality Assurance Project Plan
QAS	Quality Assurance Specialist
QC	Quality Control

QM	Quality Manual
QMP	Quality Management Plan
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
RT	Routine Monitoring
SE	Submitting Entity
SLOC	Station Location
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure
SWQM	Surface Water Quality Monitoring
SWQMIS	Surface Water Quality Monitoring Information System
TAMU	Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Lab
TAC	Texas Administrative Code
TCEQ	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
TMDL	Total Maximum Daily Load
TNI	The NELAC Institute
TSWQS	Texas Surface Water Quality Standards
TV	Travis County
TWDB	Texas Water Development Board
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers
VOA	Volatile Organic Analytes
WQS	Water Quality Standards
UCRA	Upper Colorado River Authority
USGS	United States Geological Survey
WRM	Water Resources Monitoring database

## A4 Problem Definition/Background

In 1991, the Texas Legislature passed the Texas Clean River Act (Senate Bill 818) in response to growing concerns that water resource issues were not being pursued in an integrated, systematic manner. The act requires that ongoing water quality assessments be conducted for each river basin in Texas, an approach that integrates water quality issues within the watershed. The Clean Rivers Program (CRP) legislation mandates that each river authority (or local governing entity) shall submit quality-assured data collected in the river basin to the commission. Quality-assured data in the context of the legislation means data that comply with Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) rules for surface water quality monitoring (SWQM) programs, including rules governing the methods under which water samples are collected and analyzed and data from those samples are assessed and maintained. This QAPP addresses the program developed between the LCRA and the TCEQ to carry out the activities mandated by the legislation. The QAPP was developed and will be implemented in accordance with provisions of the TCEQ Quality Management Plan (QMP), Revision 30 or most recent version.

The purpose of this QAPP is to clearly delineate LCRA Quality Assurance (QA) policy, management structure, and procedures which will be used to implement the QA requirements necessary to verify and validate the surface water quality data collected. The QAPP is reviewed by the TCEQ to help ensure that data generated for the purposes described above are of known and documented quality and deemed acceptable for their intended use. This process will ensure that data collected under this QAPP and submitted to the Surface Water Quality Monitoring Information System (SWQMIS) have been collected and managed in a way that guarantees its reliability and therefore can be used in water quality assessments, total maximum daily load (TMDL) projects, water quality standards development, permit decisions, and other program activities deemed appropriate by the TCEQ. Project results will be used to support the achievement of CRP objectives, as contained in the *Guidance for Partners in the Texas Clean Rivers Program FY 2026–2027*.

Table A4.1 shows which analytes are typically collected by each monitoring entity. The groups are arranged similarly to Table A6 found in Appendix A. An “X” in the column indicates that the analyte is monitored by the entity shown. Evaluation of historic data has shown many concerns for nutrients (especially nitrates) and chlorophyll *a* throughout the basin due to land use, discharges, and inadequate mitigation practices. In addition, chloride and sulfate levels rise and fall in accordance with rainfall and water levels. It is important to continue to monitor these routine parameters as stakeholders implement solutions to these water quality issues to determine if water quality conditions improve within the basin. Currently 24 hour (hr) dissolved oxygen (DO) and metals in water sampling is being done to address on-going impairments in the basin.

**Table A4.1: Analyte Groups and Monitoring Entities**

Analyte Group and Analyte	LCRA	UCRA	COA	TV
<b>Field and Flow</b>				
Temperature	X	X	X	X
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	X	X	X	X
Dissolved Oxygen (% saturation)	X	X		X
Specific Conductance	X	X	X	X
pH	X	X	X	X
Secchi disk transparency	X	X	X	X
Reservoir stage	X	X		
Reservoir % full	X	X		
Present weather	X	X		X
Wind intensity	X	X		X
Days since significant precipitation	X	X	X	X
Stream flow	X	X	X	X
Flow severity	X	X	X	X
Turbidity	X	X		X
Flow estimate	X	X	X	X
Flow method	X	X	X	X
<b>Conventional</b>				

Total Suspended Solids	X		X	X
Ammonia	X		X	X
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	X	X	X	X
Nitrite plus Nitrate	X	X	X	X
Total Phosphorus	X	X	X	X
Orthophosphate	X		X	X
Chloride	X	X	X	X
Sulfate	X	X	X	X
Total Dissolved Solids (calculated)	X	X		X
Chlorophyll <i>a</i>	X	X	X	X
Alkalinity	X			X
Pheophytin	X	X		X
<b>Bacteria</b>				
<i>E. coli</i>	X	X	X	X
<i>E. coli</i> holding time	X	X	X	X
<i>Enterococcus</i>	X			
<b>24 hr Dissolved Oxygen</b>	X	X		
<b>Metals in Sediment</b>			X	
<b>Organics in Sediment</b>			X	
<b>Drought codes</b>	X	X		X
<b>Metals in Water</b>	X			
<b>Aquatic Habitat/Nekton/Benthics</b>	X	X		

## A5 Project/Task Description

The Lower Colorado River Authority will collect water samples from the Colorado River below O.H. Ivie Reservoir to its mouth, as well as all the major tributaries and reservoirs. Parameters collected will include field, flow, bacteria, 24 hr dissolved oxygen, metals in water, aquatic habitat, nekton, benthics, and conventional parameters. A total of 65 sites will be monitored with 62 Routine Monitoring (RT) sites and 3 additional sites only monitored for Aquatic Life Monitoring (ALM) Biased Season (BS), and 1 site monitored for 24 hr dissolved oxygen (BS). One site is monitored for both routine (TV) and ALM (LCRA). This site is not accounted for within the 62 routine sites. Routine (RT) sampling frequency at 50 locations will be six times per year, in order to maintain a consistent data set, to determine inter-seasonal variability and examine possible pollution impacts. Metals in water will be collected at one of these locations. Quarterly monitoring will occur at nine locations. These locations are mostly rural and have few sources of large impacts on water quality. Two locations on Lake Austin will be monitored 8 times a year. ALM data (aquatic habitat, nekton, benthic macroinvertebrate, 24 hr DO, field, and flow) will be collected at 3 stations twice per year. For each station, one sample will be collected in the non-critical index period while the second will be collected within the critical index period. Conventional and bacteria data will be collected alongside ALM data at 2 of these stations.

The Upper Colorado River Authority will collect water samples at sites in the Concho River and upper Colorado River watersheds, including tributaries and reservoirs. UCRA's monitoring program will include collection of 24 hr DO, field, flow, bacteria, conventional, aquatic habitat, nekton, and benthic macroinvertebrate data. ALM data (aquatic habitat, nekton, benthic macroinvertebrate, 24 hr DO, field, and flow) will be collected at 2 stations twice per year. For each station, one sample will be collected in the non-critical index period while the second will be collected within the critical index period. Routine conventional and bacteria data might be collected the same day as ALM. Diel data will be collected at an additional four sites. Three out of six diel sites are within Segment 1421 which has significant dissolved oxygen issues caused by urban runoff and lack of base flows. Quarterly routine (RT) sampling will occur at 43 sites throughout the upper basin. Six routine (RT) sites will be monitored twice per fiscal year. Bacteria will not be collected in segment 1412 due to the inability to meet the holding time for *Enterococcus* bacteria. UCRA sampling frequencies vary from quarterly to semiannually, based upon data needs and shared monitoring with the regional TCEQ offices.

City of Austin, an in-kind contributor of CRP data, will collect water samples at 15 routine sites in and around Austin. Field, flow, bacteria, metals/organics in sediment, and conventional parameters will be collected, analyzed, and reported for Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, and several tributaries to the Colorado River. Organics

in sediment, metals in sediment, and chlorophyll *a* will be collected from Lake Austin and Lady Bird Lake.

Travis County, an in-kind contributor of CRP data, will collect water samples at 15 routine sites in Travis County. Field, flow, bacteria, and conventional parameters will be collected at each site which will be sampled quarterly. Sites include tributaries to Lake Travis and Lake Austin in the western portion of Travis County along with tributaries to the Colorado River below Austin in the eastern portion of Travis County.

BIO-WEST is contracted by LCRA to provide a boat, seine, electrofishing backpack, and boat/barge electrofishing equipment for use during biological sampling conducted by LCRA. BIO-WEST staff members will accompany LCRA biologists during biological sampling and assist with nekton sampling, including identification and enumeration of fish species. All data for these events will be collected and handled by LCRA staff.

**Table A5.1: Summary of monitoring groups and frequencies.**

Frequency	Number of Sites										
	Field	Conv	Bacteria	Flow	24 hr DO	Metal Sed	Organic Sed	Metals Water	AqHab	Nekton	Benthics
LCRA – BS											
2	3	2	2	3	3	–	–	–	3	3	3
LCRA – RT											
4	9	9	9	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
6	50	49	50	31	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
8	2	2	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
UCRA – BS											
2	2	–	–	6	6	–	–	–	2	2	2
UCRA – RT											
2	6	6	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
4	43	43	30	35	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
COA – RT											
1	2	2	2	–	–	2	2	–	–	–	–
4	10	10	12	12	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
9	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
TV – RT											
4	15	15	15	15	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

See Appendix B for the project-related work plan tasks and schedule of deliverables for a description of work defined in this QAPP.

See Appendix B for sampling design and monitoring pertaining to this QAPP.

**Amendments to the QAPP**

Amendments to the QAPP may be necessary to address incorrectly documented information or to reflect changes in project organization, tasks, schedules, objectives, and methods. Requests for amendments will be directed from the LCRA Project Manager (PM) to the TCEQ CRP PM electronically. The LCRA will submit a completed QAPP amendment document, including a justification of the amendment, a table of changes, and all pages, sections, and attachments affected by the amendment. Amendments are effective immediately upon approval by the LCRA PM, the LCRA Quality Assurance Officer (QAO), the TCEQ CRP PM, the TCEQ CRP Lead Quality Assurance Specialist (QAS), the TCEQ CRP Project QAS, the TCEQ CRP Team Leader, the TCEQ Data Management and Analysis (DM&A) Team Leader, and any additional parties affected by the amendment. Amendments are not retroactive. No work shall be implemented without an approved QAPP or amendment

prior to the start of work. Any activities under this contract that commence prior to the approval of the governing QA document constitute a deficiency and are subject to corrective action as described in section C1 of this QAPP. Any deviation or deficiency from this QAPP which occurs after the execution of this QAPP will be addressed through a corrective action plan (CAP). An amendment may be a component of a CAP to prevent future recurrence of a deviation.

Amendments will be incorporated into the QAPP by way of attachment and distributed to personnel on the distribution list by the LCRA PM. If adherence letters are required, LCRA will secure an adherence letter from each sub-tier project participant (e.g., subcontractors, sub-participant, or other units of government) affected by the amendment stating the organization's awareness of and commitment to requirements contained in each amendment to the QAPP. The LCRA will maintain this documentation as part of the project's QA records and ensure that the documentation is available for review.

### **Special Project Appendices**

Projects requiring QAPP appendices will be planned in consultation with the LCRA, the TCEQ CRP PM, and TCEQ technical staff. Appendices will be written in an abbreviated format and will reference the LCRA QAPP where appropriate. Appendices will be approved by the LCRA Project Manager, the LCRA QAO, the Laboratory (as applicable), and the CRP Project Manager, the CRP Project QA Specialist, the CRP Lead QA Specialist, the TCEQ CRP PM, the TCEQ CRP Project QAS, the TCEQ Lead QAS, TCEQ CRP Team Leader, the TCEQ DM&A Team Leader, and additional parties affected by the appendix, as appropriate. Copies of approved QAPP appendices will be distributed by the LCRA to project participants before data collection activities commence. LCRA will secure written documentation from each sub-tier project participant (e.g., subcontractors, subparticipants, other units of government) stating the organization's awareness of and commitment to requirements contained in each special project appendix to the QAPP. LCRA will maintain this documentation as part of the project's QA records and ensure that the documentation is available for review.

## **A6 Quality Objectives and Criteria**

The purpose of routine water quality monitoring is to collect surface water quality data that can be used to characterize water quality conditions, identify significant long-term water quality trends, support water quality standards development, support the permitting process, and conduct water quality assessments in accordance with TCEQ's [Guidance for Assessing and Reporting Surface Water Quality in Texas, February 2024](https://www.tceq.texas.gov/downloads/water-quality/assessment/integrated-report-2024/2024-guidance.pdf) or most recent version (<https://www.tceq.texas.gov/downloads/water-quality/assessment/integrated-report-2024/2024-guidance.pdf>). These water quality data, and data collected by other organizations (e.g., United States Geological Survey [USGS], TCEQ, etc.), will be subsequently reconciled for use and assessed by the TCEQ.

The objective of 24-hour sampling is to determine if the designated Aquatic Life Use subcategories are being met for a site. Since the lowest dissolved oxygen levels usually occurs during the night and early morning (before daybreak) collecting the dissolved oxygen values during this time is the only way to determine if the Aquatic Life Use dissolved oxygen minimum criteria is being met. Conductivity, pH and temperature are also collected with the 24-hour dissolved oxygen and may assist in the interpretation of results.

Aquatic Life Monitoring (nekton and benthic macroinvertebrates) in conjunction with habitat assessments are used as a holistic approach to determine the health of the stream. Areas where water quality is good, with good habitats, should have diverse and abundant biological communities. Areas where water quality is poor should have biological communities that are primarily composed of pollution tolerant species and exhibit relatively low levels of biodiversity as well as a relative abundance of hybrids and diseased organisms. The purpose of biological sampling is to detect water quality pollutants that are not directly being tested for by the laboratory and field staff.

Metals in water will be performed to characterize the level of dissolved and total metals in the water column.

Systematic watershed monitoring is defined as sampling that is planned for a short duration (1 to 2 years), is designed to screen waters that would not normally be included in the routine monitoring (RT) program, investigates areas of potential concern, and investigates possible sources of water quality impairments or concerns. Due to the limitations regarding these data (e.g., not temporally representative, limited number of

samples, biological sampling does not meet the specimen vouchering requirements), the data will be used to determine whether any locations have values exceeding the TCEQ's water quality criteria and/or screening levels (or in some cases values elevated above normal). LCRA will use this information to determine future monitoring priorities. These water quality data and data collected by other organizations (e.g., USGS, TCEQ, etc.), will be subsequently reconciled for use and assessed by the TCEQ.

The measurement performance specifications to support the project purpose for a minimum data set are specified in Appendix A.

### **Ambient Water Reporting Limits (AWRLs)**

For surface water to be evaluated for compliance with Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (TSWQS) and screening levels, data must be reported at or below specified reporting limits. To ensure data are collected at or below these reporting limits, required ambient water reporting limits (AWRLs) have been established. A full listing of AWRLs can be found at

<https://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/waterquality/crp/QA/awrlmaster.pdf>.

The limit of quantitation (LOQ) is the minimum reporting limit, concentration, or quantity of a target variable (e.g., target analyte) that can be reported with a specified degree of confidence by the laboratory analyzing the sample. Analytical results shall be reported down to the laboratory's LOQ (i.e., the laboratory's LOQ for a given parameter is its reporting limit) as specified in Appendix A.

The following requirements must be met in order to report results to the CRP:

- The laboratory's LOQ for each analyte must be set at or below the AWRL. It is the responsibility of LCRA to ensure that any laboratories used to generate CRP data have satisfactory LOQs.
- Once the LOQ is established in the QAPP, that is the reporting limit for that parameter until such time as the laboratory amends the QAPP and lists an updated LOQ.
- The laboratory must demonstrate its ability to quantitate at its LOQ for each analyte by running an LOQ check sample for each analytical batch of CRP samples analyzed.
- Under reasonable circumstances (e.g., the use of a subcontracted lab), data may be reported above or below the LOQ stated in this QAPP, so long as the LOQ remains at or below the AWRL stated in this QAPP.
- Measurement performance specifications for LOQ check samples are found in Appendix A.

Laboratory Measurement Quality Control (QC) Requirements and Acceptability Criteria are provided in Section B4.

### **Precision**

Precision is the degree to which a set of observations or measurements of the same property, obtained under similar conditions, conform to themselves. It is a measure of agreement among replicate measurements of the same property, under prescribed similar conditions, and is an indication of random error.

Laboratory precision is assessed by comparing replicate analyses of laboratory control samples (LCS) in the sample matrix (e.g., deionized water, sand, commercially available tissue), matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate (MS/MSD), or sample/duplicate (DUP) pairs, as applicable. Precision results are compared against measurement performance specifications and used during evaluation of analytical performance. Program-defined measurement performance specifications for precision are defined in Appendix A.

### **Bias**

Bias is the systematic or persistent distortion of a measurement process, which causes errors in one direction (i.e., the expected sample measurement is different from the sample's true value). Bias is a statistical measurement of correctness and includes multiple components of systematic error. Bias is determined through the analysis of LCS and LOQ check samples prepared with verified and known amounts of all target analytes in the sample matrix (e.g., deionized water, sand, commercially available tissue) and by calculating percent

recovery. Results are compared against measurement performance specifications and used during evaluation of analytical performance. Program-defined measurement performance specifications for bias are specified in Appendix A.

### **Representativeness**

Site selection, the appropriate sampling regime, comparable monitoring and collection methods, and use of only approved analytical methods will assure that the measurement data represents the conditions at the site. Routine data collected under CRP are considered to be spatially and temporally representative of ambient water quality conditions. Water quality data are collected on a routine frequency and are separated by approximately even time intervals. At a minimum, samples are collected over at least two seasons (to include inter-seasonal variation) and over two years (to include inter-year variation) and include some data collected during an index period (March 15–October 15). Although data may be collected during varying regimes of weather and flow, the data sets will not be biased toward unusual conditions of flow, runoff, or season. The goal for meeting maximum representation of the water body will be tempered by funding availability.

### **Comparability**

Confidence in the comparability of routine data sets for this project and for water quality assessments is based on the commitment of project staff to use only approved sampling and analysis methods and QA/QC protocols in accordance with quality system requirements as described in this QAPP and in TCEQ guidance. Comparability is also guaranteed by reporting data in standard units, by using accepted rules for rounding figures, and by reporting data in a standard format as specified in the Data Management Plan in Section B7.

### **Completeness**

The completeness of the data describes how much of the data are available for use compared to the total potential data. Ideally, 100% of the data should be available. However, the possibility of unavailable data due to accidents, insufficient sample volume, broken or lost samples, etc. is to be expected. Therefore, it will be a general goal of the project(s) that 90% data completion is achieved.

## **A7 Distribution List**

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality**  
**P.O. Box 13087**  
**Austin, Texas 78711-3087**

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**LCRA Environmental Laboratory Services  
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**BIO-WEST, Inc.**  
**1812 Central Commerce Court**  
**Round Rock, Texas 78664**

Brad Littrell, BIO-WEST Project Manager, Aquatic  
Ecologist, & Field Staff  
(512) 392-6548  
blittrell@BIO-WEST.com

The TCEQ CRP PM will provide the approved QAPP and any amendments and appendices to TCEQ staff listed in A7 and LCRA. LCRA will provide copies of this project plan and any amendments or appendices of this plan to each person on this list and to each sub-tier project participant (e.g., subcontractors, subparticipants, or other units of government). LCRA will document distribution of the plan and any amendments and appendices, maintain this documentation as part of the project's quality assurance records, and ensure the documentation is available for review.

## **A8 Project/Task Organization**

### **Description of Responsibilities**

#### ***TCEQ***

##### ***Jason Godeaux***

##### ***Manager, Monitoring and Assessment Section***

Responsible for oversight of the implementation of CRP QAPPs, directs the day-to-day management of the section.

##### ***Sarah Whitley***

##### ***Team Leader, Water Quality Standards and Clean Rivers Program***

Responsible for TCEQ activities supporting the development and implementation of the Texas CRP. Responsible for verifying that the TCEQ QMP is followed by TCEQ CRP staff. Supervises TCEQ CRP staff. Reviews and responds to any deficiencies, corrective actions, or findings related to the area of responsibility. Oversees the development of QA guidance for the CRP. Reviews and approves all QA audits, corrective actions, reports, work plans, contracts, QAPPs, and TCEQ QMP. Enforces corrective action, as required, where QA protocols are not met. Ensures CRP personnel are fully trained.

##### ***Sunshyne Hendrix***

##### ***CRP Project Quality Assurance Specialist***

Serves as liaison between CRP management and TCEQ QA management. Participates in the development, approval, implementation, and maintenance of written QA standards (e.g., Program Guidance, SOPs, QAPPs, QMP). Serves on planning team for CRP special projects. Reviews and approves CRP QAPPs in coordination with other CRP staff. Coordinates documentation and monitors implementation of corrective actions for the CRP.

##### ***Kiran Freeman***

##### ***CRP Project Manager***

Responsible for the development, implementation, and maintenance of CRP contracts. Tracks, reviews, and approves deliverables. Participates in the development, approval, implementation, and maintenance of written QA standards (e.g., Program Guidance, SOPs, QAPPs, QMP). Coordinates the review and approval of CRP QAPPs in coordination with the TCEQ CRP Project QAS. Ensures maintenance of QAPPs. Assists TCEQ CRP Lead QAS in conducting Basin Planning Agency audits. Verifies QAPPs are being followed by contractors and

that projects are producing data of known quality. Coordinates project planning with the Basin Planning Agency PM. Reviews and approves data and reports produced by contractors. Notifies TCEQ CRP QA Specialists of circumstances that may adversely affect the quality of data derived from the collection and analysis of samples. Develops, enforces, and monitors corrective action measures to ensure contractors meet deadlines and scheduled commitments.

***Cathy Anderson***

***Team Leader, Data Management and Analysis Team***

Participates in the development, approval, implementation, and maintenance of written QA standards (e.g., Program Guidance, SOPs, QAPPs, QMP). Ensures DM&A staff perform data management-related tasks.

***Scott Delgado***

***CRP Data Manager, Data Management and Analysis Team***

Responsible for coordination and tracking of CRP data sets from initial submittal through TCEQ CRP PM review and approval. Ensures that data are reported following instructions in the Data Management Reference Guide (DMRG), July 2019 or most current version. Runs automated data validation checks in SWQMIS and coordinates data verification and error correction with TCEQ CRP PMs. Generates SWQMIS summary reports to assist CRP PMs' data review. Identifies data anomalies and inconsistencies. Provides training and guidance to CRP and planning agencies on technical data issues to ensure that data are submitted according to documented procedures. Reviews QAPPs for valid stream monitoring stations. Checks validity of parameter codes, submitting entity (SE) code(s), collecting entity (CE) code(s), and monitoring type (MT) code(s). Develops and maintains data management-related SOPs for CRP data management. Coordinates and processes data correction requests. Participates in the development, implementation, and maintenance of written QA standards (e.g., Program Guidance, SOPs, QAPPs, QMP).

***D. Jody Koehler***

***TCEQ Quality Assurance Manager***

Responsible for coordinating development and implementation of TCEQ's QA program. Provides oversight and guidance for TCEQ's QA program. Responsible for the development and maintenance of the TCEQ QMP. TCEQ's QA Manager, or designated QA staff in the Laboratory and Quality Assurance Section of the Air Monitoring Division, is responsible for review and approval of program/project QAPPs to ensure QAPPs conform to applicable requirements as detailed in TCEQ's QMP.

***Loren Walker***

***CRP Lead Quality Assurance Specialist***

Participates in the development, approval, implementation, and maintenance of written QA standards (e.g., Program Guidance, SOPs, QAPPs, QMP). Assists program manager and TCEQ CRP Project QAS in developing and implementing the quality system. Reviews and approves CRP QAPPs, QAPP amendments, and QAPP special appendices. Prepares and distributes annual audit plans. Conducts monitoring systems audits of planning agencies. Concurs with corrective actions. Conveys QA problems to appropriate management. Recommends that work be stopped in order to safeguard programmatic objectives, worker safety, public health, or environmental protection. Ensures maintenance of audit records for the CRP.

***Lower Colorado River Authority***

***Zoe Nichols***

***LCRA Project Manager***

Responsible for implementing and monitoring CRP requirements in contracts, QAPPs, and QAPP amendments and appendices. Ensures that LCRA biologists collect Aquatic Life Monitoring samples according to methods specified in the QAPP and the latest edition of the SWQM Procedures. Coordinates basin planning activities and work of basin partners. Ensures monitoring systems audits are conducted to ensure QAPPs are followed by LCRA participants and that projects are producing data of known quality. Ensures that subparticipants are qualified to perform contracted work. Ensures TCEQ CRP PM and/or QA Specialists are notified of deficiencies and corrective actions, and that issues are resolved. Responsible for validating that data collected are acceptable

for reporting to the TCEQ.

### ***Lucas Graunke***

#### ***LCRA Quality Assurance Officer & Data Manager***

Responsible for coordinating the implementation of the QA program. Responsible for writing and maintaining the QAPP and monitoring its implementation. Responsible for maintaining records of QAPP distribution, including appendices and amendments. Responsible for maintaining written records of sub-tier commitment to requirements specified in this QAPP. Responsible for identifying, receiving, and maintaining project QA records. Responsible for coordinating with the TCEQ CRP PM to resolve QA-related issues. Notifies the LCRA PM of particular circumstances that may adversely affect the quality of data. Coordinates and monitors deficiencies and corrective action. Coordinates and maintains records of data verification and validation. Coordinates the research and review of technical QA material and data related to water quality monitoring system design and analytical techniques. Conducts monitoring systems audits on project participants to determine compliance with project and program specifications, issues written reports, and follows through on findings. Ensures that field staff is properly trained and that training records are maintained.

In addition, responsible for ensuring that field data are properly reviewed and verified. Responsible for the transfer of basin quality-assured water quality data to the TCEQ in a format compatible with SWQMIS. Maintains quality-assured data on LCRA internet sites.

### ***LCRA Biologists***

Responsible for collection, identification, and enumeration of Aquatic Life Monitoring samples according to methods specified in the QAPP and the latest edition of the SWQM Procedures. Compilation of biological data and creation of fish vouchers, habitat photo documentation, and Aquatic Life Monitoring checklist as part of the TCEQ package deliverable for biological data. Responsible for collecting water quality (conventionals, bacteria, flow, and field) data in accordance with the latest edition of SWQM procedures during biological sampling events.

### ***Upper Colorado River Authority***

#### ***Scott McWilliams***

##### ***UCRA QA Officer and Field Staff***

Responsible for implementing the CRP requirements in the contract and in the QAPP. Ensures that UCRA staff are qualified to perform CRP activities and that they receive necessary and required training. Ensures that UCRA participates in monitoring system and fiscal audits as required. Responsible for overall quality control and quality assurance of samples, analytical results and data for samples collected by UCRA. Performs monitoring as specified in the latest edition of SWQM Procedures.

### ***Lexi Woods***

#### ***UCRA Project Manager, Data Manager, and Field Staff***

Responsible for the compilation and transmittal of QAPP-listed UCRA data and data review checklist to Lower Colorado River Authority. Responsible for verifying and validating data. Ensure that only acceptable data, as specified in the QAPP, are reported to the Lower Colorado River Authority. Responsible for corrective action communication with the Lower Colorado River Authority QAO. Performs monitoring as specified in the latest edition of SWQM Procedures.

### ***City of Austin***

#### ***Andrew Clamann***

##### ***COA Project Manager, QA Officer, and Field Coordinator***

Responsible for overall performance, administration and management of COA's project participation. Responsible for field team activities and that field teams receive necessary training. Responsible for overall quality control and quality assurance of samples and analytical results of the samples collected by COA.

Responsible for verifying and validating data. Ensures that only acceptable data, as specified in the QAPP, are reported to the Lower Colorado River Authority. Responsible for documenting corrective actions, coordinating audit and QA activities, and responding to audit reviews by Lower Colorado River Authority. Coordinates activities with City of Austin field staff, LCRA PM, LCRA DM/QAO and DHL laboratory staff. Ensures that training records are maintained. Coordinates field activities.

### ***Travis County***

#### ***Kiersten Ivy***

##### ***TV Project Manager, QA Officer, and Field Coordinator***

Responsible for overall performance, administration, and management of Travis County's project participation. Responsible for field team activities and that field teams receive necessary training. Responsible for overall quality control and quality assurance of samples and analytical results of the samples collected by Travis County. Responsible for verifying and validating data. Ensures that only acceptable data, as specified in the QAPP, are reported to the Lower Colorado River Authority. Responsible for documenting corrective actions, coordinating audit and QA activities, and responding to audit reviews by Lower Colorado River Authority. Coordinates activities with Travis County field staff, LCRA PM, LCRA DM/QAO and ELS laboratory staff. Ensures that training records are maintained. Coordinates field activities.

#### ***Ryan Petr***

##### ***TV Field Staff***

Responsible for the collection of Travis County water quality data in accordance with the latest edition of the SWQM Procedures.

### ***Environmental Laboratory Services***

#### ***Dale Jurecka***

##### ***ELS Laboratory Manager***

Responsible for the overall performance, administration, and reporting of analyses performed by Lower Colorado River Authority's ELS. Responsible for supervision of laboratory and field personnel involved in generating analytical data for the project. Ensures that laboratory and field personnel have adequate training and a thorough knowledge of the QAPP and related SOPs. Responsible for oversight of all laboratory operations ensuring that all QA/QC requirements are met, documentation is complete and adequately maintained, and results are reported accurately.

#### ***Angel Mata***

##### ***ELS Laboratory Quality Assurance Officer***

Responsible for the overall quality control and quality assurance of analyses performed by Lower Colorado River Authority's ELS. Monitors the implementation of the QM/QAPP within the laboratory to ensure complete compliance with QA data quality objectives, as defined by the contract and in the QAPP. Conducts in-house audits to ensure compliance with written SOPs and to identify potential problems. Responsible for supervising and verifying all aspects of the QA/QC in the laboratory.

#### ***Jason Woods***

##### ***ELS Project Manager, Field Team Services Lead, and Account Manager***

Responsible for analyses performed by Lower Colorado River Authority ELS for LCRA and UCRA's portions of this project. Responsible for project set up in Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS). Responsible for laboratory and field staff corrective action communication with the Lower Colorado River Authority QAO. Makes ELS data available to the Lower Colorado River Authority Data Manager (DM). Notifies Lower Colorado River Authority and UCRA of laboratory analysis issues that may invalidate data. Responsible for coordination of the field team monitoring efforts. Ensures that samples are collected according to methods specified in the QAPP and the latest edition of the SWQM Procedures. Ensures that training records for ELS staff are created and maintained.

**Colt Petri**  
**ELS Field Staff**

Responsible for the collection of LCRA water quality data in accordance with the latest edition of the SWQM Procedures. Compilation and transmittal of QAPP-listed LCRA field data to LIMS.

**Kelly Kukowski**  
**ELS Project Manager**

Responsible for implementing and monitoring CRP requirements in contracts, QAPPs, and QAPP amendments and appendices. Responsible for project set up in LIMS and ensuring internal monitoring systems audits are conducted to ensure that LCRA Environmental Laboratory Services is producing data of known quality. Ensures CRP project managers and/or QA Specialists are notified of deficiencies and corrective actions, and that issues are resolved. Responsible for validating that data collected are acceptable for reporting to customer or to the TCEQ.

**Ariana Dean**  
**ELS Project Manager**

Responsible for implementing and monitoring CRP requirements in contracts, QAPPs, and QAPP amendments and appendices. Responsible for project set up in LIMS and ensuring internal monitoring systems audits are conducted to ensure that LCRA Environmental Laboratory Services is producing data of known quality. Ensures CRP project managers and/or QA Specialists are notified of deficiencies and corrective actions, and that issues are resolved. Responsible for validating that data collected are acceptable for reporting to customer or to the TCEQ.

**DHL Analytical**

**Karyn Lane**  
**DHL Laboratory Manager**

Responsible for overall performance, administration, and reporting of analyses performed by DHL Analytical Laboratory. Responsible for supervision of laboratory personnel involved in generating analytical data for the project. Ensures that laboratory personnel have adequate training and a thorough knowledge of this QAPP and related SOPs. Responsible for oversight of all laboratory operations ensuring that all QA/QC requirements are met, documentation is complete and adequately maintained, and results are reported accurately. Additionally, the general manager will review and verify all field and laboratory data for integrity and continuity, reasonableness and conformance to project requirements, and then validated against the data quality objectives listed in Appendix A of this QAPP.

**Sherrri Herschmann**  
**DHL Laboratory Quality Assurance Manager**

Maintains operating procedures that are in compliance with this QAPP.

**BIO-WEST**

**Brad Littrell**  
**BIO-WEST Project Manager, Aquatic Ecologist, & Field Staff**

Responsible for overall performance, administration and management of BIO-WEST's project participation. Project management tasks include coordinating and scheduling field visits with LCRA, contract management and invoicing between BIO-WEST and LCRA from BIO-WEST's perspective, and keeping a maintenance log of all equipment supplied by BIO-WEST for biological sampling. Ensures that the field equipment and boat supplied by BIO-WEST for biological sampling is in good condition prior to each sampling event. Responsible for assisting LCRA in biological sampling. Not responsible for handling any data collected for this project.

## **A9 Project QAM Independence**

TCEQ uses a semi-decentralized QA program, which is organizationally independent of operational programs and activities within the agency. TCEQ's QA program has sufficient access and authority to coordinate the development and implementation of the agency's quality system.

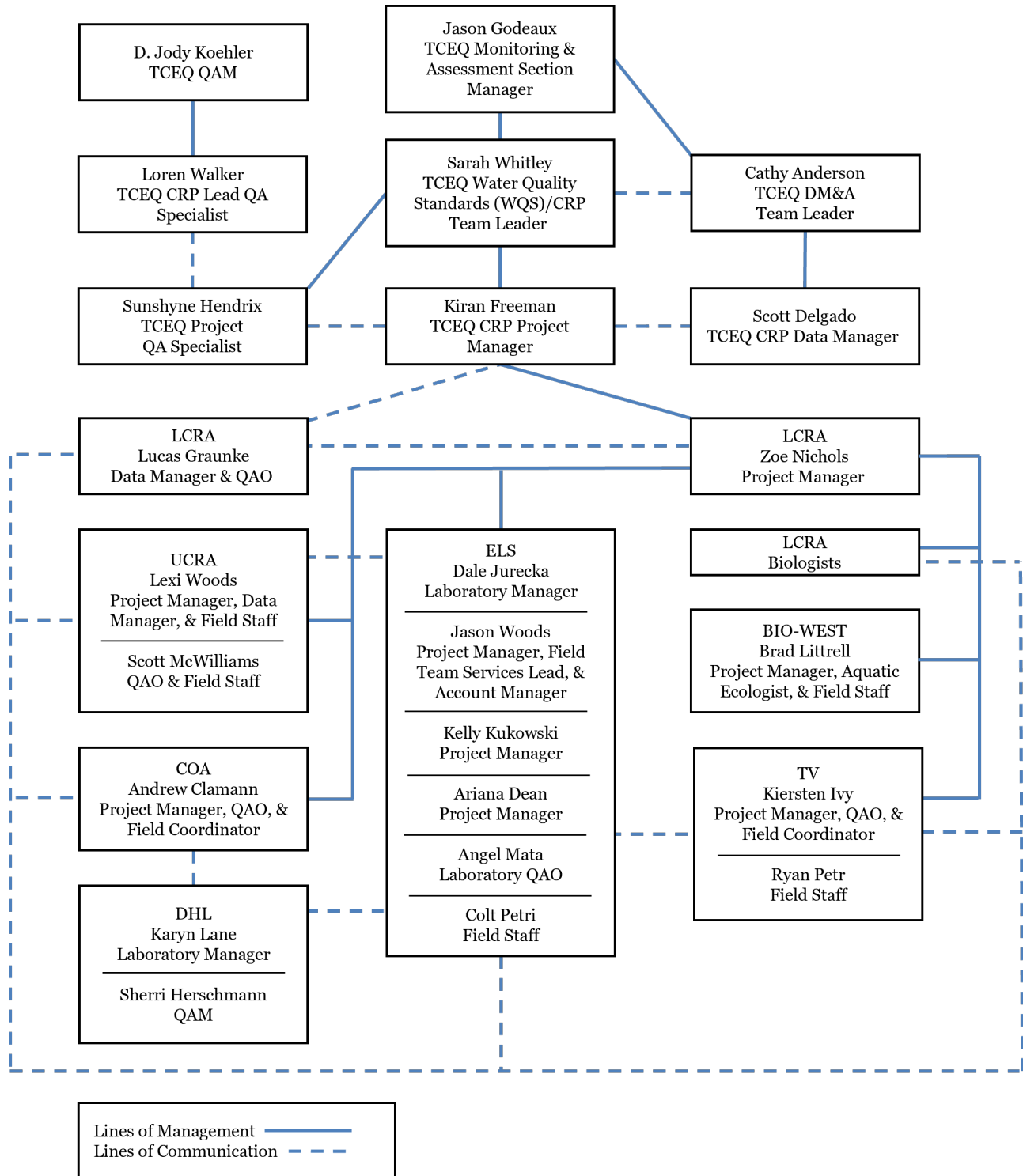
The TCEQ QA Manager (QAM) and designated TCEQ QA staff from the Laboratory and Quality Assurance Section within the Air Monitoring Division of the Office of Air are independent of activities performed by CRP. No CRP staff have authority to sign QAPPs, amendments, or appendices on behalf of TCEQ's QAM or the Lead CRP QAS. Similarly, TCEQ's QAM and the Lead CRP QAS cannot sign QAPPs, amendments or appendices on behalf of CRP staff.

Roles of project QA staff are described in Section A8. An illustration of QA independence and lines of communication and supervision for this project are detailed in the project organization chart in A10. Communication for deficiencies and corrective actions are described in Section C1.

# A10 Project Organizational Chart and Communication

## Project Organization Chart

Figure A10.1. Organization Chart with Lines of Communication



## A11 Special Training/Certification

Before new field personnel independently conduct field work, Jason Woods (ELS Field Team Services Leader), Andrew Clamann (COA Project Manager), Lexi Woods (UCRA Project Manager), or Kiersten Ivy (TV Project Manager) trains them in proper instrument calibration, field sampling techniques, and field analysis procedures. Lucas Graunke (LCRA QAO) (or designee) will document the successful field demonstration. Lucas Graunke (LCRA QAO) (or designee) will retain documentation of training and the successful field demonstration in the employee’s personnel file (or other designated location) and ensure that the documentation will be available during monitoring systems audits.

The requirements for obtaining certified positional data using a global positioning system (GPS) are located in Section B7, Data Management.

Contractors and subcontractors must ensure that laboratories analyzing samples under this QAPP meet the requirements contained in The National Environmental Laboratories Accreditation Conference (NELAC) Institute Standard (2016) Volume 1, Module 2, Section 4.5 (concerning Subcontracting of Environmental Tests).

## A12 Documents and Records

The documents and records that describe, specify, report, or certify activities are listed. The list below is limited to documents and records that may be requested for review during a monitoring systems audit.

**Table A12.1 Project Documents and Records**

Document/Record	Location	Retention (yrs)	Format
QAPPs, amendments and appendices	LCRA	5 years	Electronic
Field SOPs	LCRA	5 years	Electronic/Paper
Laboratory Quality Manuals	LCRA/ELS/DHL	5 years	Electronic
Laboratory SOPs	LCRA/ELS/DHL	5 years	Electronic
QAPP distribution documentation	LCRA	5 years	Electronic
Field staff training records	LCRA/UCRA/COA/TV	5 years	Electronic/Paper
Field equipment calibration/maintenance logs	ELS/UCRA/COA/BIO-WEST/TV	5 years	Electronic/Paper
Field instrument printouts	ELS/UCRA/COA/TV	5 years	Electronic
Field notebooks or data sheets	LCRA/UCRA/ELS/TV	5 years	Electronic/Paper
Chain of custody records	LCRA/UCRA/COA/ELS/TV	5 years	Electronic
Laboratory calibration records	ELS/DHL	5 years	Electronic
Laboratory instrument printouts	ELS/DHL	5 years	Electronic
Laboratory data reports/results	LCRA/ELS/DHL	5 years	Electronic
Laboratory equipment maintenance logs	ELS/DHL	5 years	Electronic
Corrective Action Documentation	LCRA/UCRA/COA/ELS/DHL/TV	5 years	Electronic

### Laboratory Test Reports

Test/data reports from the laboratory must document the test results clearly and accurately. Routine data reports should be consistent with the TNI Standard (2016), Volume 1, Module 2, Section 5.10 and include the information necessary for the interpretation and validation of data. The requirements for reporting data and the procedures are provided.

Laboratory Test Reports generated by ELS and DHL contain the following elements:

- Sample results
- Units of measurement
- Sample matrix
- Dry weight or wet weight (as applicable)
- Station information
- Date and time of collection
- Sample depth (as applicable)
- *E. coli* analysis time so that holding time can be calculated and reported to TCEQ
- LOQ and limit of detection (LOD) (formerly referred to as the reporting limit and the method detection limit, respectively) and qualification of results outside the working range (if applicable). LCRA receives data down to the LOD but censors data to the LOQ for reporting to CRP. The Reporting Limit may also be used and will be defined as LOQ or LOD by DHL Analytical.
- Certification of NELAP compliance.

### **Electronic Data**

Data will be submitted electronically to the TCEQ in the Event/Result file format described in the most current version of the [DMRG](https://www.tceq.texas.gov/waterquality/data-management/dmrg_index.html), which can be found at [https://www.tceq.texas.gov/waterquality/data-management/dmrg\\_index.html](https://www.tceq.texas.gov/waterquality/data-management/dmrg_index.html). A completed Data Review Checklist and Data Summary (see Appendix F) will be included with each data submittal.

ELS, UCRA, and TV will provide data electronically to the LCRA Data Manager through the use of Microsoft Excel spreadsheets for field parameters. ELS will host text files and portable format documents within its LIMS system which shall be available to download for the LCRA Data Manager and appropriate sub-participant. The COA will provide data in a text files format similar to the result/event file format. Lower Colorado River Authority will submit all acceptable LCRA and sub-participant data, Data Review Checklists and Data Summary Reports to TCEQ.

## B1 Sampling Process Design

See Appendix B for sampling process design information and monitoring tables associated with data collected under this QAPP.

## B2 Sampling Methods

### Field Sampling Procedures

Field sampling will be conducted in accordance with the latest versions of the *TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012* (RG-415) and *Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014* (RG-416), collectively referred to as “SWQM Procedures.” Updates to SWQM Procedures are posted to the Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures website ([https://www.tceq.texas.gov/waterquality/monitoring/swqm\\_guides.html](https://www.tceq.texas.gov/waterquality/monitoring/swqm_guides.html)), and shall be incorporated into the LCRA, UCRA, TV, and COA’s procedures, QAPP, SOPs, etc., within 60 days of any final published update. Additional aspects outlined in Section B below reflect specific requirements for sampling under CRP and/or provide additional clarification.

**Table B2.1 Sample Storage, Preservation, and Handling Requirements**

Parameter	Matrix	Container	Preservation	Sample Volume	Holding Time	
TSS	Water	Polyethylene/Polypropylene or Glass	Ice, <6°C not frozen	1000 mL	7 days	
Sulfate				250 mL	28 days	
Chloride				100 mL	28 days	
Alkalinity, total				200 mL	14 days	
Orthophosphate*				250 mL	48 hours	
Ammonia-N			H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> , pH < 2; Ice, <6°C not frozen	250 mL	28 days	
Kjeldahl-N				500 mL	28 days	
Nitrate + Nitrite-N				250 mL	28 days	
Phosphorus, total			Amber Polyethylene/Polypropylene	Dark, <6°C not frozen before filtration	100 mL	28 days
Chlorophyll-a					250 mL	48 hours, 24 days after filtration if frozen
Pheophytin-a		500 mL				
<i>E. coli</i>		Sterile, Polyethylene	Sodium thiosulfate; Ice, <6°C not frozen	120 mL	8 hours**	
Enterococci						
Metals in sediment	Sediment	Glass w/Teflon-lined lid	Dark, Ice, <6°C not frozen	1000 mL	180 days	
Organics/ Pesticides					14 days after extraction	
Mercury					28 days	
Dissolved metals in water	Water	Polyethylene/Polypropylene pre-cleaned w/HNO <sub>3</sub>	1:1 HNO <sub>3</sub> /H <sub>2</sub> O; Ice, <6°C not frozen, filtered in field within 15 minutes of sample collection	250 mL	6 months	
Nekton	NA	Glass Bottle	10% Formalin	NA	NA (Samples kept for 5 years after processing)	
Benthic Macroinvertebrates	NA	Glass Bottle	95% Ethanol	NA	NA (Samples kept	

					for 5 years after processing)
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\*Orthophosphate samples receive different TCEQ Parameter Codes depending on when the samples are filtered. If filtered in the field and less than 15 minutes from sample collection, the TCEQ Parameter Code of 00671 will be assigned to the sample. If filtered after 15 minutes from sample collection, the TCEQ Parameter Code of 70507 will be assigned to the sample.

\*\**Escherichia coli* samples should always be processed as soon as possible and incubated no later than 8 hours from time of collection. When transport conditions necessitate sample incubation after 8 hours from time of collection, the holding time may be extended and samples must be processed as soon as possible and within 30 hours.

### Sample Containers

Certificates from sample container manufacturers are maintained by ELS and DHL. ELS supplies LCRA, UCRA, and TV with new, pre-cleaned containers for water quality monitoring. DHL provides sample containers to COA for water and sediment sample collection. Sample containers are not reused but are properly disposed of after use. Sample containers used for conventional parameters are purchased pre-cleaned and are disposable.

- Bacteriological sample containers are the 120 and 290 mL bottles from IDEXX and contain 1% sodium thiosulfate to neutralize residual chlorine up to 15 mg/l.
- Brown polyethylene bottles are used for chlorophyll *a* sampling.
- Sample containers for metals are new, certified glass or plastic bottles. In addition, materials for collecting metals in water are stored and transported in dust-free containers, such as plastic bags.
- Sample containers for organics are purchased pre-cleaned and certified for organic constituents. ELS and DHL maintain certificates of analysis for organic and metals for sample containers.
- Sample containers may contain preservatives added by laboratory staff prior to sample collection.

### Processes to Prevent Contamination

SWQM Procedures outline the necessary steps to prevent contamination of samples, including: direct collection into sample containers, when possible; use of certified containers for organics; and clean sampling techniques for metals. Field QC samples (identified in Section B4) are collected to verify that contamination has not occurred.

### Documentation of Field Sampling Activities

Field sampling activities for COA and biological sampling activities for LCRA are documented on electronic field data forms while ELS, UCRA, and TV use field sheet templates for flow measurements and a waterproof field book for recording field notes and secchi depths (see Appendix D for a copy of these forms/templates). Flow worksheets and records of bacteriological analyses (if applicable) are part of the field data record. The following will be recorded for all visits:

- Station ID
- Sampling Date
- Location
- Sampling Depth
- Sampling Time
- Sample Collector's name
- Values for all field parameters collected

Additional notes containing detailed observational data not captured by field parameters may include:

- Water appearance

- Weather
- Biological activity
- Unusual odors
- Pertinent observations related to water quality or stream uses
- Watershed or instream activities
- Specific sample information
- Missing parameters

### **Recording Data**

For the purposes of this section and subsequent sections, all field and laboratory personnel follow the basic rules for recording information as documented below:

- Write legibly, in indelible ink.
- Make changes by crossing out original entries with a single line strike-out, entering the changes, and initialing and dating the corrections.
- Close-out incomplete pages with an initialed and dated diagonal line.
- Exceptions to this include electronic field data collection conducted by the City of Austin (COA) and field data collection related to biological events conducted by LCRA. Data are entered into electronic forms as shown in Appendix D. The COA field collection application contains boundary conditions upon entry to help field staff maintain high confidence that they are entering data correctly. The data are stored in the Cloud and are mirrored on an in-house server. From there the data is programmatically inserted into the COA ORACLE database and delivered to LCRA in the event/result file format described in the DMRG. Changes from the in-house application server to the ORACLE database are tracked via a series of auto-archived log files. The LCRA field and biological application is a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet designed for biological data entry. Data is stored locally on a Dell Latitude 7230 Rugged Extreme tablet until it is uploaded to the LCRA water quality database upon returning from the field.

### **Sampling Method Requirements or Sampling Process Design Deficiencies, and Corrective Action**

Examples of sampling method requirements or sample design deficiencies include but are not limited to such things as inadequate sample volume due to spillage or container leaks, failure to preserve samples appropriately, contamination of a sample bottle during collection, storage temperature and holding time exceedance, sampling at the wrong site, etc. Any deviations from the QAPP, SWQM Procedures, or appropriate sampling procedures may invalidate data and require documented corrective action. Corrective action may include for samples to be discarded and re-collected. It is the responsibility of the LCRA PM, in consultation with the LCRA QAO, to ensure that the actions and resolutions to the problems are documented and that records are maintained in accordance with this QAPP. In addition, these actions and resolutions will be conveyed to the TCEQ CRP PM both verbally and in writing in the project progress reports and by completion of a CAP.

The definition of and process for handling deficiencies and corrective action are defined in Section C1.

## **Analytical Methods**

The analytical methods, associated matrices, and performing laboratories are listed in Appendix A. The authority for analysis methodologies under CRP is derived from the Texas Administrative Code (TAC), Title 30, Chapter 307, in that data generally are generated for comparison to those standards and/or criteria. The TSWQS state “procedures for laboratory analysis must be in accordance with the most recently published edition of the book entitled Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, the TCEQ SWQM Procedures as amended, 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 136, or other reliable procedures acceptable to the TCEQ, and in accordance with chapter 25 of this title.”

Laboratories collecting data under this QAPP must be accredited by the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (NELAP) in accordance with TAC, Title 30, Chapter 25. Copies of laboratory quality manuals (QMs) and SOPs shall be made available for review by the TCEQ.

## Standards Traceability

All standards used in the field and laboratory are traceable to certified reference materials. Standards preparation is fully documented and maintained in a standards logbook. Each documentation includes information concerning the standard identification, starting materials, including concentration, amount used and lot number; date prepared, expiration date and preparer's initials/signature. The reagent bottle is labeled in a way that will trace the reagent back to preparation.

## Analytical Method Deficiencies and Corrective Actions

Deficiencies in field and laboratory measurement systems involve, but are not limited to such things as instrument malfunctions, failures in calibration, blank contamination, quality control samples outside QAPP-defined limits, etc. In many cases, the field technician or lab analyst will be able to correct the problem. If the problem is resolvable by the field technician or lab analyst, then they will document the problem on the field data sheet or laboratory record and complete the analysis. If the problem is not resolvable, then it is conveyed to the applicable supervisor, who will make the determination and notify the LCRA QAO if the problem compromises sample results. If the analytical system failure may compromise the sample results, the resulting data will not be reported to the TCEQ. The nature and disposition of the problem is reported on the data report which is sent to the LCRA PM. If a CAP is necessary (Figure C1.1), the LCRA QAO will submit the CAP to the TCEQ CRP PM in a timely manner for review. Additionally, the LCRA PM will summarize the CAP in the associated progress report submitted to the TCEQ CRP PM.

The definition of and process for handling deficiencies and corrective action are explained in detail in Section C1.

The TCEQ has determined that analyses associated with qualifier codes (e.g., "holding time exceedance," "sample received unpreserved," "estimated value") may have unacceptable measurement uncertainty associated with them. This will immediately disqualify analyses from submittal to SWQMIS. Therefore, data with these types of problems should not be reported to the TCEQ. Additionally, any data collected or analyzed by means other than those stated in the QAPP, or data suspect for any reason should not be submitted for loading and storage in SWQMIS. However, when data is lost, its absence will be described in the data summary report submitted with the corresponding data set, and a CAP (as described in Section C1) may be necessary.

## Acquired Data

Non-directly measured data, secondary data, or acquired data involves the use of data collected under another project and collected with a different intended use than this project. The acquired data still meets the quality requirements of this project and is defined below. The following data source(s) will be used for this project:

USGS gage station data will be used throughout this project to aid in determining gage height and flow. Rigorous QA checks are completed on gage data by the USGS and the data are approved by the USGS and permanently stored at the USGS. This data will be submitted to the TCEQ under parameter code 00061 (instantaneous flow) or parameter code 74069 (flow estimate) depending on the proximity of the monitoring station to the USGS gage station.

Reservoir stage data are collected every day from the USGS, International Boundary and Water Commission (IBWC), and the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) websites. These data are preliminary and subject to revision. The Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) derives reservoir storage (in acre-feet) from these stage data (elevation in feet above mean sea level), by using the latest rating curve datasets available. These data are published at the TWDB website at <http://waterdatafortexas.org/reservoirs/statewide>. Information about measurement methodology can be found on the TWDB website. These data will be submitted to the TCEQ under parameter code 00052 (reservoir stage) and parameter code 00053 (reservoir percent full).

For UCRA monitoring, the National Weather Service – Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service (<https://water.weather.gov/precip/>) in San Angelo is used to obtain antecedent rainfall data.

The City of Austin receives high resolution hourly rainfall data by site, subwatershed, and watershed accumulation through a contract with Vieux Inc. using the RainVieux application. Data is readily available for

any time period through query in RainVieux for City of Austin staff. In addition, the City of Austin's flood early warning system has rain gauges in all of the monitored watersheds and the data is maintained in perpetuity. All data is available upon request from the City of Austin representative of record.

The Lower Colorado River Authority obtains antecedent rainfall for its extensive network of precipitation gages throughout the basin. Data is accessible at <http://hydromet.lcra.org>. Similar to LCRA, TV obtains antecedent rainfall data from the LCRA Hydromet gages.

## **B3 Sample Handling and Custody**

### **Sample Tracking**

Proper sample handling and custody procedures ensure the custody and integrity of samples beginning at the time of sampling and continuing through transport, sample receipt, preparation, and analysis.

A sample is in custody if it is in actual physical possession or in a secured area that is restricted to authorized personnel. The chain of custody (COC) form is a record that documents the possession of the samples from the time of collection to receipt in the laboratory. The following information concerning the sample is recorded on the COC form (see Appendix E). The following list of items matches the COC form in Appendix E.

- Date and time of collection
- Site identification
- Sample matrix
- Number of containers
- Preservative used
- Was the sample filtered
- Analyses required
- Name of collector
- Custody transfer signatures and dates and time of transfer
- Bill of lading, if applicable

### **Sample Labeling**

Samples from the field are labeled on the container, or on a label, with an indelible marker. Label information includes:

- Site identification
- Date and time of collection
- Preservative added, if applicable
- Indication of field-filtration for metals, as applicable
- Sample type (i.e., analyses) to be performed

Biological samples are labeled in the field using a pencil or waterproof ink and paper with a high rag content. The labels are placed inside or on each sample container. The following information is included on the labels or is logged electronically:

- Station number and location description
- Date and time of collection
- Collection method
- Preservative added
- Estimated number of individuals in subsample for benthic macroinvertebrates
- Name of each collector
- Container replicate number, if needed

## **Sample Handling**

Nekton samples are collected according to TCEQ SOP, V2 – TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Community and Habitat Data, 2014 (or most recent version). Biological voucher specimens are preserved according to SWQM guidance. Voucher samples are labeled with the site number and collection date upon collection and transported to the LCRA lab.

Benthic samples are collected according to TCEQ SOP, V2 – TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Community and Habitat Data, 2014 (or most recent version). Samples are preserved, labeled as noted above in Sample Labeling, and transported to the LCRA lab where they are identified and enumerated.

Water quality samples are collected and preserved according to the SWQM Procedures and are subsequently transported to the laboratory. Upon arrival at the laboratory, all samples and paperwork are relinquished to the sample custodian who will inspect the cooler or sample transport container for breakage and signs of leakage that may affect sample integrity.

The sample custodian also checks and documents the temperature of the samples using an infrared thermometer, and that all acid preserved samples are pH <2. Paperwork is examined for completeness and the sample custodian accepts the sample and documentation by signing the chain of custody and posting the date and time of acceptance.

NOTE: Any discrepancies will be noted on the COC and the Project Manager of the collecting entity notified immediately for further instructions if there are any issues with the samples.

The sample custodian enters the sample information into the laboratory's information management system and prints out one set of labels. Each sample container brought in is labelled with a unique identification number. The water quality samples are then either given directly to an analyst, preparing to analyze the sample(s) immediately, or placed in a refrigerator in a secured portion of the laboratory (access is controlled using programmed access cards). Laboratory staff run backlog reports to identify samples that need to be analyzed and identify when sample hold time elapses.

## **Sample Tracking Procedure Deficiencies and Corrective Action**

All deficiencies associated with COC procedures, as described in this QAPP, are immediately reported to the LCRA PM. These include such items as delays in transfer resulting in holding time violations; violations of sample preservation requirements; incomplete documentation, including signatures; possible tampering of samples; broken or spilled samples; etc. The LCRA PM, in consultation with the LCRA QAO, will determine if the procedural violation may have compromised the validity of the resulting data. Any failures that have reasonable potential to compromise data validity will invalidate data and the sampling event should be repeated. The resolution of the situation will be reported to the TCEQ CRP PM in the project progress report. CAPs will be prepared by the LCRA and submitted to TCEQ CRP PM.

The definition of and process for handling deficiencies and corrective action are defined in Section C1.

## **B4 Quality Control**

### **Sampling Quality Control Requirements and Acceptability Criteria**

The minimum field QC requirements, and program-specific laboratory QC requirements, are outlined in SWQM Procedures. Specific requirements are outlined below. Field QC sample results are submitted with the laboratory data report (see Section A12).

#### ***Field blank***

Field blanks are required for total metals-in-water samples when collected without sample equipment (i.e., as grab samples). For other types of samples, they are optional. A field blank is prepared in the field by filling a clean container with pure deionized water and appropriate preservative, if any, for the specific sampling activity

being undertaken. Field blanks are used to assess contamination from field sources, such as airborne materials, containers, or preservatives. The minimum frequency requirement for field blanks for total metals-in-water samples is one per sample run or one per 10 samples if more than 10 samples are collected in a single run, as specified in the SWQM Procedures.

The analysis of field blanks should yield values lower than the LOQ. When target analyte concentrations are high, blank values should be lower than 5% of the lowest value of the batch, or corrective action will be implemented.

Field blanks are associated with batches of field samples. In the event of a field blank failure for one or more target analytes, all applicable data associated with the field batch may need to be qualified as not meeting project QC requirements, and these qualified data will not be reported to the TCEQ. These data include all samples collected on that day during that sample run and should not be confused with the laboratory analytical batch.

### ***Field equipment blank***

Field equipment blanks are required for metals-in-water samples when collected using sampling equipment. The field equipment blank is a sample of analyte-free media which has been used to rinse common sampling equipment to check the effectiveness of decontamination procedures. It is collected in the same type of container as the environmental sample, preserved in the same manner, and analyzed for the same parameter. The minimum frequency requirement for field equipment blanks is one per sample run or one per 10 samples if more than 10 samples are collected in a single run, as specified in the SWQM Procedures.

The analysis of field equipment blanks should yield values lower than the LOQ, or, when target analyte concentrations are very high, blank values must be less than 5% of the lowest value of the batch, or corrective action will be implemented.

Field equipment blanks are associated with batches of field samples. In the event of a field equipment blank failure for one or more target analytes, all applicable data associated with the field batch may need to be qualified as not meeting project QC requirements, and these qualified data will not be reported to the TCEQ. These data include all samples collected on that day during that sample run and should not be confused with the laboratory analytical batch.

## **Laboratory Measurement Quality Control Requirements and Acceptability Criteria**

### ***Batch***

A batch is defined as environmental samples that are prepared and/or analyzed together with the same process and personnel, using the same lot(s) of reagents. A preparation batch is composed of one to 20 environmental samples of the same NELAP-defined matrix, meeting the above-mentioned criteria and with a maximum time between the start of processing of the first and last sample in the batch to be 24 hours. An analytical batch is composed of prepared environmental samples (extract, digestates, or concentrates) which are analyzed together as a group. An analytical batch can include prepared samples originating from various environmental matrices and can exceed 20 samples.

### ***Method Specific QC requirements***

QC samples, other than those specified later in this section (e.g., sample duplicates, surrogates, internal standards, continuing calibration samples, interference check samples, positive control, negative control, and media blank), are run as specified in the methods and in SWQM Procedures. The requirements for these samples, their acceptance criteria or instructions for establishing criteria, and corrective actions are method-specific.

Detailed laboratory QC requirements and corrective action procedures are contained within the individual laboratory QMs. The minimum requirements that all participants abide by are stated below.

### ***Comparison Counting***

For routine bacteriological samples, repeat counts on one or more positive samples are required, at least monthly. If possible, the analyst will compare counts with another analyst who also performs the analysis.

Replicate counts by the same analyst should agree within 5 percent, and those between analysts should agree within 10 percent. The analyst(s) will record the results.

### ***Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)***

The laboratory will analyze a calibration standard (if applicable) at the LOQ published in Appendix A of this QAPP on each day calibrations are performed. In addition, an LOQ check sample will be analyzed with each analytical batch. Calibrations including the standard at the LOQ listed in Appendix A will meet the calibration requirements of the analytical method, or corrective action will be implemented.

### ***LOQ Sediment and Tissue Samples***

When considering LOQs for solid samples and how they apply to results, two aspects of the analysis are considered: (1) the LOQ of the sample, based on the real world in which moisture content and interferences affect the result, and (2) the LOQ in the QAPP, which is a value less than or equal to the AWRL based on an idealized sample with zero % moisture.

The LOQ for a solid sample is based on the lowest non-zero calibration standard (as are those for water samples), the moisture content of the solid sample, and any sample concentration or dilution factors resulting from sample preparation or clean-up.

To establish solid-phase LOQs to be listed in Appendix A of the QAPP, the laboratory will adjust the concentration of the lowest non-zero calibration standard for the amount of sample extracted, the final extract volume, and moisture content (assumed to be zero % moisture). Each calculated LOQ will be less than or equal to the AWRL on the dry-weight basis to satisfy the AWRL requirement for sediment and tissue analyses. When data are reviewed for consistency with the QAPP, they are evaluated based on this requirement. Results may not appear to meet the AWRL requirement due to high moisture content, high concentrations of non-target analytes necessitating sample dilution, etc. These sample results will be submitted to the TCEQ with an explanation on the data summary as to why results do not appear to meet the AWRL requirement.

### ***LOQ Check Sample***

An LOQ check sample consists of a sample matrix (e.g., deionized water, sand, commercially available tissue) free from the analytes of interest spiked with verified known amounts of analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes. It is used to establish intra-laboratory bias to assess the performance of the measurement system at the lower limits of analysis. The LOQ check sample is spiked into the sample matrix at a level less than or equal to the LOQ published in Appendix A of this QAPP, for each analyte for each analytical batch of CRP samples run. If it is determined that samples have exceeded the high range of the calibration curve, samples should be diluted or run on another curve. For diluted or high concentration samples run on batches with calibration curves that do not include the LOQ published in Appendix A of this QAPP, a check sample will be run at the low end of the calibration curve.

The LOQ check sample is carried through the complete preparation and analytical process and is performed at a rate of one per analytical batch.

The percent recovery of the LOQ check sample is calculated using the following equation in which %R is percent recovery,  $S_R$  is the sample result, and  $S_A$  is the reference concentration for the check sample:

$$\%R = \frac{S_R}{S_A} \times 100$$

Measurement performance specifications are used to determine the acceptability of LOQ check sample analyses as specified in Appendix A of this QAPP.

### ***Laboratory Control Sample (LCS)***

An LCS consists of a sample matrix (e.g., deionized water, sand, commercially available tissue) free from the analytes of interest spiked with verified known amounts of analytes or a material containing known and verified amounts of analytes. It is used to establish intra-laboratory bias to assess the performance of the measurement system. The LCS is spiked into the sample matrix at a level less than or near the midpoint of the calibration for each analyte. In cases of test methods with very long lists of analytes, LCSs are prepared with all the target

analytes and not just a representative number, except in cases of organic analytes with multipeak responses.

The LCS is carried through the complete preparation and analytical process and is performed at a rate of one per preparation batch.

Results of LCSs are calculated by percent recovery (%R), which is defined as 100 times the measured concentration, divided by the true concentration of the spiked sample.

The following formula is used to calculate percent recovery, where %R is percent recovery;  $S_R$  is the measured result; and  $S_A$  is the true result:

$$\%R = S_R / S_A \times 100$$

Measurement performance specifications are used to determine the acceptability of LCS analyses as specified in Appendix A.

### **Laboratory Duplicates**

A laboratory duplicate is an aliquot taken from the same container as an original sample under laboratory conditions and processed and analyzed independently. A laboratory duplicate is achieved by preparing 2 separate aliquots of a sample, LCS, or matrix spike. Both samples are carried through the entire preparation and analytical process. Laboratory duplicates are used to assess precision and are performed at a rate of one per preparation batch.

For most parameters except bacteria, precision is evaluated using the relative percent difference (RPD) between duplicate results as defined by 100 times the difference (range) of each duplicate set, divided by the average value (mean) of the set. For duplicate results,  $X_1$  and  $X_2$ , the RPD is calculated from the following equation:

$$RPD = \frac{|X_1 - X_2|}{\left(\frac{X_1 + X_2}{2}\right)} \times 100$$

If the precision criterion is exceeded, the data are not acceptable for use under this project and are not reported to TCEQ. Results from all samples associated with that failed duplicate (usually a maximum of 10 samples) are considered to have excessive analytical variability and are qualified as not meeting project QC requirements.

For bacteriological parameters, precision is evaluated using the results from laboratory duplicates. Bacteriological duplicates are analyzed at a 10% frequency (or once per preparation batch, whichever is more frequent). Sufficient volume should be collected to analyze laboratory duplicates from the same sample container.

The base-10 logarithms of the results from the original sample and its duplicate are calculated. The absolute value of the difference between the two base-10 logarithms is calculated and compared to the precision criterion in Appendix A.

$$|\text{Log A} - \text{Log B}| = \text{Log Range}$$

If the difference in logarithms is greater than the precision criterion, the data are not acceptable for use under this project and are not reported to TCEQ. Results from all samples associated with that failed duplicate (usually a maximum of 10 samples) are considered to have excessive analytical variability and are qualified as not meeting project QC requirements.

The precision criterion in Appendix A for bacteriological duplicates applies only to samples with concentrations > 10 MPN.

### **Laboratory equipment blank**

Laboratory equipment blanks are prepared at the laboratory where collection materials for metals sampling equipment are cleaned between uses. These blanks document that the materials provided by the laboratory are

free of contamination. The QC check is performed before the metals sampling equipment is sent to the field. The analysis of laboratory equipment blanks should yield values less than the LOQ. If the result is not less than the LOQ, the equipment should not be used.

### ***Matrix spike***

Matrix spikes are prepared by adding a known quantity of target analyte to a specified amount of matrix sample for which an independent estimate of target analyte concentration is available.

Matrix spikes indicate the effect of the sample on the precision and accuracy of the results generated using the selected method. Matrix-specific QC samples indicate the effect of the sample matrix on the precision and accuracy of the results generated using the selected method. The information from these controls is sample/matrix specific and would not normally be used to determine the validity of the entire batch. The frequency of matrix spikes is specified by the analytical method, or a minimum of one per preparation batch, whichever is greater. To the extent possible, matrix spikes prepared and analyzed over the course of the project should be performed on samples from different sites.

The components to be spiked shall be as specified by the mandated analytical method. The results from matrix spikes are primarily designed to assess the validity of analytical results in a given matrix and are expressed as percent recovery (%R).

The percent recovery of the matrix spike is calculated using the following equation, where %R is percent recovery,  $S_{SR}$  is the concentration measured in the matrix spike,  $S_R$  is the concentration in the parent sample, and  $S_A$  is the concentration of analyte that was added:

$$\%R = \frac{S_{SR} - S_R}{S_A} \times 100$$

Matrix spike recoveries are compared to the same acceptance criteria established for the associated LCS recoveries, rather than the matrix spike recoveries published in the mandated test method. The EPA 1993 methods (i.e., ammonia-nitrogen, ion chromatography, TKN) that establish matrix spike recovery acceptance criteria are based on recoveries from drinking water that has very low interferences and variability and do not represent the matrices sampled in the CRP. If the matrix spike results are outside laboratory-established criteria, there will be a review of all other associated quality control data in that batch. If all of the quality control data in the associated batch passes, it will be the decision of the laboratory QAO or LCRA PM to report the data for the analyte that failed in the parent sample to TCEQ or to determine that the result from the parent sample associated with that failed matrix spike is considered to have excessive analytical variability and does not meet project QC requirements. Depending on the similarities in composition of the samples in the batch, the LCRA may consider excluding all of the results in the batch related to the analyte that failed recovery.

### ***Method blank***

A method blank is a sample of matrix similar to the batch of associated samples (when available) that is free from the analytes of interest and is processed simultaneously with and under the same conditions as the samples through all steps of the analytical procedures, and in which no target analytes or interferences are present at concentrations that impact the analytical results for sample analyses. The method blank is used to document contamination from the analytical process. The analysis of method blanks should yield values less than the LOQ. For very high-level analyses, the blank value should be less than 5% of the lowest value of the batch, or corrective action will be implemented. Samples associated with a contaminated blank shall be evaluated as to the best corrective action for the samples (e.g., reprocessing, data qualifying codes). In all cases, the corrective action must be documented.

The method blank shall be analyzed at a minimum of one per preparation batch. In those instances for which no separate preparation method is used (e.g., VOA) the batch shall be defined as environmental samples that are analyzed together with the same method and personnel, using the same lots of reagents, not to exceed the analysis of 20 environmental samples.

## **Quality Control or Acceptability Requirements, Deficiencies, and Corrective Actions**

Sampling QC excursions are evaluated by the LCRA PM, in consultation with the LCRA QAO. In that differences in sample results are used to assess the entire sampling process, including environmental variability, the arbitrary rejection of results based on pre-determined limits is not practical. Therefore, the professional judgment of the LCRA PM and QAO will be relied upon in evaluating results.

Field blanks for trace elements and trace organics are scrutinized very closely. Field blanks are associated with batches of field samples. In the event of a field blank failure, any target analytes in the ambient sample associated with the field blank should be qualified as not meeting project QC requirements. Notations of blank contamination are noted in the data summaries that accompany data deliverables. Equipment blanks for metals analysis are also scrutinized very closely.

Laboratory measurement quality control failures are evaluated by the laboratory staff. The disposition of such failures and the nature and disposition of the failure is reported to the Laboratory QAO. The Laboratory QAO will discuss the failure with the LCRA PM. If applicable, the LCRA PM will include this information in a CAP and submit the CAP to the TCEQ CRP PM.

The definition of and process for handling deficiencies and corrective action are defined in Section C1.

Additionally, in accordance with CRP requirements and the TNI Standard (Volume 1, Module 2, Section 4.5, Subcontracting of Environmental Tests) when a laboratory that is a signatory of this QAPP finds it necessary and/or advantageous to subcontract analyses, the laboratory that is the signatory on this QAPP must ensure that the subcontracting laboratory is NELAP-accredited (when required) and understands and follows the QA/QC requirements included in this QAPP. This includes confirming that the sub-contracting laboratory has LOQs at or below TCEQ AWRLs and performs all required QC analysis outlined in this QAPP. The signatory laboratory is also responsible for QA of the data prior to delivering it to the LCRA, including review of all applicable QC samples related to CRP data. As stated in section 4.5.5 of the TNI Standard, the laboratory performing the subcontracted work shall be indicated in the final report and the signatory laboratory shall make a copy of the subcontractor's report available to the client (LCRA) when requested.

## **B5 Instrument/Equipment Calibration, Testing, Inspection, and Maintenance**

All sampling equipment testing and maintenance requirements are detailed in the SWQM Procedures. Sampling equipment is inspected and tested upon receipt and is assured appropriate for use by Colt Petri (ELS), Lexi Woods (UCRA), Kiersten Ivy (TV), and Andrew Clamann (COA). Brad Littrell (BIO-WEST) will inspect and test BIO-WEST electrofishing gear. Equipment records are kept on all field equipment and a supply of critical spare parts is maintained

All laboratory tools, gauges, instrument, and equipment testing and maintenance requirements are contained within laboratory QM(s).

### **Instrument Calibration and Frequency**

Field equipment calibration requirements are contained in the SWQM Procedures. Post-calibration check error limits and the disposition resulting from errors are adhered to. Data collected from field instruments that do not meet the post-calibration check error limits specified in the SWQM Procedures will not be submitted for inclusion into SWQMIS.

Detailed laboratory calibrations are contained within the QM(s).

## B6 Inspection/Acceptance of Supplies and Consumables

No special requirements for acceptance are specified for field sampling supplies and consumables. Laboratory QMs contain information for inspection/acceptance of laboratory-related supplies and consumables. Certification and traceability documentation are recorded in the LIMS system.

## B7 Data Management

### Data Management Process

Field water quality data are generated by field staff in ELS, UCRA, TV, and COA and submitted to the LCRA Data Manager as excel spreadsheets.

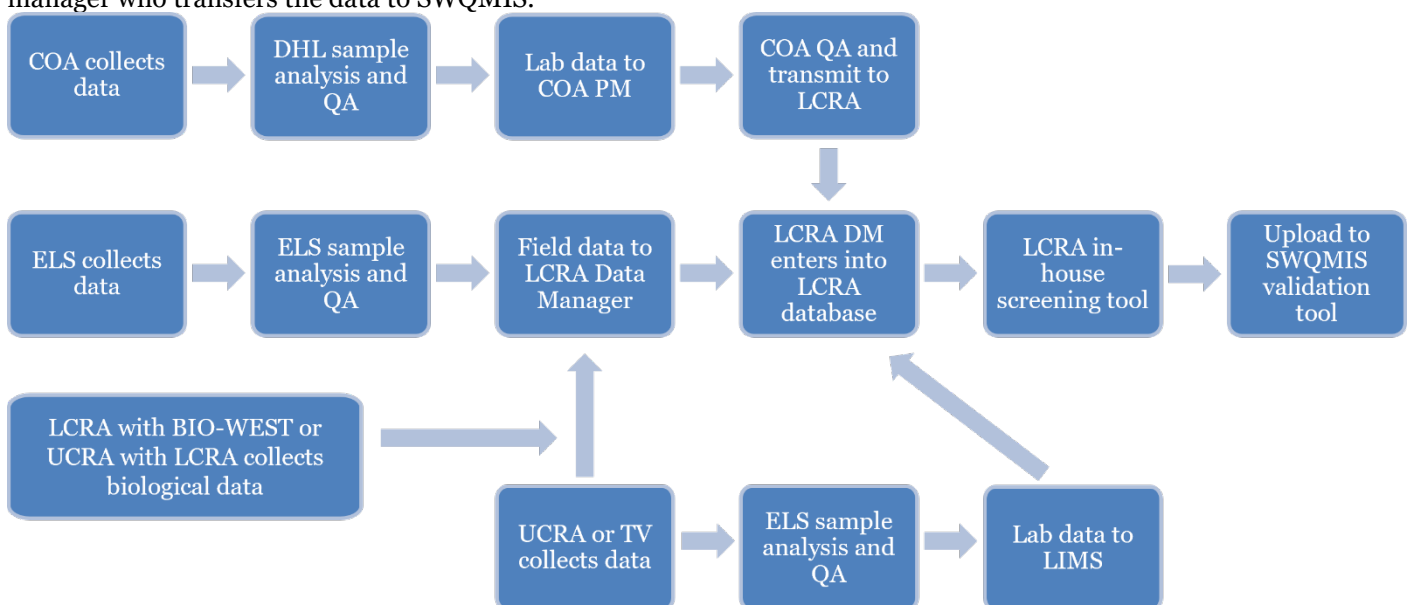
Laboratory data are generated at the bench by the ELS or DHL. The data are quality assured by the laboratory quality assurance manager, or in their absence, by senior staff designee.

The QA of the ELS-produced data is the ultimate responsibility of the ELS QAO and ELS Project Manager. The laboratory data generated from ELS sampling are available in an electronic format to the LCRA Data Manager. The laboratory data generated by UCRA or TV sampling are made available in an electronic format to the LCRA Data Manager and either the UCRA Data Manager or the TV Project Manager, respectively. Hard copies of the data are provided to agencies upon request.

Data generated by DHL is sent to COA for review and is checked for completeness, verification and validation. The COA QAO combines field and lab data and transmits it to the LCRA Data Manager annually approximately at the beginning of the calendar year.

The LCRA Data Manager inserts received data into a Microsoft SQL Server database and performs automated checks of the data using in-house screening tools and adds unique tag identification numbers to the data. The data is then run through the SWQMIS validation tool to ensure correct formatting. The data management process through this step can be seen in Figure B7.1 below.

The data are bundled and transmitted to the TCEQ Project Manager along with a Data Summary Report and Validator Report. Data obtained under different QAPPs or amendments are submitted separately to ensure compliance with the QAPP. The TCEQ project manager reviews the data and associated reports and provides comments or asks for clarification. Upon approval of the data, the TCEQ project manager notifies the TCEQ data manager who transfers the data to SWQMIS.



**Figure B7.1: Data management process prior to submittal to the TCEQ CRP Project Manager.**

## Data Dictionary

Terminology and field descriptions are included in the 2019 DMRG, or most recent version.

Name of Entity	Tag Prefix	Submitting Entity	Collecting Entity
LCRA	L	LC	LC
UCRA	L	LC	UC
COA	L	LC	AU
TV	L	LC	TV

## Data Errors and Loss

Automated and manual reviews of the data are performed prior to submittal. Examples of checks that are used to review for data errors or data loss include:

- Issues identified in the laboratory’s QA Summary (Lab QC).
- Review of field data.
- Data reasonableness.
- Chain of custody.
- Sample preservation.
- Sites and parameter codes are contained in the QAPP.
- Which codes are not reported.
- Which data were not reported and reason for not reporting.
- All sites have a valid five-digit identity.
- Were all sites accessible.
- Transcription or input error by evaluating minimum/maximum values.
- Relationships among analytes (example: TKN > NH<sub>3</sub>-N).
- Counts of reported analytes (example: pH = specific conductance = D.O. = temperature).
- Significant figures.
- Check laboratory data for dilution factors.
- Less than detection values are reported as < LOQ.
- Values are within LOQs.
- Check for outliers by comparing to applicable TCEQ minimum/maximum values.
- Verified outliers are flagged as verified.
- Use of correct reporting units.
- Flows have a flow method associated with the data.
- If flow severity = 1 or flow severity = 6 then no value is reported for flow.
- All streams have a flow associated.
- If a sample was collected, Days Since Significant Precipitation is included with the data.
- Depth of surface sample.
- In profile data, bottom sample should be ≥ 0.3 meters from total measured depth.
- Sediment data has associated sediment texture codes.
- Majority of diel data collected during index or critical period.
- Diel data has relevant summary codes.
- Diel data collected when flow was greater than 7Q<sub>2</sub>.
- Duplicate records are not reported.
- No results for future sampling dates are reported.
- Correct number of fields in the Event (14) and Result (9) files.
- Sample time should have leading zeros.
- Date format MM/DD/YYYY
- *E. coli* data should have holding time reported with the data.
- *E. coli* data holding time should be less than 30 hours.
- The log of *E. coli* laboratory duplicate data are within 0.5, when applicable.
- Data collected and submitted under the appropriate QAPP or amendment.

## **Record Keeping and Data Storage**

Agencies under this QAPP have records management policies in place which help ensure security and access to records. Records are secure and password protected.

ELS lab reports are stored on a SharePoint site for 5 years and in the LIMS system.

Once UCRA data is submitted to TCEQ, UCRA data is stored in files on UCRA computers with several forms of backup. Adobe PDF versions of UCRA data are kept on a backup computer and all UCRA files are backed up off-site on a nightly basis.

LCRA data (including data received from COA and UCRA) is stored on an enterprise managed Microsoft SQL Server database server cluster. The database cluster has daily differential backups with weekly full backups that includes copying offsite backup storage.

City of Austin water quality data is stored in an Oracle relational database known as the Water Resources Monitoring database (WRM). Database backups are managed through server replication at separate secure datacenters. Data in the WRM is available to the public via a web query form at: <https://data.austintexas.gov/Environment/Water-Quality-Sampling-Data/5tve-7ray>. Analytical data are uploaded from electronic data generated by the contract lab to the database and checked for completeness by the sampling project manager. Contract lab reports (including lab QC) are stored electronically on a file server that is backed up in real-time and retained with associated data in the WRM in perpetuity. Electronic data collection is performed using tablet personal computers (PCs) and a third-party cloud software with data loaded electronically into the WRM. Historic field data collection sheets are stored both electronically on the file server and paper copies are permanently filed on location at City offices or archived at off-site storage.

## **Data Handling, Hardware, and Software Requirements**

Active Directory service accounts are used for web servers to connect and access the data for public retrieval. Standard SQL Server minimum builds include 24 GB of RAM, 2.8 GHz processor speed with 2 processors, multiple drives including 150 GB just for the operating system drive and expandable storage to scale with databases. Microsoft “Best Practice” development standards are followed to ensure future stability and compatibility.

## **Information Resource Management Requirements**

The LCRA Digital Services Department (IT) requires the Enterprise Architecture team to review and adjust all hardware, software, and development standards annually. Information Technology Infrastructure Library (ITIL) processes are followed for change management procedures, approval, and tracking.

Data will be managed in accordance with the TCEQ DMRG (most recent revision) and applicable LCRA information resource management policies.

GPS equipment may be used as a component of the information required by the station location (SLOC) request process for creating the certified positional data that will ultimately be entered into SWQMIS database. Positional data obtained by CRP grantees using a GPS will follow the TCEQ’s OPP 8.11 policy regarding the collection and management of positional data. Positional data may be acquired with a GPS and verified with photo interpolation using a certified source, such as Google Earth or Google Maps. The verified coordinates and map interface can then be used to develop a new SLOC.

# **C1 Assessments and Response Actions**

The following table presents the types of assessments and response actions for data collection activities applicable to the QAPP.

**Table C1.1 Assessments and Response Requirements**

Assessment Activity	Approximate Schedule	Responsible Party	Scope	Response Requirements
Status Monitoring Oversight	Continuous	LCRA	Monitoring of the project status and records to ensure requirements are being fulfilled	Report to TCEQ in quarterly report. Submit CAPs to TCEQ as needed.
Monitoring Systems Audit of Basin Planning Agency	Dates to be determined by TCEQ CRP	TCEQ	Field sampling, handling and measurement; facility review; and data management as they relate to CRP	30 days to provide corrective actions response to the TCEQ
Monitoring Systems Audit of Program Subparticipants	Once per biennium	LCRA	Field sampling, handling and measurement; facility review; and data management as they relate to CRP	30 days to respond in writing to the LCRA. BPA will report findings to TCEQ in progress report.
Laboratory Assessment	Dates to be determined by TCEQ	TCEQ Laboratory Assessor	Analytical and quality control procedures employed at the laboratory and the contract laboratory	30 days to provide corrective actions response to the TCEQ

**Corrective Action Process for Deficiencies**

Deficiencies are any deviation from the QAPP, SWQM Procedures, DMRG, SOPs, or other applicable guidance documents. Deficiencies may invalidate resulting data and require corrective action. Deficiencies that can be prevented from occurring again in the future require a CAP. TCEQ QA staff recognize that deficiencies may occur that are out of the control of LCRA staff and/or their subparticipant’s staff. Such deficiencies do not require a CAP. However, when a deficiency impacts data quality or quantity, the TCEQ CRP PM must be notified (within three business days of discovery) and the data loss noted in the associated monitoring activities report and data summary. Corrective action for deficiencies may include for samples to be discarded and re-collected. Deficiencies are documented in logbooks, field data sheets, etc. by field or laboratory staff, are communicated to the LCRA PM (or other appropriate staff) and should be subject to periodic review so their responses can be uniform, and their frequency tracked. It is the responsibility of the LCRA PM, in consultation with the LCRA QAO, to ensure that the actions and resolutions to the problems are documented and that records are maintained in accordance with this QAPP.

TCEQ staff are tasked with reviewing CAPs written by LCRA concerning deficiencies associated with CRP work. This includes the TCEQ CRP Team Leader, PM, Project QAS, and Lead QAS. The LCRA PM or QAO should submit CAPs to their assigned TCEQ CRP PM in a timely manner. LCRA can begin implementing corrective actions without TCEQ approval. However, TCEQ may request alternate or modified corrective actions if deemed necessary.

A template for writing CAPs is provided in the [Guidance for Partners in the Texas Clean Rivers Program FY 2026–2027](#) (Exhibit 2C). While CAPs need not adhere to this specific format, they must include information for all of the listed elements. Incomplete CAPs will be returned to the LCRA QAO for revision. All CAPs for a FY should be cataloged in the quarterly progress reports submitted to the TCEQ CRP PM by the LCRA PM. This documentation should include, at a minimum, the report number, date(s) of deficiency occurrence, description of deficiency, action taken, CAP status, and the date the CAP was closed (if applicable).

Significant conditions that, if uncorrected, could have a serious effect on safety or on the validity or integrity of data will be reported to the TCEQ immediately.

The LCRA PM is responsible for ensuring that corrective actions have been implemented and tracks deficiencies and corrective actions. Records of audit findings and corrective actions are maintained by the LCRA PM. Audit reports and associated corrective action documentation will be submitted to the TCEQ with the quarterly progress reports.

If audit findings and corrective actions cannot be resolved, then the authority and responsibility for terminating work are specified in the TCEQ QMP and in agreements in contracts between participating organizations.

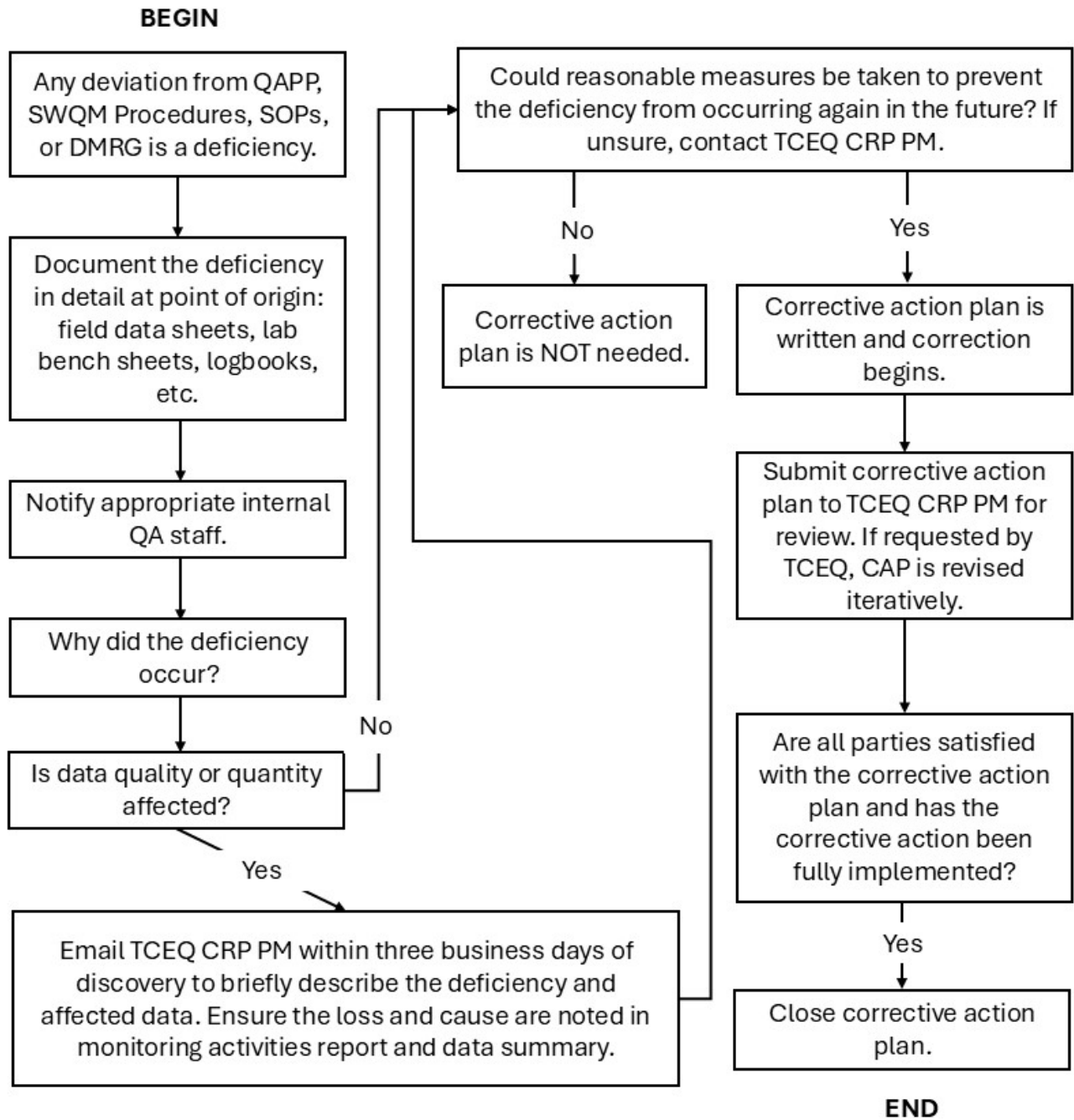
### **Corrective Action**

CAPs should:

- Identify the problem, nonconformity, or undesirable situation
- Identify immediate remedial actions if possible
- Identify the underlying cause(s) of the problem
- Describe the programmatic impact
- Identify whether the problem is likely to recur, or occur in other areas
- Assist in determining the need for corrective action and actions to prevent reoccurrence
- Employ problem-solving techniques to verify causes, determine solution, and develop an action plan
- Identify personnel responsible for action
- Establish timelines and provide a schedule
- Document the corrective action and action(s) to prevent reoccurrence

A flow chart has been developed to facilitate the process (see Figure C1.1: Corrective Action Process for Deficiencies).

**Figure C1.1 Corrective Action Process for Deficiencies**



## C2 Reports to Management

**Table C2.1 QA Management Reports**

Type of Report	Frequency (daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, etc.)	Projected Delivery Date(s)	Person(s) Responsible for Report Preparation	Report Recipients
Corrective Action Plans	As Needed	As Needed	Field Staff Laboratory Staff	TCEQ CRP Project Manager, LCRA QA Staff or Laboratory Management as appropriate
CRP Progress Reports	Quarterly	December 15, 2025 March 15, 2026 June 15, 2026 September 15, 2026 December 15, 2026 March 15, 2027 June 15, 2027 August 15, 2027	LCRA Project Manager	TCEQ CRP Project Manager
Monitoring Systems Audit Report and Response	As Needed	As Needed	LCRA QAO	TCEQ CRP Project Manager
Data Summary	As Needed	As Needed	LCRA Data Manager	TCEQ CRP Project Manager

### **Reports to LCRA Project Management**

Project status, results of oversight activities, deficiencies, corrective action reports, and significant QA issues are reported to the LCRA PM on an ongoing basis. They may or may not be written reports.

### **Reports to TCEQ Project Management**

All reports detailed in this section are contract deliverables and are transferred to the TCEQ in accordance with contract requirements.

### ***Progress Report***

***Summarizes the LCRA’s activities for each task; reports monitoring status, problems, delays, deficiencies, status of open CAPs, and documentation for completed CAPs; and outlines the status of each task’s deliverables.***

### ***Monitoring Systems Audit Report and Response***

Following any audit performed by the LCRA, a report of findings, recommendations and response is sent to the TCEQ in the quarterly progress report.

### ***Data Summary***

Contains basic identifying information about the data set and comments regarding inconsistencies and errors identified during data verification and validation steps or problems with data collection efforts (e.g., deficiencies).

## Reports by TCEQ Project Management

### ***Contractor Evaluation***

The LCRA participates in a contractor evaluation by the TCEQ annually for compliance with administrative and programmatic standards. Results of the evaluation are submitted to the TCEQ Financial Administration Division, Procurement and Contracts Section.

## **D1 Data Review, Verification, and Validation**

All field and laboratory data will be reviewed and verified for integrity, continuity, reasonableness, and conformance to project requirements, and then validated against the project objectives and measurement performance specifications which are listed in Section A6 of this QAPP. Only those data which are supported by appropriate quality control data and meet the measurement performance specifications defined for this project will be considered acceptable and will be reported to the TCEQ for entry into SWQMIS.

## **Verification and Validation Methods**

All field and laboratory data will be reviewed, verified and validated to ensure they conform to project specifications.

Data review, verification, and validation will be performed using self-assessments as well as peer and management review as appropriate to the project task. The data review tasks to be performed by field and laboratory staff are listed in the first two columns of Table D1.1. Potential errors are identified by examination of documentation and by manual examination of corollary or unreasonable data; this analysis may be computer-assisted. If a question arises or an error is identified, the manager of the task responsible for generating the data is contacted to resolve the issue. Issues which can be corrected are corrected and documented. If an issue cannot be corrected, the task manager consults with the higher-level project management to establish the appropriate course of action, or the data associated with the issue are rejected and not reported to the TCEQ for storage in SWQMIS. Field and laboratory reviews, verifications, and validations are documented.

After the field and laboratory data are reviewed, another level of review is performed once the data are combined into a data set. This review step, as specified in Table D1.1, is performed by the LCRA DM and QAO. Data review, verification, and validation tasks to be performed on the data set include, but are not limited to, the confirmation of laboratory and field data review, evaluation of field QC results, additional evaluation of anomalies and outliers, analysis of sampling and analytical gaps, and confirmation that all parameters and sampling sites are included in the QAPP.

The Data Review Checklist (see Appendix F) covers three main types of review: data format and structure, data quality review, and documentation review. The Data Review Checklist is completed and sent with the water quality data submitted to the TCEQ to ensure that the review process is being performed.

Another element of the data validation process is consideration of any findings identified during the monitoring systems audit conducted by the TCEQ CRP Lead QAS. Any issues requiring corrective action must be addressed, and the potential impact of these issues on previously collected data will be assessed. After the data are reviewed and documented, the LCRA PM validates that the data meet the data quality objectives of the project and are suitable for reporting to TCEQ.

If any requirements or specifications of the CRP are not met, based on any part of the data review, the responsible party should document the nonconforming activities and submit the information to the LCRA DM with the data in the data summary (See Appendix F). All failed QC checks, missing samples, missing analytes, missing parameters, and suspect results should be discussed in the data summary.

Monitoring agencies under this QAPP have SOPs in place to ensure collection of valid field data. LCRA, UCRA, TV, and BIO-WEST use the latest version of SWQM Procedures manual to guide monitoring efforts. City of Austin water quality field sample collection and processing procedures are described in the [Water Resource](#)

[Evaluation \(WRE\) Section Standard Operating Procedures Manual](#) and are consistent with approved methods as presented in the TCEQ SWQM Procedures manuals.

LIMS are used by ELS and DHL. LIMS consist of a collection of forms, reports, queries and tables that are used to track and manage the analytical process for laboratory reporting.

For ELS, data entry (i.e., instrument readings entered into the LIMS) is performed by the analyst and verified through a multi-level review process. Additionally, LIMS flags data that are outside of program specifications. ELS utilizes a multi-level data review and validation workflow within LIMS prior to data being reported to clients. The final check of the data is performed by the ELS project manager or designee. At DHL, data transformations occur in the following fashion: after the data acquisition by the instrument software is completed and the sample preparation log is prepared, reviewed, and initialed by the analyst, the data is imported electronically into the LIMS for the purpose of report generation and review. All analytical results follow the rules for significant figures. The analyst will verify all imported LIMS data against the raw data records to ensure that the sample results are accurate. When manual integrations are performed, raw data records shall include a complete audit trail for those manipulations (i.e., the reconstruction of the results). The person performing the manual integration must sign and date each chromatogram and document the rationale for performing manual integration (electronic signature is acceptable). If the sample result from any target analyte exceeds the quantitation range, the sample shall be diluted and reported from the reanalysis.

For ELS, data conversions are configured to occur automatically within LIMS. Several factors determine whether conversions are needed, including the particular analytical test, the sample matrix, and any client reporting requirements. Regarding data conversions for DHL, the concentration of each analyte is calculated by using either the average response factors or regression analysis. The analyst must ensure that all confirmed hits are within the calibration range. If not, a dilution will be needed to re-analyze the sample extract. The raw data is converted into the final sample concentration based on the sample weight and final volume of extract. The formulas and acceptance criteria for each analytical test are imbedded in the LIMS for automatic data calculation. The LIMS flags data automatically that does not meet acceptance criteria.

At ELS, when nonconforming analyses are identified, the samples will be prepared again and reanalyzed, where possible. If reanalysis is impossible and data is lost, the ELS Project Manager notifies the client either verbally or via electronic mail that data has been lost. An investigation is initiated and a corrective action report is produced to correct the error and prevent it from reoccurring.

DHL evaluates the significance of the nonconforming work, and takes corrective action immediately. A Variance Report is generated, the client is notified if their data has been impacted, and corrective action is placed in the Case Narrative of the Analytical Report. Resumption of work after nonconformance is authorized by the Laboratory General Manager, Laboratory QA Manager, and/or the client. Whenever the quality control goals set for precision or accuracy of data are not achieved, a program of corrective action shall be initiated. QC criteria shall be specified in each individual Standard Operating Procedure (SOP). Corrective action can also be initiated by other items such as control limits, customer concerns, or by method specific criteria.

DHL uses data review checklists at each level of review based on project-specific requirements. DHL practices a three-tiered level of analytical data review and reporting.

- The chemist performing the analysis reviews the entire data package (100%), ensuring that all of the data is acceptable and within the guidelines established by the specific method and project-specific requirements.
- After the chemist has reviewed the data, the laboratory supervisor, senior chemist or QA department staff will review the entire package (100%) using the same criteria as the chemist.
- The Laboratory General Manager (or designee) will review the data package for completeness before the data is released.

When a quality control problem is noted in DHL data, the following steps are taken to identify and correct the problem:

- The raw data records are re-examined by the analyst.
- The analyst re-analyzes the sample(s), as appropriate.

- If the problem is not resolved by re-analysis, the Laboratory General Manager or QA Manager is consulted to provide additional information about rectifying the problem.
- If instrument-related problems cannot be resolved in-house, then equipment repair contractors manufacturer's representatives or outside consultants are contacted as necessary.
- All information is documented on a specific analytical Variance Report, which is reviewed and signed by the QA manager or the Laboratory General Manager and then stored in the associated project folders.
- Clients may authorize the analysis of samples that may not meet QC criteria (e.g. samples out of hold time, samples received above temperature limit). All data resulting from such situations shall be appropriately flagged with data qualifiers in the report.
- All information shall be documented in the final report and summarized in the case narrative. This shall include data flags, if applicable.
- Information on the incident and corrective actions shall be noted in the instrument maintenance logbook (if applicable).

The LCRA Data Manager maintains a CRP Data Submittal Guidance SOP that describes how UCRA, COA, and TV data are processed. The document describes specifics in data checks and data handling. Final checks on the data submitted by agencies represented in this QAPP can also be found in CRP Data Submittal Guidance SOP. The document also contains information on how to upload data into SWQMIS.

**Table D1.1: Data Review Tasks**

Data to be Verified	Field Task <sup>1</sup>	Laboratory Task <sup>2</sup>	QA Task <sup>2</sup>	Lead Organization Data Manager Task <sup>3</sup>
Sample documentation complete; samples labeled, sites identified	X			
Field QC samples collected for all analytes as prescribed in the TCEQ SWQM Procedures	X			
Standards and reagents traceable	X	X		
Chain of custody complete/acceptable	X	X		
NELAP Accreditation is current		X	X	
Sample preservation and handling acceptable		X		
Holding times not exceeded		X		
Collection, preparation, and analysis consistent with SOPs and QAPP	X	X	X	
Field documentation (e.g., biological, stream habitat) complete	X			
Instrument calibration data complete	X	X		
QC samples analyzed at required frequency		X	X	
QC results meet performance and program specifications		X	X	
Analytical sensitivity (LOQ/AWRL) consistent with QAPP		X	X	
Results, calculations, transcriptions checked		X	X	
Laboratory bench-level review performed		X		
All laboratory samples analyzed for all scheduled parameters		X	X	
Corollary data agree			X	
Nonconforming activities documented	X	X	X	X
Outliers confirmed and documented; reasonableness check performed				X
Dates formatted correctly	X	X		X
Depth reported correctly and in correct units	X	X		X
TAG IDs correct				X
TCEQ Station ID number assigned				X
Valid parameter codes				X
Codes for submitting entity(ies), collecting entity(ies), and monitoring type(s) used correctly				X
Time based on 24-hour clock				X
Check for transcription errors	X	X	X	X
Sampling and analytical data gaps checked (e.g., all sites for which data are reported are on the coordinated monitoring schedule)			X	X
Field instrument pre- and post-calibration check results within limits	X		X	
10% of data manually reviewed			X	

<sup>1</sup> Field Task Review is performed by field team personnel and overseen by LCRA PM, ELS PM, UCRA DM/QAO, TV PM, and COA PM

<sup>2</sup> Laboratory and QA Task Review is performed by ELS or DHL personnel and overseen by ELS QA Officer and PM, or DHL QA Manager

<sup>3</sup> Lead Organization Data Management Task is performed by LCRA Data Manager and QAO position.

## **D2 Reconciliation with User Requirements**

Data produced in this project, and data collected by other organizations (e.g., USGS, TCEQ, etc.), will be analyzed and reconciled with project data quality requirements. Data which do not meet requirements will not be submitted to SWQMIS nor will be considered appropriate for any of the uses noted in Section A4.

## Appendix A: Measurement Performance Specifications (Table A6.1–29)

Measurement performance specifications define the data quality needed to satisfy project objectives. To this end, measurement performance specifications are qualitative and quantitative statements that:

- clarify the intended use of the data
- define the type of data needed to support the end use
- identify the conditions under which the data should be collected

Appendix A of the QAPP addresses measurement performance specifications, including:

- analytical methodologies
- AWRLs
- limits of quantitation
- bias limits for LCSs
- precision limits for laboratory control sample duplicates (LCSDs)
- completeness goals
- qualitative statements regarding representativeness and comparability

The items identified above should be considered for each type of monitoring activity. The CRP encourages that data be collected to address multiple objectives to optimize resources; however, caution should be applied when attempting to collect data for multiple purposes because measurement performance specifications may vary according to the purpose. For example, limits of quantitation may differ for data used to assess standards attainment and for trend analysis. When planning projects, first priority will be given to the main use of the project data and the data quality needed to support that use, then secondary goals will be considered.

Procedures for laboratory analysis must be in accordance with the most recently published edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 40 CFR 136, or otherwise approved independently. Only data collected that have a valid TCEQ parameter code assigned in Tables A6 are stored in SWQMIS. Any parameters listed in Tables A6 that do not have a valid TCEQ parameter code assigned will not be stored in SWQMIS.

**TABLE A6.1 Measurement Performance Specifications for LCRA field data**

<b>Field Parameters</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b>TEMPERATURE, WATER (DEGREES CENTIGRADE)</b>	DEG C	water	SM 2550 B and TCEQ SOP V1	00010	Field
<b>TRANSPARENCY, SECCHI DISC (METERS)</b>	meters	water	TCEQ SOP V1	00078	Field
<b>SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, FIELD (US/CM @ 25C)</b>	us/cm	water	EPA 120.1 and TCEQ SOP, V1	00094	Field
<b>OXYGEN, DISSOLVED (MG/L)</b>	mg/L	water	SM 4500-O G and TCEQ SOP V1	00300	Field

OXYGEN, DISSOLVED (% SATURATION)	%	water	SM 4500-O G and TCEQ SOP V2	00301	Field
<b>PH (STANDARD UNITS)</b>	s.u.	water	EPA 150.1 and TCEQ SOP V1	00400	Field
DAYS SINCE PRECIPITATION EVENT (DAYS)	days	other	TCEQ SOP V1	72053	Field
<b>RESERVOIR STAGE (FEET ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL)***</b>	FT ABOVE MSL	water	TWDB	00052	Field
<b>RESERVOIR PERCENT FULL***</b>	% RESERVOIR CAPACITY	water	TWDB	00053	Field
RESERVOIR ACCESS NOT POSSIBLE LEVEL TOO LOW ENTER 1 IF REPORTING	NS	other	TCEQ Drought Guidance	00051	Field
TURBIDITY, FIELD NEPHELOMETRIC TURBIDITY UNITS, NTU	NTU	water	SM 2130B	82078	Field
MAXIMUM POOL WIDTH AT TIME OF STUDY (METERS)**	meters	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89864	Field
MAXIMUM POOL DEPTH AT TIME OF STUDY(METERS)**	meters	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89865	Field
POOL LENGTH, METERS**	meters	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89869	Field
% POOL COVERAGE IN 500 METER REACH**	%	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89870	Field
WIND INTENSITY (1=CALM,2=SLIGHT,3=MOD.,4=STRONG)	NU	other	NA	89965	Field
PRESENT WEATHER (1=CLEAR,2=PTCLDY,3=CLDY,4=RAIN,5=OTHER)	NU	other	NA	89966	Field
<p>* Reporting to be consistent with SWQM guidance and based on measurement capability.  ** To be routinely reported when collecting data from perennial pools.  *** As published by the Texas Water Development Board on their website <a href="https://www.waterdatafortexas.org/reservoirs/statewide">https://www.waterdatafortexas.org/reservoirs/statewide</a></p> <p>References:  United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Clean Water Act Analytical Methods Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version  TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).  TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).</p>					

<b>TABLE A6.2 Measurement Performance Specifications for LCRA flow data</b>					
<b>Flow Parameters</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b>FLOW STREAM, INSTANTANEOUS (CUBIC FEET PER SEC)</b>	cfs	water	TCEQ SOP V1	00061	Field

<b>FLOW SEVERITY:1=No Flow,2=Low,3=Normal,4=Flood,5=High,6=Dry</b>	NU	water	TCEQ SOP V1	01351	Field
STREAM FLOW ESTIMATE (CFS)	cfs	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	74069	Field
<b>FLOW MTH 1=GAGE 2=ELEC 3=MECH 4=WEIR/FLU 5=DOPPLER</b>	NU	other	TCEQ SOP V1	89835	Field
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).					

<b>TABLE A6.3 Measurement Performance Specifications for LCRA conventional data</b>										
<b>Conventional Parameters in Water</b>										
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>TCEQ AWRL</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>LOQ Check Sample %Rec</b>	<b>Precision (RPD)</b>	<b>Bias %Rec. of LCS</b>	<b>Lab</b>
ALKALINITY, TOTAL (MG/L AS CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/L	water	SM 2320B	00410	20	20	NA	20	NA	ELS
RESIDUE, TOTAL NONFILTRABLE (MG/L)	mg/L	water	SM 2540D	00530	5	1	NA	NA	NA	ELS
<b>NITROGEN, AMMONIA, TOTAL (MG/L AS N)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 350.1 Rev. 2.0 (1993)	00610	0.1	0.0 2	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>NITROGEN, KJELDAHL, TOTAL (MG/L AS N)</b>	mg/L	water	SM 4500-N <sub>org</sub> B or C and SM 4500-NH <sub>3</sub> B	00625	0.2	0.2	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
NITRITE PLUS NITRATE, TOTAL ONE LAB DETERMINED VALUE (MG/L AS N)	mg/L	water	SM 4500-NO <sub>3</sub> E	00630	0.0 5	0.0 2	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>PHOSPHORUS, TOTAL, WET METHOD (MG/L AS P)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 365.3	00665	0.0 6	0.0 2	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>CHLORIDE (MG/L AS CL)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 (1993)	00940	5	5	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>SULFATE (MG/L AS SO<sub>4</sub>)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 300.0 Rev.	00945	5	5	70-130	20	80-120	ELS

			2.1 (1993)							
PHEOPHYTIN-A UG/L FLUOROMETRIC METHOD	µg/L	water	EPA 445	32213	3	2	NA	NA	NA	ELS
<b>RESIDUE, TOT DISS, UNSPEC CALC BASED ON COND (MG/</b>	mg/ L	water	calcula tion	70294	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ELS
ORTHOPHOSPHATE PHOSPHORUS, DISS,MG/L, FILTER >15MIN	mg/ L	water	EPA 365.3	70507	0.0 4	0.0 4	70– 130	20	80– 120	ELS
<b>CHLOROPHYLL-A, FLUOROMETRIC METHOD, UG/L</b>	µg/L	water	EPA 445.0	70953	3	2	NA	20	80– 120	ELS
References: United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Clean Water Act Analytical Methods Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).										

<b>TABLE A6.4 Measurement Performance Specifications for LCRA bacteria data</b>										
<b>Bacteriological Parameters in Water</b>										
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>TCEQ AWRL</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>LOQ Check Sample %Rec</b>	<b>Log Difference of Duplicates</b>	<b>Bias %Rec. of LCS</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b><i>E. COLI</i>, COLILERT, IDEXX METHOD, MPN/100ML</b>	MPN/100 mL	water	SM 9223-B**	31699	1	1	NA	0.50*	NA	ELS
<b>ENTEROCOCCI, ENTEROLERT, IDEXX, (MPN/100 ML)</b>	MPN/100 mL	water	ASTM D-6503	31701	10***	10	NA	0.50*	NA	ELS
<b><i>E.COLI</i>, COLILERT, IDEXX, HOLDING TIME</b>	hours	water	NA	31704	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ELS
<p>* This value is not expressed as a relative percent difference. It represents the maximum allowable difference between the logarithm of the result of a sample and the logarithm of the duplicate result. See Section B4.</p> <p>** <i>E.coli</i> samples analyzed by these methods should always be processed as soon as possible and within 8 hours. When transport conditions necessitate delays in delivery longer than 6 hours, the holding time may be extended and samples must be processed as soon as possible and within 30 hours.</p> <p>***<i>Enterococcus</i> Samples should be diluted 1:10 for all waters.</p> <p>References: Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Section 11, Water and Environmental Technology, Volume 11.02, Water TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).</p>										

<b>Table A6.5 – Measurement Performance Specifications for LCRA diel data</b>					
<b>24 Hour Parameters in Water</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
TEMPERATURE, WATER (DEGREES CENTIGRADE), 24HR AVG	DEG C	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00209	field
WATER TEMPERATURE, DEGREES CENTIGRADE, 24HR MAX	DEG C	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00210	field
TEMPERATURE, WATER (DEGREES CENTIGRADE) 24HR MIN	DEG C	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00211	field
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, US/CM, FIELD, 24HR AVG	uS/cm	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00212	field
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, US/CM, FIELD, 24HR MAX	uS/cm	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00213	field
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, US/CM, FIELD, 24HR MIN	uS/cm	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00214	field
PH, S.U., 24HR MAXIMUM VALUE	std. units	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00215	field
PH, S.U., 24HR, MINIMUM VALUE	std. units	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00216	field
WATER TEMPERATURE, # OF MEASUREMENTS IN 24-HRS	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00221	field
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, # OF MEASUREMENTS IN 24-HRS	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00222	field
pH, # OF MEASUREMENTS IN 24-HRS	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00223	field
<b>DISSOLVED OXYGEN, 24-HOUR MIN. (MG/L) MIN. 4 MEA</b>	mg/l	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	89855	field
<b>DISSOLVED OXYGEN, 24-HOUR MAX. (MG/L) MIN. 4 MEA</b>	mg/l	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	89856	field
<b>DISSOLVED OXYGEN, 24-HOUR AVG. (MG/L) MIN. 4 MEA</b>	mg/l	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	89857	field
<b>DISSOLVED OXYGEN, # OF MEASUREMENTS IN 24-HRS</b>	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	89858	field
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).					

<b>Table A6.6 – Measurement Performance Specifications for LCRA metals in water data</b>										
<b>Metals in Water</b>										
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>TCEQ AWRL</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>LOQ Check Sample %Rec</b>	<b>Precision (RPD)</b>	<b>Bias %Rec. of LCS</b>	<b>Lab</b>
HARDNESS, TOTAL, CALCULATED (MG/L AS CaCO3)*	mg/L	water	SM 2340 B	82394	NA	1.32	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
CALCIUM, DISSOLVED (MG/L AS CA)	mg/L	water	EPA 200.7	00915	NA	0.2	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
SODIUM, DISSOLVED (MG/L AS NA)	mg/L	water	EPA 200.7	00930	NA	0.2	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
POTASSIUM, DISSOLVED (MG/L AS K)	mg/L	water	EPA 200.7	00935	NA	0.2	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
<b>ARSENIC, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS AS)</b>	µg/L	water	EPA 200.8	01000	5	2	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
BARIUM, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS BA)	µg/L	water	EPA 200.8	01005	1000	1	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
BERYLLIUM, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS BE)	µg/L	water	EPA 200.8	01010	2	1	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
<b>CHROMIUM, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS CR)</b>	ug/L	water	EPA 200.8 Rev 5.4 (1998)	01030	10	1	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
COBALT, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS CO)	µg/L	water	EPA 200.8	01035	NA	1	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
<b>COPPER, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS CU)</b>	ug/L	water	EPA 200.8 Rev 5.4 (1998)	01040	1 for waters < 50mg/L hardness ----- 3 for waters >= 50mg/L hardness	1	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
IRON, DISSOLVED (UG/L)	µg/L	water	EPA 200.7	01046	NA	50	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
THALLIUM, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS TL)	µg/L	water	EPA 200.8	01057	1	1	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
MOLYBDENUM, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS MO)	µg/L	water	EPA 200.8	01060	NA	1	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
<b>NICKEL, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS NI)</b>	ug/L	water	EPA 200.8 Rev 5.4 (1998)	01065	10	1	70–130	20	80–120	ELS

<b>SILVER, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS AG)</b>	ug/L	water	EPA 200.8 Rev 5.4 (1998)	01075	0.5	0.5	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>STRONTIUM, DISSOLVED, UG/L AS SR</b>	µg/L	water	EPA 200.7	01080	NA	10	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>VANADIUM, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS V)</b>	µg/L	water	EPA 200.8	01085	NA	1	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>ZINC, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS ZN)</b>	ug/L	water	EPA 200.8 Rev 5.4 (1998)	01090	5	5	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>ALUMINUM, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS AL)</b>	ug/L	water	EPA 200.7 Rev 4.4 (1994)	01106	200	50	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>SELENIUM, DISSOLVED (UG/L AS SE)</b>	µg/L	water	EPA 200.8	01145	NA	2	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>TITANIUM, DISSOLVED, UG/L AS TI</b>	µg/L	water	EPA 200.8	01150	NA	1	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
*Hardness is not used for regulatory purposes but is used to assess metals in water at inland sites (estuarine sites do not require hardness analysis).References:United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Clean Water Act Analytical MethodsStandard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable versionTCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).										

<b>TABLE A6.7 Measurement Performance Specifications for LCRA biological habitat data</b>					
<b>Biological - Habitat</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
FLOW STREAM, INSTANTANEOUS (CUBIC FEET PER SEC)	cfs	Water	TCEQ SOP V2	00061	Field
BIOLOGICAL DATA	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	89888	Field
STREAM TYPE; 1=PERENNIAL 2=INTERMITTENT S/PERENNIAL POOLS 3=INTERMITTENT 4=UNKNOWN	NU	Water	NA/Calculation	89821	Field
STREAMBED SLOPE (M/KM)	M/KM	Other	NA/Calculation	72051	Field

ECOREGION LEVEL III (TEXAS ECOREGION CODE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V1	899 61	Field
AVERAGE PERCENTAGE INSTREAM COVER	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	841 59	Field
STREAM ORDER	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V2	841 61	Field
NUMBER OF LATERAL TRANSECTS MADE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 32	Field
FLOW MTH 1=GAGE 2=ELEC 3=MECH 4=WEIR/FLU 5=DOPPLER	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 35	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAM BENDS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 39	Field
NUMBER OF WELL DEFINED STREAM BENDS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 40	Field
NUMBER OF MODERATELY DEFINED STREAM BENDS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 41	Field
NUMBER OF POORLY DEFINED STREAM BENDS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 42	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF RIFFLES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 43	Field
DOMINANT SUBSTRATE TYPE(1=CLAY,2=SILT,3=SAND,4=GRAVEL,5=COBBLE,6=BOULDER, 7=BEDROCK,8=OTHER)	NU	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	898 44	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT OF SUBSTRATE GRAVEL SIZE OR LARGER	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 45	Field
AVERAGE STREAM BANK EROSION (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 46	Field
AVERAGE STREAM BANK SLOPE (DEGREES)	deg	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 47	Field
HABITAT FLOW STATUS, 1=NO FLOW, 2=LOW,3=MOD,4=HIGH	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 48	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT TREES AS RIPARIAN VEGETATION	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 49	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT SHRUBS AS RIPARIAN VEGETATION	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 50	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT GRASS AS RIPARIAN VEGETATION	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 51	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT CULTIVATED FIELDS AS RIPARIAN VEGETATION	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 52	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT OTHER AS RIPARIAN VEGETATION	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 53	Field
AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OF TREE CANOPY COVERAGE	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 54	Field
DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE MOST DOWNSTREAM TRANSECT*	km2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	898 59	Field
REACH LENGTH OF STREAM EVALUATED (M)	m	Other	NA/Calculation	898 84	Field

AVERAGE STREAM WIDTH (METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89861	Field
AVERAGE STREAM DEPTH (METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89862	Field
MAXIMUM POOL WIDTH AT TIME OF STUDY (METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89864	Field
MAXIMUM POOL DEPTH AT TIME OF STUDY(METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89865	Field
AVERAGE WIDTH OF NATURAL RIPARIAN VEGETATION (M)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89866	Field
AVERAGE WIDTH OF NATURAL RIPARIAN BUFFER ON LEFT BANK (M)	M	Other	NA/Calculation	89872	Field
AVERAGE WIDTH OF NATURAL RIPARIAN BUFFER ON RIGHT BANK (M)	m	Other	NA/Calculation	89873	Field
AESTHETICS OF REACH(1=WILD 2=NAT. 3=COMM. 4=OFF.)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89867	Field
NUMBER OF STREAM COVER TYPES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89929	Field
LAND DEVELOP IMPACT (1=UNIMP,2=LOW,3=MOD,4=HIGH)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89962	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %; LEFT BANK - TREES	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89822	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %; RIGHT BANK - TREES	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89823	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %; LEFT BANK SHRUBS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89824	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %; RIGHT BANK - SHRUBS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89825	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %: LEFT BANK - GRASSES OR FORBS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89826	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %; RIGHT BANK - GRASSES OR FORBS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89827	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %: LEFT BANK - CULTIVATED FIELDS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89828	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %: RIGHT BANK - CULTIVATED FIELDS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89829	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %: LEFT BANK - OTHER	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89830	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %: RIGHT BANK - OTHER	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89871	Field
AVAILABLE INSTREAM COVER HQI SCORE: 4=ABUNDANT 3=COMMON 2=RARE 1=ABSENT	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89874	Field
BOTTOM SUBSTRATE STABILITY HQI SCORE: 4=STABLE 3=MODERATELY STABLE 2=MODERATELY UNSTABLE 1=UNSTABLE	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89875	Field

NUMBER OF RIFFLES HQI SCORE: 4=ABUNDANT 3=COMMON 2=RARE 1=ABSENT	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	898 76	Field
DIMENSIONS OF LARGEST POOL HQI SCORE: 4=LARGE 3=MODERATE 2=SMALL 1=ABSENT	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	898 77	Field
CHANNEL FLOW STATUS HQI SCORE: 3=HIGH 2=MODERATE 1=LOW 0=NO FLOW	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	898 78	Field
BANK STABILITY HQI SCORE: 3=STABLE 2=MODERATELY STABLE 1=MODERATELY UNSTABLE 0=UNSTABLE	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	898 79	Field
CHANNEL SINUOSITY HQI SCORE: 3=HIGH 2=MODERATE 1=LOW 0=NONE	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	898 80	Field
RIPARIAN BUFFER VEGETATION HQI SCORE: 3=EXTENSIVE 2=WIDE 1=MODERATE 0=NARROW	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	898 81	Field
AESTHETICS OF REACH HQI SCORE: 3=WILDERNESS 2=NATURAL AREA 1=COMMON SETTING 0=OFFENSIVE	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	898 82	Field
HQI TOTAL SCORE	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	898 83	Field
LENGTH OF STREAM EVALUATED (KM)	KM	Other	NA/Calculation	898 60	Field
STREAMBED SLOPE (FT/FT)	FT/ FT	Other	NA/Calculation	720 52	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: LARGEST POOL MAX WIDTH (M)	M	Other	NA/Calculation	899 08	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: LARGEST POOL MAX LENGTH (	M	Other	NA/Calculation	899 09	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: LARGEST POOL MAX DEPTH (M)	M	Other	NA/Calculation	899 10	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: SMALLEST POOL MAX DEPTH (	M	Other	NA/Calculation	899 11	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: SMALLEST POOL MAX WIDTH (	M	Other	NA/Calculation	899 12	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: SMALLEST POOL MAX LENGTH	M	Other	NA/Calculation	899 13	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOLS: NUMBER OF POOLS EVALUATED	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	899 14	Field
<p>* From USGS map.</p> <p>References:  TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).  TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).</p>					

<b>TABLE A6.8 Measurement Performance Specifications for LCRA biological benthic (quantitative) data</b>					
<b>Biological - Benthics (Quantitative)</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
STREAM ORDER	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	84161	Field
BIOLOGICAL DATA	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	89888	Field
QUANTITATIVE PROTOCOLS REGIONAL BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE IBI SCORE	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	90085	Field
BENTHIC DATA REPORTING UNITS (1=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN SUB-SAMPLE, 2=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/FT <sup>2</sup> , 3=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/M <sup>2</sup> , 4=TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN SAMPLE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89899	Field
SURBER SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ. METER)	m <sup>2</sup>	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89901	Field
UNDERCUT BANK AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89921	Field
OVERHANGING BRUSH AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89922	Field
GRAVEL BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89923	Field
SAND BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89924	Field
SOFT BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89925	Field
MACROPHYTE BED AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89926	Field
SNAGS AND BRUSH AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89927	Field
BEDROCK STREAMBED AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89928	Field
HESTER-DENDY DURATION (DAYS)	days	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89933	Field
PETERSEN SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ. MTR.)	m <sup>2</sup>	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89934	Field
EKMAN SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ.METER)	m <sup>2</sup>	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89935	Field
MESH SIZE, ANY NET OR SIEVE, AVERAGE BAR (CM)	cm	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89946	Field

BENTHIC SAMPLE COLLECTION METHOD (1=SUBBER, 2=EKMAN, 3=KICKNET, 4=PETERSON, 5=HESTER DENDY, 6=SNAG, 7=HESS)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89950	Field
ECOREGION LEVEL III (TEXAS ECOREGION CODE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V1	89961	Field
AREA OF SNAG SURFACE SAMPLED (SQ.MT)	m2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89975	Field
BENTHOS ORGANISMS -NONE PRESENT (o=NONE PRESENT)	NS	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90005	Field
BENTHIC GRAZERS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90020	Field
BENTHIC GATHERERS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90025	Field
BENTHIC FILTERERS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90030	Field
TOTAL TAXA RICHNESS, BENTHOS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90055	Field
NUMBER OF DIPTERA TAXA	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90056	Field
NUMBER OF EPHEMEROPTERA TAXA	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90057	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF INTOLERANT TAXA, BENTHOS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90058	Field
EPT, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90060	Field
CHIRONOMIDAE, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90062	Field
BENTHIC SHREDDERS (% OF COMMUNITY)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90035	Field
TOTAL # OF FAMILIES IN BENTHIC SAMPLE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90012	Field
HESS SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ. METER)	m2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89956	Field
TOLERANT BENTHOS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90066	Field
DOMINANT 3 TAXA, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90067	Field
TOTAL # OF BENTHIC GENERA IN SAMPLE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90011	Field
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415). TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).					

**TABLE A6.9 Measurement Performance Specifications for LCRA biological benthic (qualitative) data**

<b>Biological - Benthics (Qualitative)</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
STREAM ORDER	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP, V1	84161	Field
BIOLOGICAL DATA	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	89888	Field
RAPID BIOASSESSMENT PROTOCOLS BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE IBI SCORE	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	90081	Field
BENTHIC DATA REPORTING UNITS (1=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN SUB-SAMPLE, 2=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/FT <sup>2</sup> , 3=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/M <sup>2</sup> , 4=TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN SAMPLE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89899	Field
DIP NET EFFORT,AREA SWEPT (SQ.METER)	m <sup>2</sup>	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89902	Field
KICKNET EFFORT,AREA KICKED (SQ.METER)	m <sup>2</sup>	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89903	Field
KICKNET EFFORT,MINUTES KICKED (MIN.)	min.	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89904	Field
DEBRIS/SHORELINE SAMPLING EFFORT, MINUTES	min.	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89905	Field
NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN BENTHIC SAMPLE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89906	Field
UNDERCUT BANK AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89921	Field
OVERHANGING BRUSH AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89922	Field
GRAVEL BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89923	Field
SAND BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89924	Field
SOFT BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89925	Field
MACROPHYTE BED AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89926	Field
SNAGS AND BRUSH AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89927	Field

BEDROCK STREAMBED AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89928	Field
PETERSEN SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ. MTR.)	m2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89934	Field
EKMAN SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ.METER)	m2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89935	Field
MESH SIZE, ANY NET OR SIEVE, AVERAGE BAR (CM)	cm	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89946	Field
BENTHIC SAMPLE COLLECTION METHOD (1= SURBER, 2=EKMAN, 3=KICKNET, 4=PETERSON, 5=HESTER DENDY, 6=SNAG, 7=HESS)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89950	Field
ECOREGION LEVEL III (TEXAS ECOREGION CODE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V1	89961	Field
BENTHOS ORGANISMS -NONE PRESENT (o=NONE PRESENT)	NS	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90005	Field
HILSENHOFF BIOTIC INDEX (HBI)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90007	Field
NUMBER OF EPT INDEX	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90008	Field
DOMINANT BENTHIC FUNCTIONAL FEEDING GRP, % OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90010	Field
BENTHIC GATHERERS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90025	Field
BENTHIC PREDATORS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90036	Field
DOMINANT TAXON, BENTHOS PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90042	Field
RATIO OF INTOLERANT TO TOLERANT TAXA, BENTHOS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90050	Field
NUMBER OF NON-INSECT TAXA	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90052	Field
ELMIDAE, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90054	Field
TOTAL TAXA RICHNESS, BENTHOS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90055	Field
CHIRONOMIDAE, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90062	Field
PERCENT OF TOTAL TRICHOPTERA INDIVIDUALS AS HYDROPSYCHIDAE	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90069	Field
TOTAL # OF BENTHIC GENERA IN SAMPLE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90011	Field
BENTHIC SHREDDERS (% OF COMMUNITY)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90035	Field
TOTAL # OF FAMILIES IN BENTHIC SAMPLE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90012	Field

HESS SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ. METER)	m2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89956	Field
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415). TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).					

**TABLE A6.10 Measurement Performance Specifications for LCRA biological nekton data**

<b>Biological - Nekton</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
STREAM ORDER	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	84161	Field
NEKTON TEXAS REGIONAL IBI SCORE	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	98123	Field
BIOLOGICAL DATA	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	89888	Field
SEINE, MINIMUM MESH SIZE, AVERAGE BAR, NEKTON, IN	IN	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89930	Field
SEINE, MAXIMUM MESH SIZE, AVG BAR, NEKTON, INCH	IN	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89931	Field
NET LENGTH (METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89941	Field
ELECTROFISHING METHOD 1=BOAT 2=BACKPACK 3=TOTEBARGE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89943	Field
ELECTROFISH EFFORT, DURATION OF SHOCKING (SEC)	SEC	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89944	Field
SEINING EFFORT (# OF SEINE HAULS)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89947	Field
COMBINED LENGTH OF SEINE HAULS (METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89948	Field
SEINING EFFORT, DURATION (MINUTES)	MIN	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89949	Field
ECOREGION LEVEL III (TEXAS ECOREGION CODE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V1	89961	Field
AREA SEINED (SQ METERS)	M2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89976	Field
NUMBER OF SPECIES, FISH	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98003	Field

NEKTON ORGANISMS-NONE PRESENT (0=NONE PRESENT)	NS	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98005	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF SUNFISH SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98008	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF INTOLERANT SPECIES, FISH	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98010	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS AS OMNIVORES, FISH	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98017	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS AS INVERTIVORES, FISH	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98021	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS AS PISCIVORES, FISH	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98022	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS WITH DISEASE OR ANOMALY	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98030	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF NATIVE CYPRINID SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98032	Field
PERCENT INDIVIDUALS AS NON-NATIVE FISH SPECIES (% OF COMMUNITY)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98033	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS SEINING	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98039	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS ELECTROFISHING	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98040	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF BENTHIC INVERTIVORE SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98052	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF BENTHIC FISH SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98053	Field
NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS PER SEINE HAUL	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98062	Field
NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS PER MINUTE ELECTROFISHING	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98069	Field
PERCENT INDIVIDUALS AS TOLERANT FISH SPECIES (EXCLUDING WESTERN MOSQUITOFISH)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98070	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF SUCKER SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98009	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS AS HYBRIDS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98024	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN SAMPLE, FISH	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98023	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS AS TOLERANTS, FISH	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98016	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF DARTER SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98004	Field

References:

TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).

TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).

**TABLE A6.11 Measurement Performance Specifications for UCRA field data**

<b>Field Parameters</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b>TEMPERATURE, WATER (DEGREES CENTIGRADE)</b>	DEG C	water	SM 2550 B and TCEQ SOP V1	00010	Field
<b>TRANSPARENCY, SECCHI DISC (METERS)</b>	meters	water	TCEQ SOP V1	00078	Field
<b>SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, FIELD (US/CM @ 25C)</b>	us/cm	water	EPA 120.1 and TCEQ SOP, V1	00094	Field
<b>OXYGEN, DISSOLVED (MG/L)</b>	mg/L	water	SM 4500-O G and TCEQ SOP V1	00300	Field
<b>OXYGEN, DISSOLVED (% SATURATION)</b>	%	water	SM 4500-O G and TCEQ SOP V2	00301	Field
<b>PH (STANDARD UNITS)</b>	s.u.	water	EPA 150.1 and TCEQ SOP V1	00400	Field
<b>DAYS SINCE PRECIPITATION EVENT (DAYS)</b>	days	other	TCEQ SOP V1	72053	Field
<b>RESERVOIR STAGE (FEET ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL)***</b>	FT ABOVE MSL	water	TWDB	00052	Field
<b>RESERVOIR PERCENT FULL***</b>	% RESERVOIR CAPACITY	water	TWDB	00053	Field
<b>RESERVOIR ACCESS NOT POSSIBLE LEVEL TOO LOW ENTER 1 IF REPORTING</b>	NS	other	TCEQ Drought Guidance	00051	Field
<b>TURBIDITY, FIELD NEPHELOMETRIC TURBIDITY UNITS, NTU</b>	NTU	water	SM 2130B	82078	Field
<b>MAXIMUM POOL WIDTH AT TIME OF STUDY (METERS)**</b>	meters	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89864	Field
<b>MAXIMUM POOL DEPTH AT TIME OF STUDY(METERS)**</b>	meters	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89865	Field
<b>POOL LENGTH, METERS**</b>	meters	other	TCEQ SOP	89869	Field

			V2		
% POOL COVERAGE IN 500 METER REACH**	%	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89870	Field
WIND INTENSITY (1=CALM,2=SLIGHT,3=MOD.,4=STRONG)	NU	other	NA	89965	Field
PRESENT WEATHER (1=CLEAR,2=PTCLDY,3=CLDY,4=RAIN,5=OTHER)	NU	other	NA	89966	Field
<p>* Reporting to be consistent with SWQM guidance and based on measurement capability.  ** To be routinely reported when collecting data from perennial pools.  *** As published by the Texas Water Development Board on their website  <a href="https://www.waterdatafortexas.org/reservoirs/statewide">https://www.waterdatafortexas.org/reservoirs/statewide</a></p> <p>References:  United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Clean Water Act Analytical Methods Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version  TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).  TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).</p>					

<b>TABLE A6.12 Measurement Performance Specifications for UCRA flow data</b>					
<b>Flow Parameters</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b>FLOW STREAM, INSTANTANEOUS (CUBIC FEET PER SEC)</b>	cfs	water	TCEQ SOP V1	00061	Field
<b>FLOW SEVERITY:1=No Flow,2=Low,3=Normal,4=Flood,5=High,6=Dry</b>	NU	water	TCEQ SOP V1	01351	Field
STREAM FLOW ESTIMATE (CFS)	cfs	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	74069	Field
<b>FLOW MTH 1=GAGE 2=ELEC 3=MECH 4=WEIR/FLU 5=DOPPLER</b>	NU	other	TCEQ SOP V1	89835	Field
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).					

**TABLE A6.13 Measurement Performance Specifications for UCRA conventional data**

**Conventional Parameters in Water**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>TCEQ AWRL</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>LOQ Check Sample %Rec</b>	<b>Precision (RPD)</b>	<b>Bias %Rec. of LCS</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b>NITROGEN, KJELDAHL, TOTAL (MG/L AS N)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 351.2	00625	0.2	0.2	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
<b>NITRITE PLUS NITRATE, TOTAL ONE LAB DETERMINED VALUE (MG/L AS N)</b>	mg/L	water	SM 4500-NO <sub>3</sub> H	00630	0.05	0.02	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
<b>PHOSPHORUS, TOTAL, WET METHOD (MG/L AS P)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 365.4	00665	0.06	0.02	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
<b>CHLORIDE (MG/L AS CL)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 (1993)	00940	5	5	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
<b>SULFATE (MG/L AS SO<sub>4</sub>)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 (1993)	00945	5	5	70–130	20	80–120	ELS
<b>PHEOPHYTIN-A UG/L FLUOROMETRIC METHOD</b>	µg/L	Water	EPA 445	32213	3	2	NA	NA	NA	ELS
<b>RESIDUE, TOT DISS, UNSPEC CALC BASED ON COND (MG/</b>	mg/L	water	calculation	70294	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ELS
<b>CHLOROPHYLL-A, FLUOROMETRIC METHOD, UG/L</b>	µg/L	water	EPA 445.0	70953	3	2	NA	20	80–120	ELS

References:

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Clean Water Act Analytical Methods Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).

<b>TABLE A6.14 Measurement Performance Specifications for UCRA bacteria data</b>										
<b>Bacteriological Parameters in Water</b>										
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>TCEQ AWRL</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>LOQ Check Sample %Rec</b>	<b>Log Difference of Duplicates</b>	<b>Bias %Rec. of LCS</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b>E. COLI, COLILERT, IDEXX METHOD, MPN/100ML</b>	MPN/100 mL	water	SM 9223-B**	31699	1	1	NA	0.50*	NA	ELS
<b>E.COLI, COLILERT, IDEXX, HOLDING TIME</b>	hours	water	NA	31704	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ELS
<p>* This value is not expressed as a relative percent difference. It represents the maximum allowable difference between the logarithm of the result of a sample and the logarithm of the duplicate result. See Section B4.</p> <p>** <i>E.coli</i> samples analyzed by these methods should always be processed as soon as possible and within 8 hours. When transport conditions necessitate delays in delivery longer than 6 hours, the holding time may be extended and samples must be processed as soon as possible and within 30 hours.</p> <p>References: Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Section 11, Water and Environmental Technology, Volume 11.02, Water TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).</p>										

Table A6.15 – Measurement Performance Specifications for UCRA diel data

<b>TABLE A6.15 Measurement Performance Specifications for UCRA diel data</b>						
<b>24 Hour Parameters in Water</b>						
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>	
TEMPERATURE, WATER (DEGREES CENTIGRADE), 24HR AVG	DEG C	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00209	field	
WATER TEMPERATURE, DEGREES CENTIGRADE, 24HR MAX	DEG C	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00210	field	
TEMPERATURE, WATER (DEGREES CENTIGRADE) 24HR MIN	DEG C	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00211	field	

SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, US/CM, FIELD, 24HR AVG	uS/cm	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00212	field
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, US/CM, FIELD, 24HR MAX	uS/cm	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00213	field
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, US/CM, FIELD, 24HR MIN	uS/cm	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00214	field
PH, S.U., 24HR MAXIMUM VALUE	std. units	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00215	field
PH, S.U., 24HR, MINIMUM VALUE	std. units	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00216	field
WATER TEMPERATURE, # OF MEASUREMENTS IN 24-HRS	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00221	field
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, # OF MEASUREMENTS IN 24-HRS	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00222	field
pH, # OF MEASUREMENTS IN 24-HRS	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	00223	field
<b>DISSOLVED OXYGEN, 24-HOUR MIN. (MG/L) MIN. 4 MEA</b>	mg/l	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	89855	field
<b>DISSOLVED OXYGEN, 24-HOUR MAX. (MG/L) MIN. 4 MEA</b>	mg/l	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	89856	field
<b>DISSOLVED OXYGEN, 24-HOUR AVG. (MG/L) MIN. 4 MEA</b>	mg/l	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	89857	field
<b>DISSOLVED OXYGEN, # OF MEASUREMENTS IN 24-HRS</b>	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	89858	field
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).					

<b>TABLE A6.16 Measurement Performance Specifications for UCRA biological habitat data</b>					
<b>Biological - Habitat</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
FLOW STREAM, INSTANTANEOUS (CUBIC FEET PER SEC)	cfs	Water	TCEQ SOP V2	00061	Field
BIOLOGICAL DATA	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	89888	Field
STREAM TYPE; 1=PERENNIAL 2=INTERMITTENT S/PERENNIAL POOLS 3=INTERMITTENT 4=UNKNOWN	NU	Water	NA/Calculation	89821	Field
STREAMBED SLOPE (M/KM)	M/ KM	Other	NA/Calculation	72051	Field

ECOREGION LEVEL III (TEXAS ECOREGION CODE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V1	89961	Field
AVERAGE PERCENTAGE INSTREAM COVER	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	84159	Field
STREAM ORDER	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V2	84161	Field
NUMBER OF LATERAL TRANSECTS MADE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89832	Field
FLOW MTH 1=GAGE 2=ELEC 3=MECH 4=WEIR/FLU 5=DOPPLER	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89835	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAM BENDS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89839	Field
NUMBER OF WELL DEFINED STREAM BENDS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89840	Field
NUMBER OF MODERATELY DEFINED STREAM BENDS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89841	Field
NUMBER OF POORLY DEFINED STREAM BENDS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89842	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF RIFFLES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89843	Field
DOMINANT SUBSTRATE TYPE(1=CLAY,2=SILT,3=SAND,4=GRAVEL,5=COBBLE,6=BOULDER,7=BEDROCK,8=OTHER )	NU	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89844	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT OF SUBSTRATE GRAVEL SIZE OR LARGER	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89845	Field
AVERAGE STREAM BANK EROSION (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89846	Field
AVERAGE STREAM BANK SLOPE (DEGREES)	deg	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89847	Field
HABITAT FLOW STATUS, 1=NO FLOW, 2=LOW,3=MOD,4=HIGH	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89848	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT TREES AS RIPARIAN VEGETATION	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89849	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT SHRUBS AS RIPARIAN VEGETATION	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89850	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT GRASS AS RIPARIAN VEGETATION	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89851	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT CULTIVATED FIELDS AS RIPARIAN VEGETATION	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89852	Field
AVERAGE PERCENT OTHER AS RIPARIAN VEGETATION	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89853	Field
AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OF TREE CANOPY COVERAGE	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89854	Field
DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE MOST DOWNSTREAM TRANSECT*	km2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89859	Field

REACH LENGTH OF STREAM EVALUATED (M)	m	Other	NA/Calculation	89884	Field
AVERAGE STREAM WIDTH (METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89861	Field
AVERAGE STREAM DEPTH (METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89862	Field
MAXIMUM POOL WIDTH AT TIME OF STUDY (METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89864	Field
MAXIMUM POOL DEPTH AT TIME OF STUDY(METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89865	Field
AVERAGE WIDTH OF NATURAL RIPARIAN VEGETATION (M)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89866	Field
AVERAGE WIDTH OF NATURAL RIPARIAN BUFFER ON LEFT BANK (M)	M	Other	NA/Calculation	89872	Field
AVERAGE WIDTH OF NATURAL RIPARIAN BUFFER ON RIGHT BANK (M)	m	Other	NA/Calculation	89873	Field
AESTHETICS OF REACH(1=WILD 2=NAT. 3=COMM. 4=OFF.)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89867	Field
NUMBER OF STREAM COVER TYPES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89929	Field
LAND DEVELOP IMPACT (1=UNIMP,2=LOW,3=MOD,4=HIGH)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89962	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %; LEFT BANK - TREES	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89822	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %; RIGHT BANK - TREES	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89823	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %; LEFT BANK SHRUBS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89824	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %; RIGHT BANK - SHRUBS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89825	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %: LEFT BANK - GRASSES OR FORBS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89826	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %; RIGHT BANK - GRASSES OR FORBS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89827	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %: LEFT BANK - CULTIVATED FIELDS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89828	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %: RIGHT BANK - CULTIVATED FIELDS	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89829	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %: LEFT BANK - OTHER	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89830	Field
RIPARIAN VEGETATION %: RIGHT BANK - OTHER	%	Other	NA/Calculation	89871	Field
AVAILABLE INSTREAM COVER HQI SCORE: 4=ABUNDANT 3=COMMON 2=RARE 1=ABSENT	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89874	Field

BOTTOM SUBSTRATE STABILITY HQI SCORE: 4=STABLE 3=MODERATELY STABLE 2=MODERATELY UNSTABLE 1=UNSTABLE	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89875	Field
NUMBER OF RIFFLES HQI SCORE: 4=ABUNDANT 3=COMMON 2=RARE 1=ABSENT	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	89876	Field
DIMENSIONS OF LARGEST POOL HQI SCORE: 4=LARGE 3=MODERATE 2=SMALL 1=ABSENT	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89877	Field
CHANNEL FLOW STATUS HQI SCORE: 3=HIGH 2=MODERATE 1=LOW 0=NO FLOW	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89878	Field
BANK STABILITY HQI SCORE: 3=STABLE 2=MODERATELY STABLE 1=MODERATELY UNSTABLE 0=UNSTABLE	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89879	Field
CHANNEL SINUOSITY HQI SCORE: 3=HIGH 2=MODERATE 1=LOW 0=NONE	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89880	Field
RIPARIAN BUFFER VEGETATION HQI SCORE: 3=EXTENSIVE 2=WIDE 1=MODERATE 0=NARROW	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89881	Field
AESTHETICS OF REACH HQI SCORE: 3=WILDERNESS 2=NATURAL AREA 1=COMMON SETTING 0=OFFENSIVE	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89882	Field
HQI TOTAL SCORE	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89883	Field
LENGTH OF STREAM EVALUATED (KM)	KM	Other	NA/Calculation	89860	Field
STREAMBED SLOPE (FT/FT)	FT/ FT	Other	NA/Calculation	72052	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: LARGEST POOL MAX WIDTH (M)	M	Other	NA/Calculation	89908	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: LARGEST POOL MAX LENGTH (	M	Other	NA/Calculation	89909	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: LARGEST POOL MAX DEPTH (M)	M	Other	NA/Calculation	89910	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: SMALLEST POOL MAX DEPTH (	M	Other	NA/Calculation	89911	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: SMALLEST POOL MAX WIDTH (	M	Other	NA/Calculation	89912	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOL: SMALLEST POOL MAX LENGTH	M	Other	NA/Calculation	89913	Field
NO FLOW ISOLATED POOLS: NUMBER OF POOLS EVALUATED	NU	Other	NA/Calculation	89914	Field
* From USGS map.					
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415). TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).					

**TABLE A6.17 Measurement Performance Specifications for UCRA biological benthic (quantitative) data**

<b>Biological - Benthics (Quantitative)</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
STREAM ORDER	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	84161	Field
BIOLOGICAL DATA	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	89888	Field
QUANTITATIVE PROTOCOLS REGIONAL BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE IBI SCORE	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	90085	Field
BENTHIC DATA REPORTING UNITS (1=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN SUB-SAMPLE, 2=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/FT <sup>2</sup> , 3=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/M <sup>2</sup> , 4=TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN SAMPLE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89899	Field
SURBER SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ. METER)	m <sup>2</sup>	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89901	Field
UNDERCUT BANK AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89921	Field
OVERHANGING BRUSH AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89922	Field
GRAVEL BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89923	Field
SAND BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89924	Field
SOFT BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89925	Field
MACROPHYTE BED AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89926	Field
SNAGS AND BRUSH AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89927	Field
BEDROCK STREAMBED AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89928	Field
HESTER-DENDY DURATION (DAYS)	days	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89933	Field
PETERSEN SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ. MTR.)	m <sup>2</sup>	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89934	Field
EKMAN SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ.METER)	m <sup>2</sup>	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89935	Field
MESH SIZE, ANY NET OR SIEVE, AVERAGE BAR (CM)	cm	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89946	Field

BENTHIC SAMPLE COLLECTION METHOD (1=SUBER, 2=EKMAN, 3=KICKNET, 4=PETERSON, 5=HESTER DENDY, 6=SNAG, 7=HESS)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89950	Field
ECOREGION LEVEL III (TEXAS ECOREGION CODE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V1	89961	Field
AREA OF SNAG SURFACE SAMPLED (SQ.MT)	m2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89975	Field
BENTHOS ORGANISMS -NONE PRESENT (0=NONE PRESENT)	NS	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90005	Field
BENTHIC GRAZERS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90020	Field
BENTHIC GATHERERS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90025	Field
BENTHIC FILTERERS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90030	Field
TOTAL TAXA RICHNESS, BENTHOS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90055	Field
NUMBER OF DIPTERA TAXA	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90056	Field
NUMBER OF EPHEMEROPTERA TAXA	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90057	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF INTOLERANT TAXA, BENTHOS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90058	Field
EPT, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90060	Field
CHIRONOMIDAE, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90062	Field
BENTHIC SHREDDERS (% OF COMMUNITY)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90035	Field
TOTAL # OF FAMILIES IN BENTHIC SAMPLE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90012	Field
HESS SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ. METER)	m2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89956	Field
TOLERANT BENTHOS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90066	Field
DOMINANT 3 TAXA, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90067	Field
TOTAL # OF BENTHIC GENERA IN SAMPLE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90011	Field
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415). TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).					

**TABLE A6.18 Measurement Performance Specifications for UCRA biological benthic (qualitative) data**

<b>Biological - Benthics (Qualitative)</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
STREAM ORDER	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP, V1	84161	Field
BIOLOGICAL DATA	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	89888	Field
RAPID BIOASSESSMENT PROTOCOLS BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE IBI SCORE	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	90081	Field
BENTHIC DATA REPORTING UNITS (1=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN SUB-SAMPLE, 2=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/FT <sup>2</sup> , 3=NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/M <sup>2</sup> , 4=TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN SAMPLE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89899	Field
DIP NET EFFORT, AREA SWEEP (SQ.METER)	m <sup>2</sup>	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89902	Field
KICKNET EFFORT, AREA KICKED (SQ.METER)	m <sup>2</sup>	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89903	Field
KICKNET EFFORT, MINUTES KICKED (MIN.)	min.	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89904	Field
DEBRIS/SHORELINE SAMPLING EFFORT, MINUTES	min.	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89905	Field
NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN BENTHIC SAMPLE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89906	Field
UNDERCUT BANK AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89921	Field
OVERHANGING BRUSH AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89922	Field
GRAVEL BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89923	Field
SAND BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89924	Field
SOFT BOTTOM AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89925	Field
MACROPHYTE BED AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89926	Field
SNAGS AND BRUSH AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89927	Field

BEDROCK STREAMBED AT COLLECTION POINT (%)	%	Sediment	TCEQ SOP V2	89928	Field
PETERSEN SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ. MTR.)	m2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89934	Field
EKMAN SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ.METER)	m2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89935	Field
MESH SIZE, ANY NET OR SIEVE, AVERAGE BAR (CM)	cm	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89946	Field
BENTHIC SAMPLE COLLECTION METHOD (1=SUBBER, 2=EKMAN, 3=KICKNET, 4=PETERSON, 5=HESTER DENDY, 6=SNAG, 7=HESS)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89950	Field
ECOREGION LEVEL III (TEXAS ECOREGION CODE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V1	89961	Field
BENTHOS ORGANISMS -NONE PRESENT (o=NONE PRESENT)	NS	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90005	Field
HILSENHOFF BIOTIC INDEX (HBI)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90007	Field
NUMBER OF EPT INDEX	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90008	Field
DOMINANT BENTHIC FUNCTIONAL FEEDING GRP, % OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90010	Field
BENTHIC GATHERERS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90025	Field
BENTHIC PREDATORS, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90036	Field
DOMINANT TAXON, BENTHOS PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90042	Field
RATIO OF INTOLERANT TO TOLERANT TAXA, BENTHOS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90050	Field
NUMBER OF NON-INSECT TAXA	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90052	Field
ELMIDAE, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90054	Field
TOTAL TAXA RICHNESS, BENTHOS	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90055	Field
CHIRONOMIDAE, PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90062	Field
PERCENT OF TOTAL TRICHOPTERA INDIVIDUALS AS HYDROPSYCHIDAE	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90069	Field
TOTAL # OF BENTHIC GENERA IN SAMPLE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90011	Field
BENTHIC SHREDDERS (% OF COMMUNITY)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90035	Field
TOTAL # OF FAMILIES IN BENTHIC SAMPLE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	90012	Field

HESS SAMPLER EFFORT, AREA SAMPLED (SQ. METER)	m2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89956	Field
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415). TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).					

<b>TABLE A6.19 Measurement Performance Specifications for UCRA biological nekton data</b>					
<b>Biological - Nekton</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
STREAM ORDER	NU	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	84161	Field
NEKTON TEXAS REGIONAL IBI SCORE	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	98123	Field
BIOLOGICAL DATA	NS	Other	NA/Calculation	89888	Field
SEINE, MINIMUM MESH SIZE, AVERAGE BAR, NEKTON,IN	IN	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89930	Field
SEINE, MAXIMUM MESH SIZE, AVG BAR, NEKTON,INCH	IN	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89931	Field
NET LENGTH (METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89941	Field
ELECTROFISHING METHOD 1=BOAT 2=BACKPACK 3=TOTEBARGE	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89943	Field
ELECTROFISH EFFORT, DURATION OF SHOCKING (SEC)	SEC	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89944	Field
SEINING EFFORT (# OF SEINE HAULS)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89947	Field
COMBINED LENGTH OF SEINE HAULS (METERS)	M	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89948	Field
SEINING EFFORT, DURATION (MINUTES)	MIN	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89949	Field
ECOREGION LEVEL III (TEXAS ECOREGION CODE)	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V1	89961	Field
AREA SEINED (SQ METERS)	M2	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	89976	Field
NUMBER OF SPECIES, FISH	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98003	Field
NEKTON ORGANISMS-NONE PRESENT (0=NONE PRESENT)	NS	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98005	Field

TOTAL NUMBER OF SUNFISH SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98008	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF INTOLERANT SPECIES, FISH	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98010	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS AS OMNIVORES, FISH	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98017	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS AS INVERTIVORES, FISH	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98021	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS AS PISCIVORES, FISH	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98022	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS WITH DISEASE OR ANOMALY	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98030	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF NATIVE CYPRINID SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98032	Field
PERCENT INDIVIDUALS AS NON-NATIVE FISH SPECIES (% OF COMMUNITY)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98033	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS SEINING	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98039	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS ELECTROFISHING	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98040	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF BENTHIC INVERTIVORE SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98052	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF BENTHIC FISH SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98053	Field
NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS PER SEINE HAUL	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98062	Field
NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS PER MINUTE ELECTROFISHING	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98069	Field
PERCENT INDIVIDUALS AS TOLERANT FISH SPECIES (EXCLUDING WESTERN MOSQUITOFISH)	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98070	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF SUCKER SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98009	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS AS HYBRIDS	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98024	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS IN SAMPLE, FISH	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98023	Field
PERCENT OF INDIVIDUALS AS TOLERANTS, FISH	%	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98016	Field
TOTAL NUMBER OF DARTER SPECIES	NU	Other	TCEQ SOP V2	98004	Field

References:

TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).  
 TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).

**TABLE A6.20 Measurement Performance Specifications for COA field data**

**Field Parameters**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b>TEMPERATURE, WATER (DEGREES CENTIGRADE)</b>	DEG C	water	SM 2550 B and TCEQ SOP V1	00010	Field
<b>TRANSPARENCY, SECCHI DISC (METERS)</b>	meters	water	TCEQ SOP V1	00078	Field
<b>SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, FIELD (US/CM @ 25C)</b>	us/cm	water	EPA 120.1 and TCEQ SOP, V1	00094	Field
<b>OXYGEN, DISSOLVED (MG/L)</b>	mg/L	water	SM 4500-O G and TCEQ SOP V1	00300	Field
<b>PH (STANDARD UNITS)</b>	s.u.	water	EPA 150.1 and TCEQ SOP V1	00400	Field
<b>DAYS SINCE PRECIPITATION EVENT (DAYS)</b>	days	other	TCEQ SOP V1	72053	Field

References:

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Clean Water Act Analytical Methods  
 Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version  
 TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).  
 TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).

<b>TABLE A6.21 Measurement Performance Specifications for COA flow data</b>					
<b>Flow Parameters</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b>FLOW STREAM, INSTANTANEOUS (CUBIC FEET PER SEC)</b>	cfs	water	TCEQ SOP V1	00061	Field
<b>FLOW SEVERITY:1=No Flow,2=Low,3=Normal,4=Flood,5=High,6=Dry</b>	NU	water	TCEQ SOP V1	01351	Field
STREAM FLOW ESTIMATE (CFS)	cfs	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	74069	Field
<b>FLOW MTH 1=GAGE 2=ELEC 3=MECH 4=WEIR/FLU 5=DOPPLER</b>	NU	other	TCEQ SOP V1	89835	Field
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).					

<b>TABLE A6.22 Measurement Performance Specifications for COA conventional data</b>										
<b>Conventional Parameters in Water</b>										
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>TCEQ AWRL</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>LOQ Check Sample %Rec</b>	<b>Precision (RPD)</b>	<b>Bias %Rec. of LCS</b>	<b>Lab</b>
RESIDUE, TOTAL NONFILTRABLE (MG/L)	mg/L	water	SM 2540D	00530	5	5	NA	NA	NA	DHL
<b>NITROGEN, AMMONIA, TOTAL (MG/L AS N)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 350.1 Rev. 2.0 (1993)	00610	0.1	0.1	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>NITROGEN, KJELDAHL, TOTAL (MG/L AS N)</b>	mg/L	water	SM 4500-N <sub>org</sub> B or C and SM 4500-NH <sub>3</sub> B	00625	0.2	0.2	70-130	20	80-120	AQUA TECH*
NITRITE PLUS NITRATE, TOTAL ONE LAB DETERMINED VALUE (MG/L AS N)	mg/L	water	SM 4500-NO <sub>3</sub> E	00630	0.05	0.05	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>PHOSPHORUS, TOTAL, WET METHOD (MG/L AS P)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 365.3	00665	0.06	0.06	70-130	20	80-120	DHL

<b>CHLORIDE (MG/L AS CL)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 (1993)	00940	5	5	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>SULFATE (MG/L AS SO4)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 (1993)	00945	5	5	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>ORTHOPHOSPHATE PHOSPHORUS, DISS, MG/L, FILTER &gt;15MIN</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 365.3	70507	0.04	0.01	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>CHLOROPHYLL-A, FLUOROMETRIC METHOD, UG/L</b>	µg/L	water	EPA 445.0	70953	3	3	NA	20	80-120	DHL

\*DHL sub to Aqua Tech Laboratories

References:

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Clean Water Act Analytical Methods Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).

<b>TABLE A6.23 Measurement Performance Specifications for COA bacteria data</b>										
<b>Bacteriological Parameters in Water</b>										
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>TCEQ AWRL</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>LOQ Check Sample %Rec</b>	<b>Log Difference of Duplicates</b>	<b>Bias %Rec. of LCS</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b><i>E. COLI</i>, COLILERT, IDEXX METHOD, MPN/100ML</b>	MPN/100 mL	water	SM 9223-B**	31699	1	1	NA	0.50*	NA	AQUA TECH***
<b><i>E. COLI</i>, COLILERT, IDEXX, HOLDING TIME</b>	hours	water	NA	31704	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	AQUA TECH***

\* This value is not expressed as a relative percent difference. It represents the maximum allowable difference between the logarithm of the result of a sample and the logarithm of the duplicate result. See Section B4.  
\*\* *E.coli* samples analyzed by these methods should always be processed as soon as possible and within 8 hours. When transport conditions necessitate delays in delivery longer than 6 hours, the holding time may be extended and samples must be processed as soon as possible and within 30 hours.  
\*\*\*DHL sub to Aqua Tech Laboratories

References:  
Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Section 11, Water and Environmental Technology, Volume 11.02, Water TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).

**TABLE A6.24 Measurement Performance Specifications for COA metals in sediment data**

<b>Metals in Sediment</b>										
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>TCEQ AWRL</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>LOQ Check Sample %Rec</b>	<b>Precision (RPD)</b>	<b>Bias %Rec. of LCS</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b>ARSENIC, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (MG/KG AS AS DRY WT)</b>	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 6020	01003	16.5	1	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>CADMIUM, TOTAL, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (MG/KG, DRY WT)</b>	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 6020	01028	2.49	0.3	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>CHROMIUM, TOTAL, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (MG/KG, DRY WT)</b>	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 6020	01029	55.5	2	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>COPPER, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (MG/KG AS CU DRY WT)</b>	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 6020	01043	74.5	2	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>LEAD, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (MG/KG AS PB DRY WT)</b>	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 6020	01052	64	0.3	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>NICKEL, TOTAL, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (MG/KG, DRY WT)</b>	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 6020	01068	24.3	2	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>SILVER, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (MG/KG AS AG DRY WT)</b>	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 6020	01078	1.1	0.2	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>ZINC, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (MG/KG AS ZN DRY WT)</b>	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 6020	01093	205	2.5	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>IRON, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (MG/KG AS FE DRY WT)</b>	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 6020	01170	20000	37.5	70-130	20	80-120	DHL
<b>MERCURY, TOTAL IN BOT. DEPOS. (MG/KG) AS HG DRY WG</b>	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 7471	71921	0.355	0.04	60-140	25	85-115	DHL

<b>SEDIMENT PRCTL.SIZE CLASS &gt;2.0MM GRAVEL %DRY WT*</b>	% DRY WT	sediment	SSSA	80256	NA	NA	NA	%gravel - 30	NA	TAMU **
<b>SOLIDS IN SEDIMENT, PERCENT BY WEIGHT (DRY)</b>	% BY WT	sediment	ASTM D2216	81373	NA	NA	NA	30	NA	DHL
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON, NPOC(TOC), SED DRY WT, MG/KG*	mg/kg	sediment	EPA 9060	81951	NA	1500	65-135	30	65-135	ALS-HOU ***
<b>PARTICLE SIZE, 0.05-0.002mm SILT, DRYWT, SEDIMENT*</b>	%	sediment	SSSA	49906	NA	NA	NA	%silt - 30	NA	TAMU **
<b>PARTICLE SIZE, CLAY0.002-0.0002mm DRYWT, SEDIMENT%*</b>	%	sediment	SSSA	49900	NA	NA	NA	%clay - 30	NA	TAMU **
<b>SEDIMENT PRCTL.SIZE CLASS, SAND .05-2 MM %DRYWT*</b>	%	sediment	SSSA	49925	NA	NA	NA	%sand - 30	NA	TAMU **

\*Sediment conventionals are not used for regulatory purposes but are extremely important in determining the availability of sediment toxics. Sediment grain size and TOC are recommended when analyzing metals and/or organics in sediment.

\*\* DHL sub to Texas A&M (TAMU) AgriLife Extension Laboratory

\*\*\*DHL sub to ALS Houston Laboratory

References:

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes, Manual #EPA-600/4-79-020

U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Title 40: Protection of Environment, Part 136

American Public Health Association (APHA), American Water Works Association (AWWA), and Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022.

TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).

Soil Science Society of America (SSSA) - Day, P.R. 1965. Particle fractionation and particle-size analysis. p. 545-567. In: C.A. Black, et al. (ed.). Methods of Soil Analysis: Part 1. Agronomy Monogr. 9. ASA and SSSA, Madison, WI.

<b>TABLE A6.25 Measurement Performance Specifications for COA organics in sediment data</b>										
<b>Organics in Sediment</b>										
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>TCEQ AWRL</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>LOQ Check Sample</b>	<b>Precision (mm)</b>	<b>Bias %Rec. of LCS</b>	<b>Lab</b>

<b>ACENAPHTHYLENE, DRY WT, BOTTOM (UG/KG)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34203	65	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>ACENAPHTHENE, DRY WT, BOTTOM (UG/KG)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34208	44.5	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>ANTHRACENE DRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34223	422.5	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE, SEDIMENTS, DRY WT, UG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34233	NA	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE DRY WT BOT UG/KG</b>	UG/KG	sediment	EPA 8270	34245	NA	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>BENZO-A-PYRENE DRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34250	725	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>CHRYSENE DRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34323	645	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>FLUORANTHENE DRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34379	1115	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>FLUORENE DRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34384	268	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>INDENO (1,2,3-CD) PYRENE DRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34406	NA	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>NAPHTHALENE DRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34445	280.5	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>PHENANTHRENE DRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34464	585	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>PYRENE DRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34472	760	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>BENZO(GHI)PERYLENE<sub>1,12</sub>-BENZOPERYLENDRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34524	NA	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>1,2,5,6-DIBENZANTHRACENE DRY WT BOTUG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	34559	70	10	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>PCP (PENTACHLOROPHENOL) IN BOT DEPOS DRY UG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	39061	NA	133	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>BHC-ALPHA ISOMER, BOTTOM DEPOS (UG/KG DRY SOL)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	39076	50	6	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>ALDRIN, BOTTOM DEPOS. (UG/KG DRY SOLIDS)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	39333	40	6	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>CHLORDANE (TECH MIX &amp; METABS) SED, DRY WT, UG/KG</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	39351	2.4	2	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>DIELDRIN IN BOTTOM DEPOS. (UG/KG DRY SOLIDS)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	39383	2.15	2	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>ENDRIN IN BOTTOM DEPOS. (UG/KG DRY SOLIDS)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	39393	103.5	6	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>TOXAPHENE IN BOTTOM DEPOS. (UG/KG DRY</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	39403	16	250*	40-160	30	40-160	DHL

<b>SOLIDS)</b>										
<b>PCBS, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (UG/KG DRY SOLIDS)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8082	39519	90	50	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>DIAZINON IN BOT. DEPOS. (UG/KG DRY SOLIDS)**</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	39571	NA	6	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>GUTHION, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (UG/KG DRY SOLIDS)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	39581	NA	6	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>2,4-D, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (UG/KG DRY SOLIDS)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8321	39731	NA	40	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>2,4,5-T, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (UG/KG DRY SOLIDS)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8321	39741	NA	40	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>SILVEX, BOTTOM DEPOSITS (UG/KG DRY SOLIDS)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8321	39761	NA	40	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>DEMETON IN SEDIMENT (SYSTOX) DRY WEIGHT (UG/KG)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	82400	NA	6	40-160	30	40-160	DHL
<b>METHYL PARATHION, IN BOT. DEPOS., (UG/KG DRY SOLIDS)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8270	39601	NA	6	10-400	30	40-160	DHL
<b>DICAMBA, (BANVEL) SED, DRYWT (UG/KG)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8321	38444	NA	400	10-400	30	56-133	DHL
<b>DINOSEB, SED DRYWT, (UG/KG)</b>	µg/kg	sediment	EPA 8321	38781	NA	40	10-300	30	20-142	DHL

\*Due to GCMS instrument technology, the laboratory is above the TCEQ-AWRL

\*\*Diazinon by EPA 8270 is not offered by TCEQ's Field of Accreditation eventhough it is an approved EPA method. According to 30 TAC 25, Section 25.6, TCEQ may accept data where the analytical lab provides data for which the commission does not offer accreditation.

References:

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes, Manual #EPA-600/4-79-020

American Public Health Association (APHA), American Water Works Association (AWWA), and Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022.

TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).

<b>TABLE A6.26 Measurement Performance Specifications for Travis County field data</b>					
<b>Field Parameters</b>					
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>Lab</b>

<b>TEMPERATURE, WATER (DEGREES CENTIGRADE)</b>	DEG C	water	SM 2550 B and TCEQ SOP V1	00010	Field
<b>TRANSPARENCY, SECCHI DISC (METERS)</b>	meters	water	TCEQ SOP V1	00078	Field
<b>SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE, FIELD (US/CM @ 25C)</b>	us/cm	water	EPA 120.1 and TCEQ SOP, V1	00094	Field
<b>OXYGEN, DISSOLVED (MG/L)</b>	mg/L	water	SM 4500-O G and TCEQ SOP V1	00300	Field
<b>OXYGEN, DISSOLVED (% SATURATION)</b>	%	water	SM 4500-O G and TCEQ SOP V2	00301	Field
<b>PH (STANDARD UNITS)</b>	s.u.	water	EPA 150.1 and TCEQ SOP V1	00400	Field
<b>DAYS SINCE PRECIPITATION EVENT (DAYS)</b>	days	other	TCEQ SOP V1	72053	Field
<b>TURBIDITY, FIELD NEPHELOMETRIC TURBIDITY UNITS, NTU</b>	NTU	water	SM 2130B	82078	Field
<b>MAXIMUM POOL WIDTH AT TIME OF STUDY (METERS)**</b>	meters	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89864	Field
<b>MAXIMUM POOL DEPTH AT TIME OF STUDY(METERS)**</b>	meters	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89865	Field
<b>POOL LENGTH, METERS**</b>	meters	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89869	Field
<b>% POOL COVERAGE IN 500 METER REACH**</b>	%	other	TCEQ SOP V2	89870	Field
<b>WIND INTENSITY (1=CALM,2=SLIGHT,3=MOD.,4=STRONG)</b>	NU	other	NA	89965	Field
<b>PRESENT WEATHER (1=CLEAR,2=PTCLDY,3=CLDY,4=RAIN,5=OTHER)</b>	NU	other	NA	89966	Field

\*\* To be routinely reported when collecting data from perennial pools.

References:

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Clean Water Act Analytical Methods Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version  
TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).  
TCEQ SOP, V2 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data, 2014 (RG-416).

**TABLE A6.27 Measurement Performance Specifications for Travis County flow data**  
**Flow Parameters**

Parameter	Units	Matrix	Method	Parameter Code	Lab
<b>FLOW STREAM, INSTANTANEOUS (CUBIC FEET PER SEC)</b>	cfs	water	TCEQ SOP V1	00061	Field
<b>FLOW SEVERITY:1=No Flow,2=Low,3=Normal,4=Flood,5=High,6=Dry</b>	NU	water	TCEQ SOP V1	01351	Field
STREAM FLOW ESTIMATE (CFS)	cfs	Water	TCEQ SOP V1	74069	Field
<b>FLOW MTH 1=GAGE 2=ELEC 3=MECH 4=WEIR/FLU 5=DOPPLER</b>	NU	other	TCEQ SOP V1	89835	Field
References: TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).					

<b>TABLE A6.28 Measurement Performance Specifications for Travis County conventional data</b>											
<b>Conventional Parameters in Water</b>											
Parameter	Units	Matrix	Method	Parameter Code	TCEQ AWRL	LOQ	LOQ Check Sample %Rec	Precision (RPD)	Bias %Rec. of LCS	Lab	
ALKALINITY, TOTAL (MG/L AS CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/L	water	SM 2320B	00410	20	20	NA	20	NA	ELS	
RESIDUE, TOTAL NONFILTRABLE (MG/L)	mg/L	water	SM 2540D	00530	5	1	NA	NA	NA	ELS	
<b>NITROGEN, AMMONIA, TOTAL (MG/L AS N)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 350.1 Rev. 2.0 (1993)	00610	0.1	0.0 2	70- 130	20	80- 120	ELS	
<b>NITROGEN, KJELDAHL, TOTAL (MG/L AS N)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 351.2	00625	0.2	0.2	70- 130	20	80- 120	ELS	
NITRITE PLUS NITRATE, TOTAL ONE LAB DETERMINED VALUE (MG/L AS N)	mg/L	water	SM 4500-NO <sub>3</sub> E	00630	0.05	0.0 2	70- 130	20	80- 120	ELS	
<b>PHOSPHORUS, TOTAL, WET METHOD (MG/L AS P)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 150.1 and TCEQ SOP V1	00665	0.06	0.0 2	70- 130	20	80- 120	ELS	
<b>CHLORIDE (MG/L AS CL)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 (1993)	00940	5	5	70- 130	20	80- 120	ELS	

<b>SULFATE (MG/L AS SO4)</b>	mg/L	water	EPA 300.0 Rev. 2.1 (1993)	00945	5	5	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
PHEOPHYTIN-A UG/L FLUOROMETRIC METHOD	µg/L	Water	EPA 445	32213	3	2	NA	NA	NA	ELS
<b>RESIDUE, TOT DISS, UNSPEC CALC BASED ON COND (MG/</b>	mg/L	water	calculation	70294	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ELS
ORTHOPHOSPHATE PHOSPHORUS, DISS, MG/L, FILTER >15MIN	mg/L	water	EPA 300.0	70507	0.04	0.04	70-130	20	80-120	ELS
<b>CHLOROPHYLL-A, FLUOROMETRIC METHOD, UG/L</b>	µg/L	water	EPA 445.0	70953	3	2	NA	20	80-120	ELS
References: United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Clean Water Act Analytical Methods Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).										

<b>TABLE A6.29 Measurement Performance Specifications for Travis County bacteria data</b>										
<b>Bacteriological Parameters in Water</b>										
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>Matrix</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Parameter Code</b>	<b>TCEQ AWRL</b>	<b>LOQ</b>	<b>LOQ Check Sample %Rec</b>	<b>Log Difference of Duplicates</b>	<b>Bias %Rec. of LCS</b>	<b>Lab</b>
<b><i>E. COLI</i>, COLILERT, IDEXX METHOD, MPN/100ML</b>	MPN/100 mL	water	SM 9223-B**	31699	1	1	NA	0.50*	NA	ELS
<b><i>E. COLI</i>, COLILERT, IDEXX, HOLDING TIME</b>	hours	water	NA	31704	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ELS
<p>* This value is not expressed as a relative percent difference. It represents the maximum allowable difference between the logarithm of the result of a sample and the logarithm of the duplicate result. See Section B4.</p> <p>** <i>E.coli</i> samples analyzed by these methods should always be processed as soon as possible and within 8 hours. When transport conditions necessitate delays in delivery longer than 6 hours, the holding time may be extended and samples must be processed as soon as possible and within 30 hours.</p> <p>References:  Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 24th Edition, 2022 or applicable version Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Section 11, Water and Environmental Technology, Volume 11.02, Water TCEQ SOP, V1 - TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods, 2012 (RG-415).</p>										



# Appendix B: Task 3 Work Plan & Sampling Process Design and Monitoring Schedule (Plan)

## Task 3: Water Quality Monitoring

**Objective:** Water quality monitoring will focus on the characterization of a variety of locations and conditions. This will include a combination of the following:

- Planning and coordinating basin-wide monitoring.
- Routine, regularly scheduled monitoring to collect long-term information and support statewide assessment of water quality.
- Systematic, regularly scheduled short-term monitoring to screen water bodies for issues.

**Task Description:** The Performing Party will monitor water quality in the Colorado River and tributaries downstream of O.H. Ivie Reservoir and coordinate with the Upper Colorado River Authority (UCRA) to ensure sites are monitored upstream of O.H. Ivie Reservoir. Coordinated monitoring meetings will be held annually and the statewide coordinated monitoring schedule will be maintained.

The Performing Party will complete the following subtasks:

**Monitoring Description**—The minimum number of stations, sampling frequency and the types of parameter groups that are currently planned for collection in FY 2026 include:

### LCRA Monitoring

The Performing Party will routinely monitor at least 50 sites in the Colorado River basin below O.H. Ivie Reservoir; 49 sites will be sampled six times per year for conventionals, field parameters, and bacteria, 9 sites will be sampled quarterly. The remainder of the sites will be analyzed for field, conventional, flow and bacteria parameters. Additional details about the monitoring activities conducted by the Performing Party are outlined in the Performing Party basin-wide QAPP. Aquatic Life Monitoring will be conducted at three sites.

### UCRA Monitoring

In cooperation with the Upper Colorado River Authority (UCRA), the Performing Party will have at least 32 sites in the Colorado River basin above O.H. Ivie Reservoir routinely monitored. Stream sites will be monitored quarterly for flow, conventional and field parameters and bacteria. Reservoir sites will be monitored twice annually to include field and conventional parameters, bacteriological samples and elevation. Twenty-four-hour diel monitoring will be done twice annually at six sites, with one event during the index period and one event during the critical period. Additional details concerning the monitoring activities conducted by UCRA are outlined in the Performing Party basin-wide QAPP. Aquatic Life Monitoring will be conducted at two sites.

Additional details concerning the monitoring activities conducted by unfunded data providers will be outlined in the Performing Party basin-wide QAPP.

In FY2027, the Performing Party will monitor at a similar level of effort as in FY2026. The actual number of sites, location, frequency, and parameters collected for FY2027 will be based on priorities identified at the basin Water Quality Advisory Committee and Coordinated Monitoring meetings and included in the amended Appendix B schedule of the QAPP.

All monitoring will be completed according to the Performing Party QAPP, the *TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 1: Physical and Chemical Monitoring Methods* (RG-415) and the *TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Procedures, Volume 2: Methods for Collecting and Analyzing Biological Assemblage and Habitat Data* (RG-416).

**Coordinated Monitoring Meeting**—The Performing Party will hold an annual coordinated monitoring meeting as described in the FY2026-2027 CRP Guidance. Qualified monitoring organizations will be invited to attend the working meeting in which monitoring needs and purposes will be discussed segment by segment and

station by station. Information from participants and stakeholders will be used to select stations and parameters that will enhance overall water quality monitoring coverage, eliminate duplication of effort, and address basin priorities. A summary of the changes to the monitoring schedule will be provided to the participants within two weeks of the meeting. Changes to the monitoring schedule will be entered into the statewide Coordinated Monitoring Schedule (CMS; cms.lcra.org) and communicated to meeting attendees. Changes to monitoring schedules that occur during the year will be entered into the CMS and communicated to meeting attendees. All requirements related to meetings will be followed and required meetings will be conducted in-person or via TCEQ approved virtual format.

**Monitoring Activities**—Each progress report will include a description of activities including all types of monitoring performed, number of sampling events, and the types of monitoring conducted in the quarter. The Performing Party will complete and submit a monitoring activities report as an attachment to the progress report.

Deliverables and Due Dates:

*September 1, 2025 through August 31, 2026*

- A. Conduct water quality monitoring, submit monitoring activities report, summarize activities, and submit with progress report—December 15, 2025; March 15 and June 15, 2026
- B. Coordinated Monitoring Meeting—between March 15 and April 30, 2026
- C. Coordinated Monitoring Meeting Summary of Changes—within 2 weeks following the meeting
- D. Email notification that Coordinated Monitoring Schedule updates are complete—May 31, 2026

*September 1, 2026 through August 31, 2027*

- A. Conduct water quality monitoring, submit monitoring activities report, summarize activities, and submit with progress report—September 15 and December 15, 2026; March 15 and June 15 and August 15, 2027
- B. Coordinated Monitoring Meeting—between March 15 and April 30, 2027
- C. Coordinated Monitoring Meeting Summary of Changes—within 2 weeks following the meeting
- D. Email notification that Coordinated Monitoring Schedule updates are complete—May 31, 2027

### ***Sample Design Rationale FY 2026***

The sample design is based on the legislative intent of CRP. Under the legislation, the Basin Planning Agencies have been tasked with providing data to characterize water quality conditions in support of the Texas Integrated Report of Surface Water Quality, and to identify significant long-term water quality trends. Based on Steering Committee input, achievable water quality objectives and priorities and the identification of water quality issues are used to develop work plans which are in accord with available resources. As part of the Steering Committee process, the LCRA coordinates closely with the TCEQ and other participants to ensure a comprehensive water monitoring strategy within the watershed.

There are on-going nutrient and chlorophyll *a* concerns throughout the basin especially downstream of urban areas. Chlorides and sulfates are always of particular concern because they are tied to water quantity within the basin. Lastly, there are on-going bacteria, dissolved oxygen, and metal impairments at several locations in the basin. Most sites require continued monitoring of all historical parameters to assess degradation or improvement as stakeholders work within the basin to mitigate the concerns and impairments.

Routine Monitoring is scheduled in advance without intentionally trying to target any certain environmental conditions. Samples are collected regardless of the conditions encountered.

Aquatic Life Monitoring is a routine monitoring type that occurs during the index period (March 15th – October 15th). ALM monitoring occur during the Biased Season because these events are scheduled for a certain time of year to capture the conditions characteristic of that time of year. Samples are collected regardless of the flow condition encountered if conditions are representative of the site or are considered normal.

The following changes or additions have been made to the monitoring schedule for FY 2026:

- LCRA will collect 24 hr dissolved oxygen, nekton, aquatic habitat, benthics, field, and flow 2 times a year (1 critical and 1 index) at stations 12463, 12436, and 16178;
- LCRA will drop 24 hr dissolved oxygen, nekton, aquatic habitat, benthics, field, and flow 2 times a year (1 critical and 1 index) at stations 20474, 22387, and 16805. The routine monitoring of conventional, bacteria, field, and flow will still be collected 6 times a year at station 22387;
- UCRA will collect 24 hr dissolved oxygen, nekton, aquatic habitat, benthics, field, and flow 2 times a year (1 critical and 1 index) at stations 17244 and 17474;
- UCRA will drop 24 hr dissolved oxygen, nekton, aquatic habitat, benthics, field, and flow 2 times a year (1 critical and 1 index) at stations 12427 and 15536. The routine monitoring of conventional, bacteria, field, and flow will still be collected 4 times a year at stations 12427 and 15536;
- Add stations 22617 and 22618 to TV routine monitoring of conventional, field, flow, and bacteria quarterly to address concerns of new and proposed wastewater discharges;
- Add station 12451 to COA routine monitoring of conventional, field, flow, and bacteria quarterly. The COA previously collected only in even years, but they now will monitor station 12451 annually;
- The collecting entity for station 12451 changed from Region 11 to COA where the COA will routinely monitor conventional, field, flow, and bacteria quarterly.

### ***Site Selection Criteria***

This data collection effort involves monitoring routine water quality using procedures that are consistent with the TCEQ SWQM program. Some general guidelines are followed when selecting sampling sites, as outlined below, and discussed thoroughly in SWQM Procedures, Volumes I and II. Overall consideration is given to accessibility and safety. All monitoring activities have been developed in coordination with the CRP Steering Committee and with the TCEQ. The site selection criteria specified are those the TCEQ would like considered to produce data which is complementary to that collected by the state and which may be used in assessments, etc.

1. Locate stream sites so that samples can be safely collected from the centroid of flow. Centroid is defined as the midpoint of that portion of stream width which contains 50 percent of the total flow. If multiple potential sites on a stream segment are appropriate for monitoring, choose one that would best represent the water body, and not a site that displays unusual conditions or contaminant source(s). Avoid backwater areas or eddies when selecting a stream site.
2. At a minimum for reservoirs, locate sites near the dam (reservoirs) and in the major arms. Larger reservoirs might also include stations in the middle and upper (riverine) areas. Select sites that best represent the water body by avoiding coves and back water areas. A single monitoring site is considered representative of 25 percent of the total reservoir acres, but not more than 5,120 acres.
3. Monitoring sites are selected to maximize stream coverage or basin coverage. Very long segments may require more stations. As a rule of thumb, stream segments between 25 and 50 miles long require two stations, and longer than 50 miles require three or more depending on the existence of areas with significantly different sources of contamination or potential water quality concerns. Major hydrological features, such as the confluence of a major tributary or an instream dam, may also limit the spatial extent of an assessment based on one station.
4. Because historical water quality data can be very useful in assessing use attainment or impairment, it may be best to use sites that are on current or past monitoring schedules.
5. All classified segments (including reservoirs) should have at least one Monitoring site that adequately characterizes the water body, and monitoring should be coordinated with the TCEQ or other qualified monitoring entities reporting routine data to TCEQ.
6. Monitoring sites may be selected to bracket sources of pollution, influence of tributaries, changes in land uses, and hydrological modifications.
7. Sites should be accessible. When possible, stream sites should have a USGS or IBWC stream flow gauge. If not, it should be possible to conduct flow measurement during routine visits.

**Monitoring Sites for FY 2026**

**Table B1.1 Sample Design and Schedule, FY 2026**

Site Description	Station ID	Waterbody ID	Region	SE	CE	MT	24 hr DO	AqHab	Benthics	Nekton	Metal Water	Metal Sed	Organic Sed	Conv	Bacteria	Flow	Field	Comments	Map Name
COLORADO RIVER TIDAL AT SELKIRK ISLAND 2 MI DOWNSTREAM FROM FM 521 SW OF WADSWORTH	12281	1401	12	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Coastal
COLORADO RIVER AT SH 35 BRIDGE AT BAY CITY	12284	1402	12	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lower Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER APPROXIMATELY 367 METERS DOWNSTREAM OF SH 183 IN WHARTON	12286	1402	12	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lower Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER AT OLD HWY 71 IN COLUMBUS	12290	1402	12	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lower Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER APPROXIMATELY 15 M OFF EAST BANK IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF US ALT 90 NEAR ALTAIR	18351	1402	12	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lower Colorado River
FAYETTE RESERVOIR AT THE MID POINT OF THE LAKE OVER CEDAR CREEK CHANNEL APPROX 150 YDS NORTH OF THE BAFFLE DIKE	17017	1402G	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lower Colorado River
LAKE AUSTIN NEAR TOM MILLER DAM TO THE WEST OF LAKE AUSTIN BLVD	12294	1403	11	LC	AU	RT					1	1		1	1		1	field added to match Bact and Conv in consult W/ COA. COA samples May, LCRA samples July & Sep	Austin
LAKE AUSTIN NEAR TOM MILLER DAM TO THE WEST OF LAKE AUSTIN BLVD	12294	1403	11	LC	LC	RT								8	8		8		Austin
LAKE AUSTIN NEAR METROPOLITAN PARK TO THE SOUTH OF CITY PARK RD AND TO THE EAST OF WESTON RD	12297	1403	11	LC	AU	RT								1	1		1	COA samples May, LCRA now samples July & Sep	Austin
LAKE AUSTIN NEAR METROPOLITAN PARK TO THE SOUTH OF CITY PARK RD AND TO THE EAST OF WESTON RD	12297	1403	11	LC	LC	RT								8	8		8		Austin
BULL CREEK AT LOOP 360 1 MILE NORTH OF FM 2222 INTERSECTION WEST OF AUSTIN	12216	1403A	11	LC	AU	RT									4	4			Austin
WEST BULL CREEK 70 METERS WEST OF INTERSECTION OF JESTER BLVD AND RR 2222 AND 290M DOWNSTREAM OF THE CONFLUENCE WITH COW FORK BULL CREEK	17468	1403B	11	LC	AU	RT									4	4			Austin

Site Description	Station ID	Waterbody ID	Region	SE	CE	MT	24 hr DO	AqHab	Benthics	Nekton	Metal Water	Metal Sed	Organic Sed	Conv	Bacteria	Flow	Field	Comments	Map Name
SPICEWOOD TRIBUTARY OF SHOAL CREEK APPROX 13 METERS DOWNSTREAM OF CEBERRY DR IN AUSTIN	16316	1403J	11	LC	AU	RT								4	4	4	4	Added for TMDL	Austin
TAYLOR SLOUGH SOUTH 20 M DOWNSTREAM OF PECOS STREET SOUTH OF RIVER ROAD IN AUSTIN	17294	1403K	11	LC	AU	RT								4	4	4	4	Added for TMDL	Austin
DEER CREEK AT RUNNING DEER TRAIL 0.35 KM WEST AND 90 M NORTH FROM CONFLUENCE WITH LAKE AUSTIN	22490	1403L	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Austin
BEAR CREEK IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF FRITZ HUGHES PARK ROAD DOWNSTREAM MANSFIELD DAM NORTHWEST OF AUSTIN	17269	1403Q	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Austin
UNNAMED TRIB TO LAKE AUSTIN IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF WESTLAKE DR	16310	1403R	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Austin
LAKE TRAVIS NEAR DAM AT LCRA TRAVIS COUNTY PARK	12302	1404	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Travis
LAKE TRAVIS NEAR SANDY CREEK IMMEDIATELY WEST OF SANDY CREEK PARK	12307	1404	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Travis
LAKE TRAVIS AT ARKANSAS BEND TO THE WEST OF RANCH ROAD 620	12309	1404	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Travis
LAKE TRAVIS MID LAKE AT CONFLUENCE WITH COW CREEK ARM AT PACE BEND APPROXIMATELY 2.02 KILOMETERS TO THE SOUTH OF FM 1431	12313	1404	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Travis
LAKE TRAVIS NEAR SPICEWOOD EAST OF SHAW RD AND NORTH OF MULE SHOE BEND RD	12316	1404	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Travis
LAKE TRAVIS IN THE HURST CREEK ARM APPROX 200 YDS UPSTREAM OF HURST HARBOR NEAR LADIN LANE IN LAKEWAY SUBDIVISION	15428	1404	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Travis
LAKE TRAVIS IN BEE CREEK COVE 191 M NORTH AND 443 M WEST OF THE INTERSECTION OF BEE CREEK ROAD AND CORY LANE	20070	1404	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Travis
BIG SANDY CREEK IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OF NAMELESS ROAD 0.27 KM NORTH FROM NAMELESS RD AND LINDEMAN LANE INTERSECTION	22488	1404	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake Travis

Site Description	Station ID	Waterbody ID	Region	SE	CE	MT	24 hr DO	AqHab	Benthics	Nekton	Metal Water	Metal Sed	Organic Sed	Conv	Bacteria	Flow	Field	Comments	Map Name
BEE CREEK UPSTREAM OF LAKE TRAVIS 160 M SOUTH AND 120 M WEST FROM BEE CREEK ROAD AND TESSA HEIGHTS LANE INTERSECTION	22491	1404	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake Travis
LICK CREEK 693 METERS DOWNSTREAM OF PEDERNALES CANYON TRAIL WEST OF SH 71	18661	1404D	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake Travis
LAKE MARBLE FALLS NEAR MAX STARCKE DAM/TO SOUTHEAST OF COMINO REAL RD	12319	1405	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Travis
LAKE LYNDON B JOHNSON NEAR ALVIN WIRTZ DAM APPROX 658 METERS NORTH OF FM 2147	12324	1406	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake LBJ
LAKE LYNDON B JOHNSON AT CONFLUENCE WITH SANDY CREEK APPROX 453 METERS TO THE NORTH OF BLUE MOUNTAIN RD	12327	1406	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake LBJ
LAKE LYNDON B JOHNSON AT CONFLUENCE WITH LLANO RIVER ARM NEAR KINGSLAND APPROX 51 METERS TO THE SOUTHWEST OF SCENIC RD	12330	1406	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake LBJ
SANDY CREEK APPROXIMATELY 73 M DOWNSTREAM OF SH 71 SOUTH OF KINGSLAND	12214	1406A	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake LBJ
INKS LAKE NEAR INKS DAM APPROX 161 METERS TO THE NORTHEAST OF ROY INKS DAM	12336	1407	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake LBJ
CLEAR CREEK 1.28 KM UPSTREAM OF SH 29	18710	1407A	11	LC	LC	RT					6			6		6	6	Conv: include sulfate and chloride only	Lake LBJ
LAKE BUCHANAN NEAR BUCHANAN DAM APPROX 475 METERS TO THE WEST OF CORONADO RD	12344	1408	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Buchanan
LAKE BUCHANAN AT ROCKY POINT APPROX 1.3 KM NORTHWEST OF ROCKY RIDGE	12347	1408	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Buchanan
LAKE BUCHANAN AT CONFLUENCE OF COUNCIL AND MORGAN CREEKS APPROX 302 METERS SOUTH OF LAKESHORE RD	12349	1408	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Buchanan
LAKE BUCHANAN NEAR BEAVER CREEK COVE ADJACENT TO PARADISE POINT APPROX 1.4 KM TO THE SOUTH OF RANCH ROAD 2341	12352	1408	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Buchanan
LAKE BUCHANAN NEAR LAKE HEADWATER APPROX 687 METERS TO THE NORTHEAST OF LLANO TOW VALLEY RD	12353	1408	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lake Buchanan
COLORADO RIVER AT US 190 EAST OF SAN SABA	12355	1409	9	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake Buchanan

Site Description	Station ID	Waterbody ID	Region	SE	CE	MT	24 hr DO	AqHab	Benthics	Nekton	Metal Water	Metal Sed	Organic Sed	Conv	Bacteria	Flow	Field	Comments	Map Name
CHEROKEE CREEK AT FM 501 5 MILES WEST OF BEND	12274	1409A	9	LC	LC	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake Buchanan
COLORADO RIVER BRIDGE ON US 377 AT WINCHELL	12358	1410	3	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake Buchanan
E V SPENCE RESERVOIR APPROX 5.3 KM WEST OF STATE HIGHWAY 208	12359	1411	8	LC	UC	RT								2	2		2	Chlorophyll 2x year, UCRA Sample Q2 and Q4	Upper Colorado River
E V SPENCE RESERVOIR FM 2059 BRIDGE NEAR SILVER	12360	1411	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4		Upper Colorado River
E V SPENCE RESERVOIR AT DAM 1.75 KM WEST OF THE INTERSECTION OF FM 1904 AND ST LOOP 229	13863	1411	8	LC	UC	RT								2	2		2	Chlorophyll 2x year, UCRA Sample Q2 and Q4	Upper Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER AT MITCHELL CR343/PECAN CROSSING 7.5KM WEST OF SH208 AND 25.0KM SOUTH OF COLORADO CITY AT IH20	17002	1412	3	LC	UC	RT								4		4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Upper Colorado River
LAKE J B THOMAS AT DAM APPROX 1.0 KM WEST OF THE INTERSECTION OF FM 1298 AND SCURRY CR 8	21614	1413	3	LC	UC	RT								2	2		2	Chlorophyll 2x year, UCRA Sample Q2 and Q4	Upper Colorado River
PEDERNALES RIVER AT CR 962 AT HAMMETT'S CROSSING APPROX 532 METERS TO THE EAST OF HAMMETS ROAD	12369	1414	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake Travis
PEDERNALES RIVER AT FM 1320	12375	1414	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake Travis
PEDERNALES RIVER AT GOEHMAN LANE CROSSING EAST OF FREDRICKSBURG OFF OF US 290 E APPROX 1.5 KM TO THE NORTH OF US HWY290	12377	1414	13	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake Travis
PEDERNALES RIVER AT RR 1623 IN STONEWALL	15419	1414	13	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake Travis
PEDERNALES RIVER AT US 87 APPROX 3.0 MILES SOUTH OF FREDERICKSBURG	17472	1414	13	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake Travis
PEDERNALES RIVER 20 METERS UPSTREAM OF PEDERNALES HILLS ROAD	21398	1414	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake Travis
HAMILTON CREEK DOWNSTREAM OF HAMILTON POOL ROAD 1.33 KM SOUTH AND 1.0 KM EAST FROM CONFLUENCE WITH PEDERNALES RIVER	22489	1414	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake Travis
LLANO RIVER COUNTY ROAD 6.5 MILES UPSTREAM FROM KINGSLAND/LLANO RIVER AT RANCH ROAD 3404	12383	1415	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake LBJ
LLANO RIVER 0.4 MILE DOWNSTREAM FROM BRIDGE ON SH 16 AT LLANO	12386	1415	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake LBJ

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LLANO RIVER AT YATES CROSSING ON RR 385 15 MI EAST OF JUNCTION IN KIMBLE COUNTY	14231	1415	8	LC	LC	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake LBJ
SOUTH LLANO RIVER APPROXIMATELY 10 MI UPSTREAM OF SOUTH LLANO RIVER STATE PARK 204 YD UPSTREAM OF SECOND US 377 CROSSING	18197	1415	8	LC	LC	RT								4	4		4		Lake LBJ
NORTH LLANO RIVER 75 METERS UPSTREAM OF US 377 IN JUNCTION	21548	1415	8	LC	LC	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake LBJ
LLANO RIVER IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OF RR 1871 APPROX 470 METERS WEST OF INTERSECTION OF RR 1871 AND CAMP HOLLAND ROAD	22385	1415	8	LC	LC	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake LBJ
CEDAR CREEK IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OF RR 2169 AND APPROXIMATELY 0.37 KM UPSTREAM OF THE CONFLUENCE WITH THE SOUTH LLANO RIVER	22494	1415	8	LC	LC	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake LBJ
JOHNSON FORK CREEK 10 METERS UPSTREAM OF KIMBLE CR 410 SOUTHEAST OF JUNCTION	21812	1415A	8	LC	LC	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake LBJ
JAMES RIVER/AT JAMES RIVER RD AT UPPER MASON COUNTY ROAD CROSSING 14 MILES SOUTHWEST OF MASON	12210	1415C	8	LC	LC	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake LBJ
SAN SABA RIVER AT SH 16 NORTH OF SAN SABA	12392	1416	9	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lake Buchanan
SAN SABA RIVER IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF US87	17004	1416	8	LC	LC	RT								4	4	4	4		Lake Buchanan
BRADY CREEK 2.81 KM DOWNSTREAM OF RR 714	14232	1416A	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Lake Buchanan
BRADY CREEK AT ELM STREET IN BRADY IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF LOW WATER CROSSING	17005	1416A	8	LC	UC	BS	2										2		Lake Buchanan
BRADY CREEK AT ELM STREET IN BRADY IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF LOW WATER CROSSING	17005	1416A	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Lake Buchanan
BRADY CREEK RESERVOIR MID LAKE NEAR DAM/SOUTHEAST BOUND OFF RANCH ROAD 3022	12179	1416B	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4		4	Chlorophyll 4x year, UCRA Sample Q1-Q4	Lake Buchanan
LOWER PECAN BAYOU AT FM 573 SOUTHWEST OF MULLIN	12394	1417	9	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Pecan Bayou
CONCHO RIVER BRIDGE ON US83 AT PAINT ROCK	12401	1421	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Concho River

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CONCHO RIVER AT FM381	12402	1421	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4		Concho River
CONCHO RIVER AT FM1692 SOUTH OF MILES	12403	1421	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Concho River
CONCHO RIVER AT VERIBEST PARK APPROX 388 METERS TO THE NORTHEAST OF VERIBEST PARK RD	12405	1421	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x per year	Concho River
CONCHO RIVER AT FM380 NEAR VERIBEST	12407	1421	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4		Concho River
CONCHO RIVER 235 M DOWNSTREAM OF S BELL ST AND 540 M DOWNSTREAM FROM CONFLUENCE OF NORTH AND SOUTH FORKS IN SAN ANGELO	12409	1421	8	LC	UC	BS	2										2	24 hour DO sampling	Concho River
CONCHO RIVER 235 M DOWNSTREAM OF S BELL ST AND 540 M DOWNSTREAM FROM CONFLUENCE OF NORTH AND SOUTH FORKS IN SAN ANGELO	12409	1421	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Concho River
NORTH CONCHO RIVER 20M UPSTREAM OF IRVING STREET DAM IN SAN ANGELO TOM GREEN COUNTY TEXAS	12412	1421	8	LC	UC	BS	2										2	24 hour DO sampling. Flow is measured at 15886	Concho River
CONCHO RIVER SOUTH FORK AT US87	12416	1421	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4		Concho River
NORTH CONCHO RIVER AT CADDO ST IN SAN ANGELO	15886	1421	8	LC	UC	BS	2										2	24 hour DO sampling	Concho River
NORTH CONCHO RIVER AT CADDO ST IN SAN ANGELO	15886	1421	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Concho River
DRY HOLLOW CREEK IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF FM 380 APPROX 5.7 KM EAST OF FM 381	22480	1421A	8	LC	UC	RT								4		4	4		Concho River
KICKAPOO CREEK AT FM 380	12255	1421B	8	LC	UC	RT								4		4	4		Concho River
LIPAN CREEK IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF FM 381 APPROX 1.3 KM NORTH OF FM 380	22481	1421C	8	LC	UC	RT								4		4	4		Concho River
LAKE NASWORTHY 40 M WEST OF DAM CENTERPOINT APPROX 1.3 KM TO THE NORTH OF COUNTRY CLUB RD	12418	1422	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4		4	Chlorophyll 4x year, UCRA Sample Q1-Q4	Concho River
LAKE NASWORTHY IN RIVER CHANNEL IN SOUTH CONCHO ARM 880 M WEST AND 220 M NORTH OF SOUTH COUNTRY CLUB ROAD AT LAS LOMAS COURT	12419	1422	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4		4	Chlorophyll 4x year, UCRA Sample Q1-Q4	Concho River
LAKE NASWORTHY MIDDLE COVE 120 M DOWNSTREAM OF CENTER POINT OF	12421	1422	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4		4	Chlorophyll 4x year, UCRA Sample Q1-Q4	Concho River

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CONFLUENCE OF MIDDLE CONCHO AND SPRING CREEK CHANNELS																			
TWIN BUTTES RESERVOIR AT DAM 695 M SOUTH AND 195 M WEST OF INTAKE STRUCTURE TO LAKE NASWORTHY	12422	1423	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4		4	Chlorophyll 4x year, UCRA Sample Q1-Q4	Concho River
TWIN BUTTES RESERVOIR SOUTH POOL RIVER CHANNEL NEAR DAM APPROX 21 METERS TO THE WEST OF MOTL DAM	12425	1423	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4		4	Chlorophyll 4x year, UCRA Sample Q1-Q4	Concho River
SPRING CREEK S BANK 20 M DOWNSTREAM OF FM2335 NEAR TANKERSLEY	12161	1423A	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Concho River
SPRING CREEK AT LAKE AVENUE CROSSING IN MERTZON	17346	1423A	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4		Concho River
DOVE CREEK AT BRIDGE SE BOUND ON FM2335 NEAR KNICKERBOCKER	12166	1423B	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Concho River
SOUTH CONCHO RIVER IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF US 277 AT CHRISTOVAL	12427	1424	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Concho River
MIDDLE CONCHO RIVER AT FM 853 NORTH OF MERTZON	16903	1424	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4		Concho River
SOUTH CONCHO RIVER 175 M DOWNSTREAM OF ANSON SPRING APPROXIMATELY 6.3 KM SOUTH OF CHRISTOVAL	18712	1424	8	LC	UC	RT								4		4	4		Concho River
WEST ROCKY CREEK AT FM 853 43.4 KM/27 MI NORTHEAST OF MERTZON	12165	1424A	8	LC	UC	RT								4		4	4		Concho River
O C FISHER RESERVOIR MID LAKE 425 M WEST OF DAM RELEASE CONTROL TOWER	12429	1425	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4		4	Chlorophyll 4x year, UCRA Sample Q1-Q4	Concho River
NORTH CONCHO RIVER AT COUNTY ROAD BRIDGE 0.6 MILE SOUTHWEST OF CARLSBAD	12171	1425A	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Concho River
N CONCHO RIVER AT SHERWOOD LANE CROSSING 2.1MI SE OF STERLING CITY .75MI SOUTH OF SH87	16779	1425A	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4		Concho River
NORTH CONCHO RIVER AT RR 2034 SOUTHWEST OF WATER VALLEY	17350	1425A	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4		Concho River
NORTH CONCHO RIVER APPROXIMATELY 3.74KM UPSTREAM OF WILLOW CREEK CONFLUENCE 428 METERS SOUTH OF US HWY 87	22482	1425A	8	LC	UC	RT								4		4	4		Concho River
COLORADO RIVER AT FM 2111 0.4 MI UPSTREAM FROM ROCKY CREEK 5.0 MI SW OF BALLINGER	13651	1426	3	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year	Upper Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER AT FM3115 SOUTH OF MAVERICK	16901	1426	3	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4		Upper Colorado River

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COLORADO RIVER AT OXBOW RANCH APPROX 0.75 KM DOWNSTREAM OF MUSTANG CREEK CONFLUENCE SOUTHEAST OF BALLINGER	17244	1426	3	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4		Chlorophyll 4x year	Upper Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER AT OXBOW RANCH APPROX 0.75 KM DOWNSTREAM OF MUSTANG CREEK CONFLUENCE SOUTHEAST OF BALLINGER	17244	1426	3	LC	UC	BS	2	2	2	2						2	2	ALM station	Upper Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER USGS STATION IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF SH 208 IN ROBERT LEE TEXAS	18338	1426	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4		Chlorophyll 4x year	Upper Colorado River
OAK CREEK RESERVOIR MID LAKE NEAR DAM OFF BONNER POINT AND WEST OFF RANCH RD 3399	12180	1426A	8	LC	UC	RT								4	4		4	Chlorophyll 4x year, UCRA Sample Q1-Q4	Upper Colorado River
ELM CREEK APPROXIMATELY 15 M DOWNSTREAM OF COUNTY ROAD 330 4 MILES NORTH OF BALLINGER	12207	1426B	3	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year, UCRA Sample Q1-Q4	Upper Colorado River
ELM CREEK AT THE BALLINGER WWTP DISCHARGE PERMIT 10325-003 1.32 KM DOWNSTREAM OF US 67	15536	1426B	3	LC	UC	RT								4	4	4	4	Chlorophyll 4x year, UCRA Sample Q1-Q4	Upper Colorado River
BLUFF CREEK AT RUNNELS CR 351/HATCHELL-EAGLE-BRANCH ROAD	17474	1426C	3	LC	UC	RT								4		4	4		Upper Colorado River
BLUFF CREEK AT RUNNELS CR 351/HATCHELL-EAGLE-BRANCH ROAD	17474	1426C	3	LC	UC	BS	2	2	2	2						2	2	ALM station	Upper Colorado River
COYOTE CREEK AT RUNNELS CR 342 NORTH OF BALLINGER	16899	1426D	3	LC	UC	RT								4		4	4		Austin
ONION CREEK AT US 183 SOUTHEAST OF AUSTIN	12436	1427	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Austin
ONION CREEK AT US 183 SOUTHEAST OF AUSTIN	12436	1427	11	LC	LC	BS	2	2	2	2						2	2	ALM station	Austin
ONION CREEK AT FM 150 0.61 KM DOWNSTREAM OF FLAT CREEK CONFLUENCE	12451	1427	11	LC	AU	RT								4	4	4	4	COA WPD collecting annually	Austin
COLORADO RIVER AT COUNTY PARK IN WEBBERVILLE APPROX 334 METERS TO THE WEST OF WATER ROAD	12466	1428	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Austin
COLORADO RIVER AT FM 973 AT DEL VALLE	12469	1428	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Austin
COLORADO RIVER BRIDGE ON US 183 SOUTHEAST OF AUSTIN/COLORADO RIVER ON LOCKHART BRIDGE NEXT TO US 183 BRIDGE	12474	1428	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Austin

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COLORADO RIVER AT BIG WEBBERVILLE PARK 1.1 KILOMETERS SOUTH AND 625 METERS WEST OF FM 969 AND WEBBERWOOD DRIVE INTERSECTION	22618	1428	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Austin
DRY CREEK 30 M UPSTREAM OF RIVER ROAD 1.8 KM NORTHEAST OF INTERSECTION OF TUCKER HILL LANE AND SH 71 SOUTHEAST OF AUSTIN	17273	1428L	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Austin
COLORADO RIVER NEAR AUSTINS COLONY NEIGHBORHOOD 4KM DOWNSTREAM OF SH 130 APPROX 160 METERS SOUTH AND 150 METERS WEST OF CROWNOVER STREET	22387	1428	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Austin
WALNUT CREEK AT SOUTHERN PACIFIC RR APPROXIMATELY 26 M DOWNSTREAM OF AUSTIN AND NORTHWESTERN 1.2 MILES SOUTH OF FM 969 IN EAST AUSTIN	12231	1428B	11	LC	AU	RT								4	4	4	4	Will likely move this site upstream due to lack of surface flow (flow likely goes subsurface in alluvium)	Austin
WALNUT CREEK IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF LOOP 1/MOPAC EXPWY IN AUSTIN	17251	1428B	11	LC	AU	RT								4	4	4	4	Quarterly sampling for TMDL in conjunction with EII	Austin
GILLELAND CREEK AT FM 973 SOUTH OF MANOR	12235	1428C	11	LC	AU	RT								4	4	4	4	for Gilleland TMDL Implementation Plan monitoring	Austin
GILLELAND CREEK AT US 290 NORTH OF MANOR	12236	1428C	11	LC	AU	RT								4	4	4	4	for Gilleland TMDL Implementation Plan monitoring	Austin
GILLELAND CREEK IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF WEBBERVILLE ROAD/FM 969 EAST OF AUSTIN	17257	1428C	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Austin
GILLELAND CREEK APPROXIMATELY 20 M UPSTREAM OF GRAND AVENUE PARKWAY IN PFLUGERVILLE	18762	1428C	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Austin
LADY BIRD LAKE AT LONGHORN DAM APPROXIMATELY 280 METERS SOUTH AND 250 METERS EAST OF INTERSECTION OF CANTERBURY STREET AND PEDERNALES STREET	12476	1429	11	LC	AU	RT					1	1		9	9		9		Austin
WALLER CREEK AT 24TH STREET ON UT CAMPUS IN AUSTIN	15962	1429C	11	LC	AU	RT								4	4	4	4	Added for TMDL	Austin
WALLER CREEK AT AVENUE H AT THE ELISABET NEY MUSEUM	16331	1429C	11	LC	AU	RT								4	4	4	4	Added for TMDL	Austin
BARTON CREEK AT LOST CREEK BLVD	13555	1430	11	LC	AU	RT								4	4	4	4		Austin

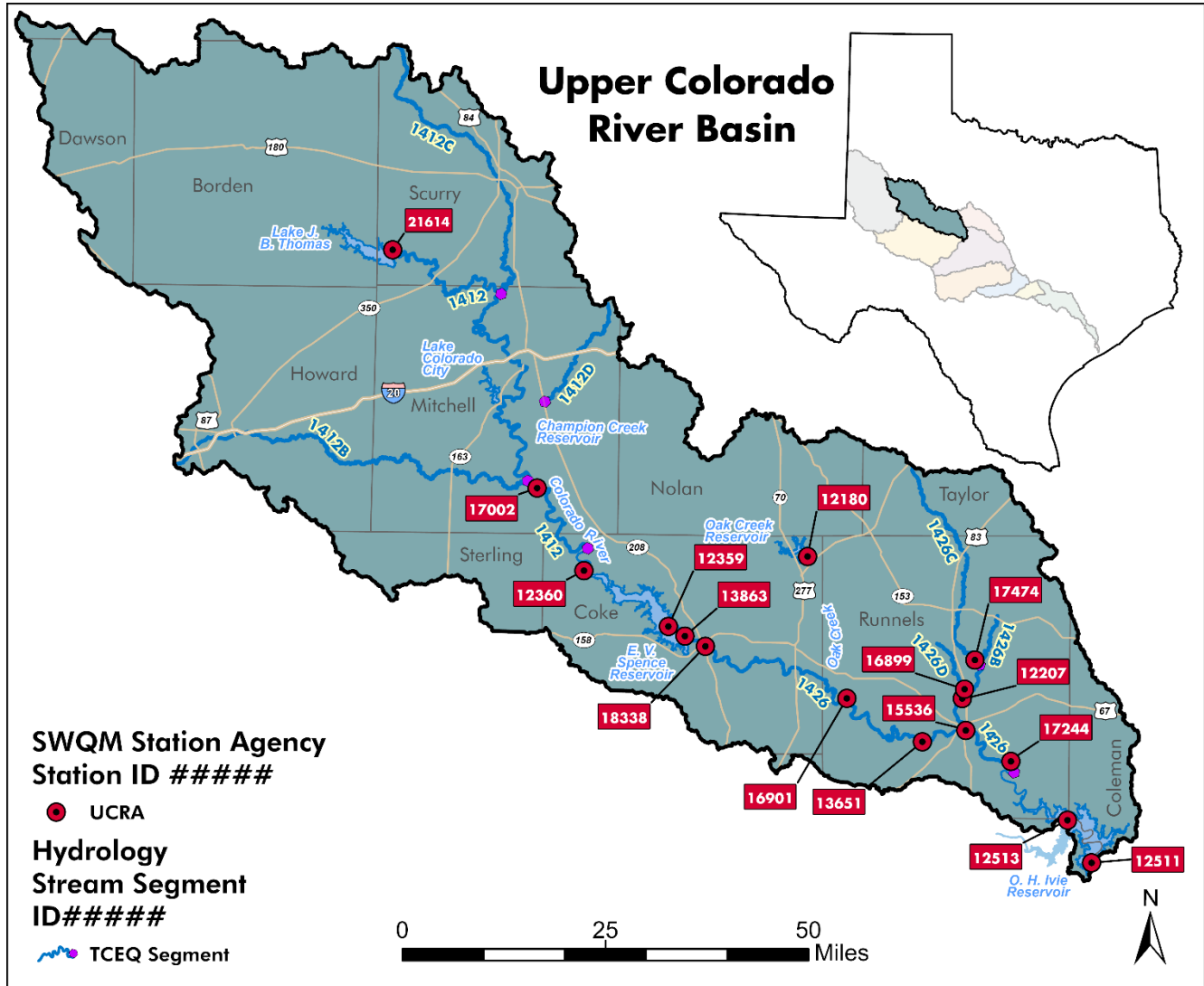
Site Description	Station ID	Waterbody ID	Region	SE	CE	MT	24 hr DO	AqHab	Benthics	Nekton	Metal Water	Metal Sed	Organic Sed	Conv	Bacteria	Flow	Field	Comments	Map Name
O H IVIE RESERVOIR NEAR DAM	12511	1433	3	LC	UC	RT								2	2		2	Chlorophyll 2x year, UCRA Sample Q2 and Q4	Upper Colorado River
O H IVIE RESERVOIR IN CONCHO RIVER ARM AT FM 1929	12512	1433	8	LC	UC	RT								2	2		2	Chlorophyll 2x year, UCRA Sample Q2 and Q4	Upper Colorado River
O H IVIE RESERVOIR IN COLORADO RIVER ARM AT ABILENE PUMP STATION	12513	1433	8	LC	UC	RT								2	2		2	Chlorophyll 2x year, UCRA Sample Q2 and Q4	Lower Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER AT SH 71 AT LA GRANGE	12292	1434	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lower Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER DOWNSTREAM SH 95 1 MI AT OLIVE RD IN SMITHVILLE	12293	1434	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lower Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER AT LOOP 150 SOUTH OF BASTROP	12462	1434	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lower Colorado River
COLORADO RIVER AT FM 969 SE OF WEBBERVILLE	12463	1434	11	LC	LC	BS	2	2	2	2				2	2	2	2	ALM station	Austin
CEDAR CREEK APPROX 200FT DOWNSTREAM OF FM304	16176	1434B	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lower Colorado River
LAKE BASTROP OFF TRIANGLE POINT OVER SPICER CREEK CHANNEL APPROX 185M EAST OF LANDMARK/TRIANGLE POINT	17020	1434C	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6		6		Lower Colorado River
WILBARGER CREEK 60 METERS DOWNSTREAM OF GREGG LANE	20808	1434D	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Lower Colorado River
WILBARGER CREEK IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF FM 1704 1.23 KM EAST AND 2.20 KM NORTH FROM FM 1704 AND FM 969 INTERSECTION	22492	1434D	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lower Colorado River
WILBARGER CREEK IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OF BITTING SCHOOL ROAD 1.1 KILOMETERS SOUTH AND 867 METERS WEST OF LITIG ROAD AND BITTING SCHOOL ROAD INTERSECTION	22617	1434D	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Lower Colorado River
WILBARGER CREEK APPROX 200FT DOWNSTREAM OF BASTROP CR55/LOWER ELGIN	16178	1434D	11	LC	LC	BS	2	2	2	2				2	2	2	2	ALM station	Lower Colorado River
MAHA CREEK IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF MAHA ROAD 0.51 KM WEST AND 0.49 KM NORTH FROM MAHA RD AND MAHA LOOP INTERSECTION	22486	1434F	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Lower Colorado River
MAHA CREEK IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OF LINDEN ROAD 1.04 KM WEST AND 1.44 KM	22487	1434F	11	LC	TV	RT								4	4	4	4		Lower Colorado River

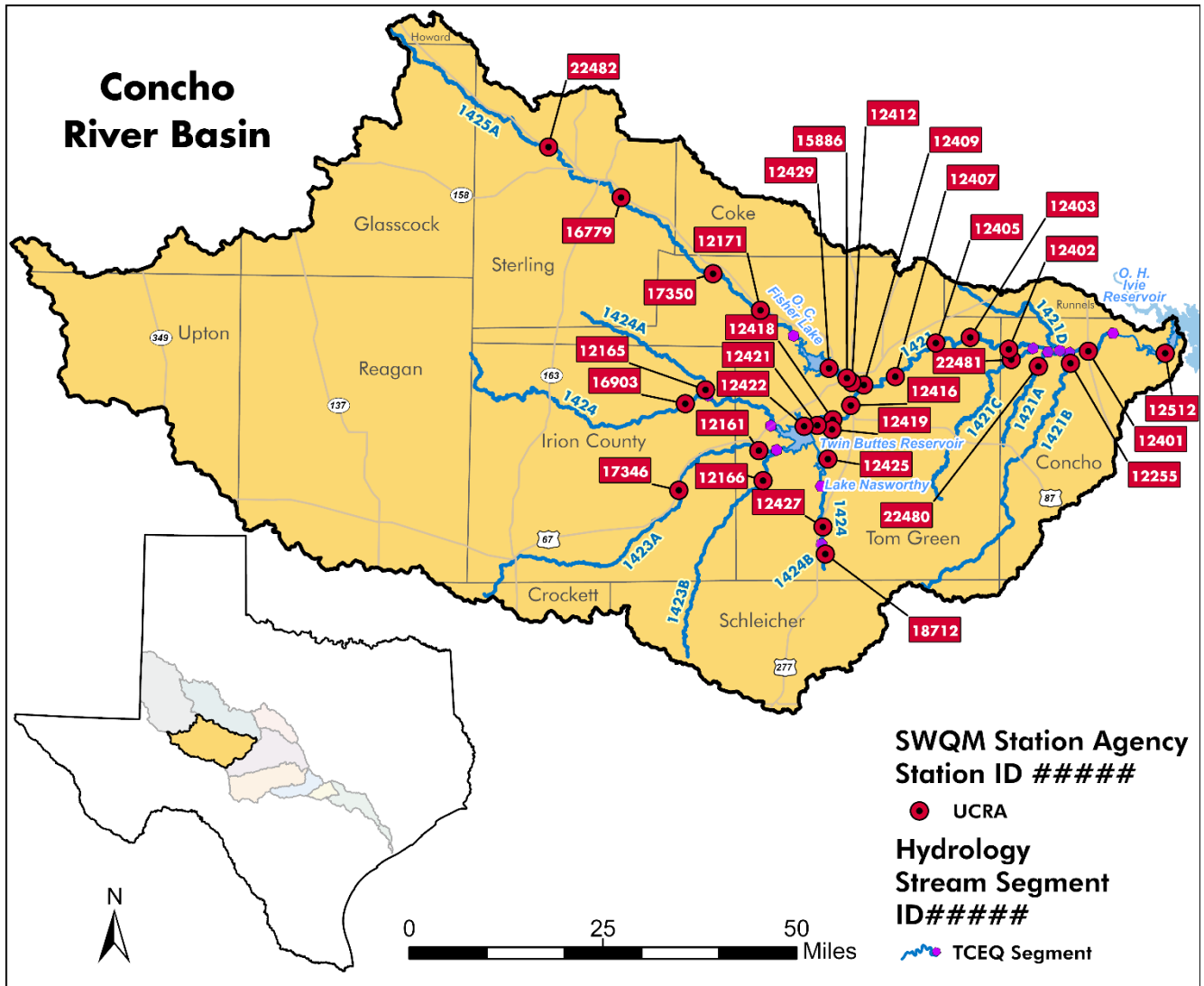
Site Description	Station ID	Waterbody ID	Region	SE	CE	MT	24 hr DO	AqHab	Benthics	Nekton	Metal Water	Metal Sed	Organic Sed	Conv	Bacteria	Flow	Field	Comments	Map Name
SOUTH FROM LINDEN ROAD AND PEARCE LANE INTERSECTION																			
ALUM CREEK APPROX 200FT UPSTREAM OF PARK ROAD 1C EAST OF BASTROP STATE PARK	16188	1434G	11	LC	LC	RT								6	6	6	6		Lower Colorado River

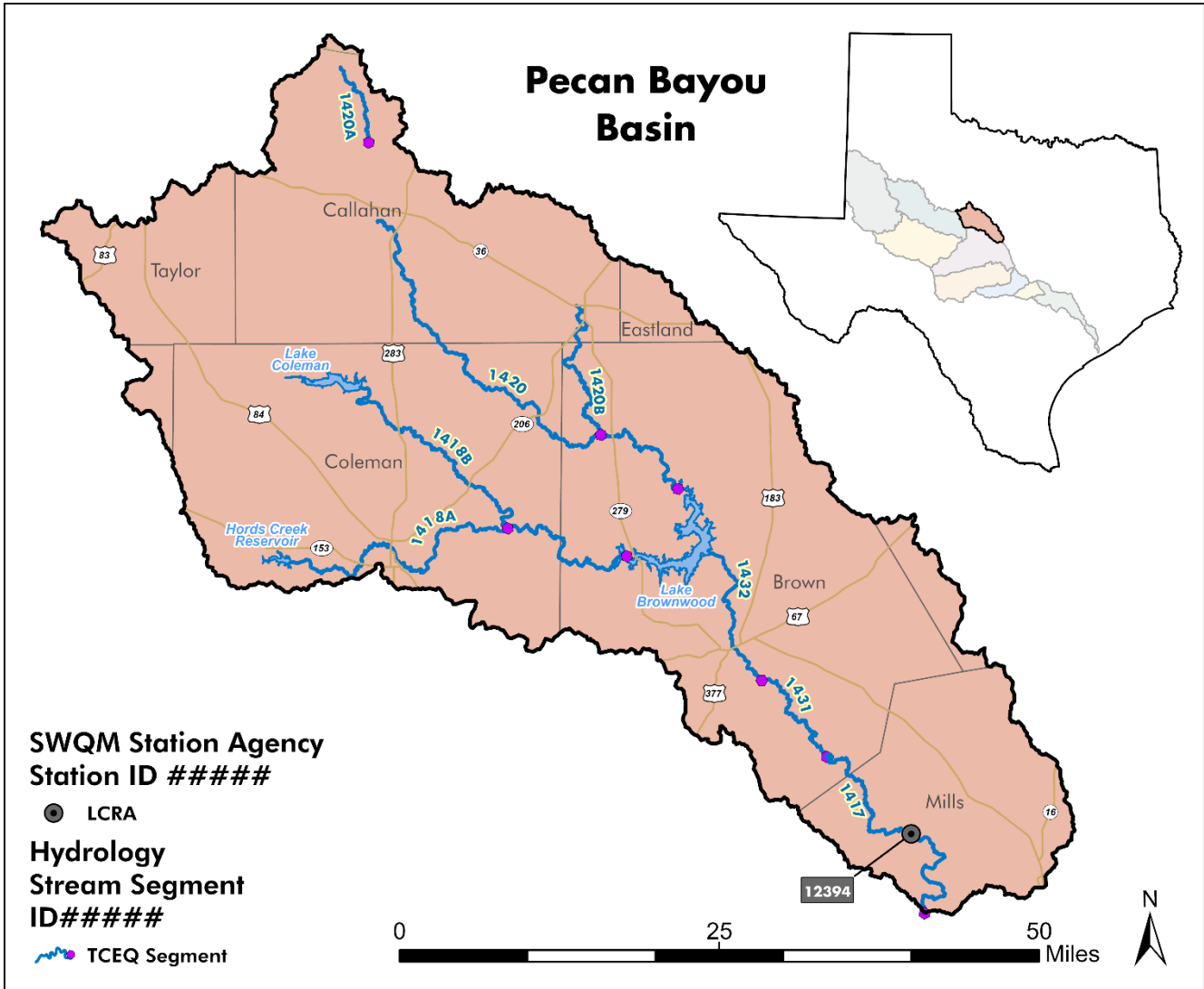
# Appendix C: Station Location Maps

## Station Location Maps

Maps of stations monitored by the LCRA are provided below. The maps were generated by the LCRA. This product is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared for or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. It does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only the approximate relative location of property boundaries. For more information concerning this map, contact Zoe Nichols at (512) 578-2858.







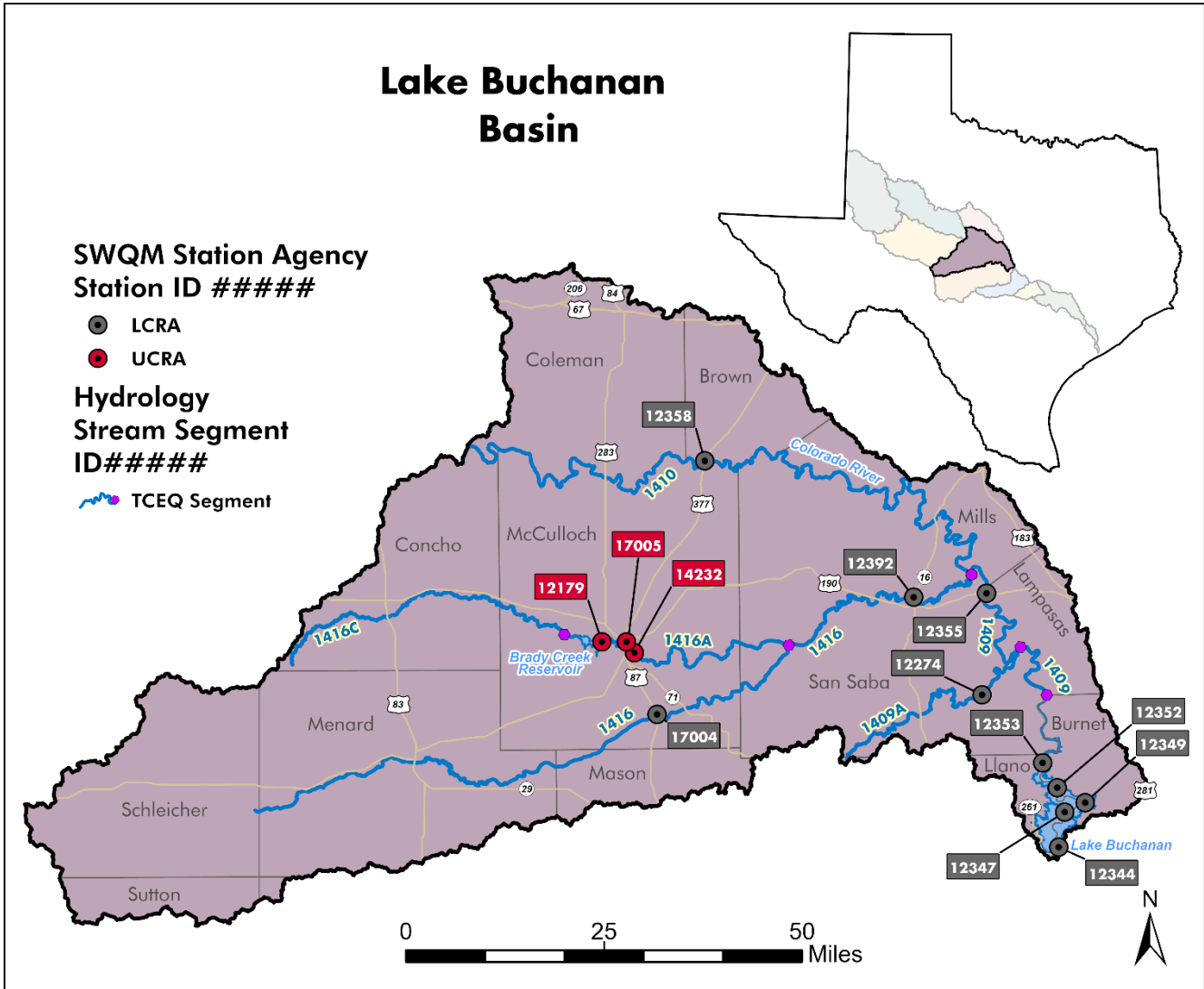
# Lake Buchanan Basin

## SWQM Station Agency Station ID #####

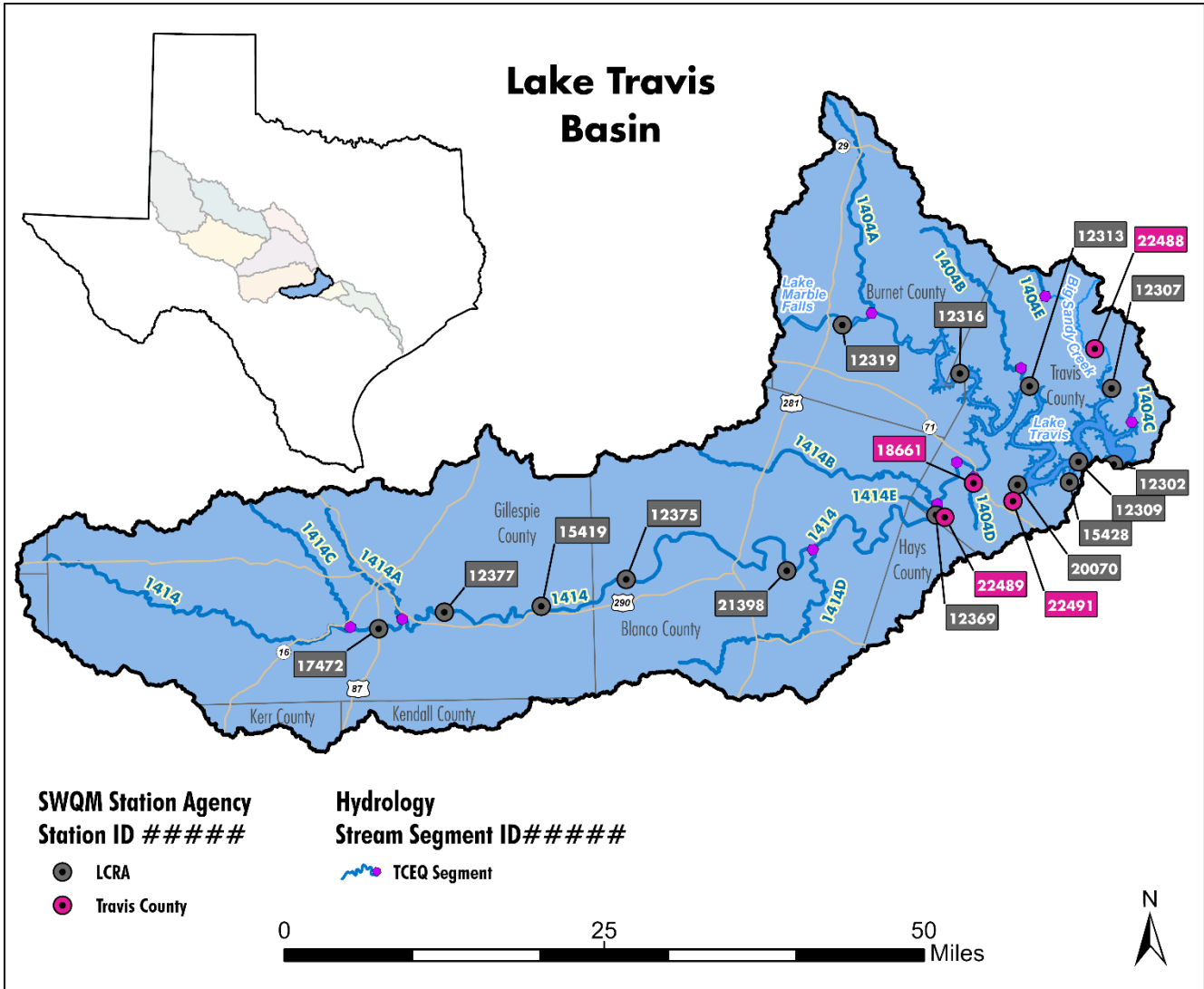
- LCRA
- UCRA

## Hydrology Stream Segment ID#####

- TCEQ Segment

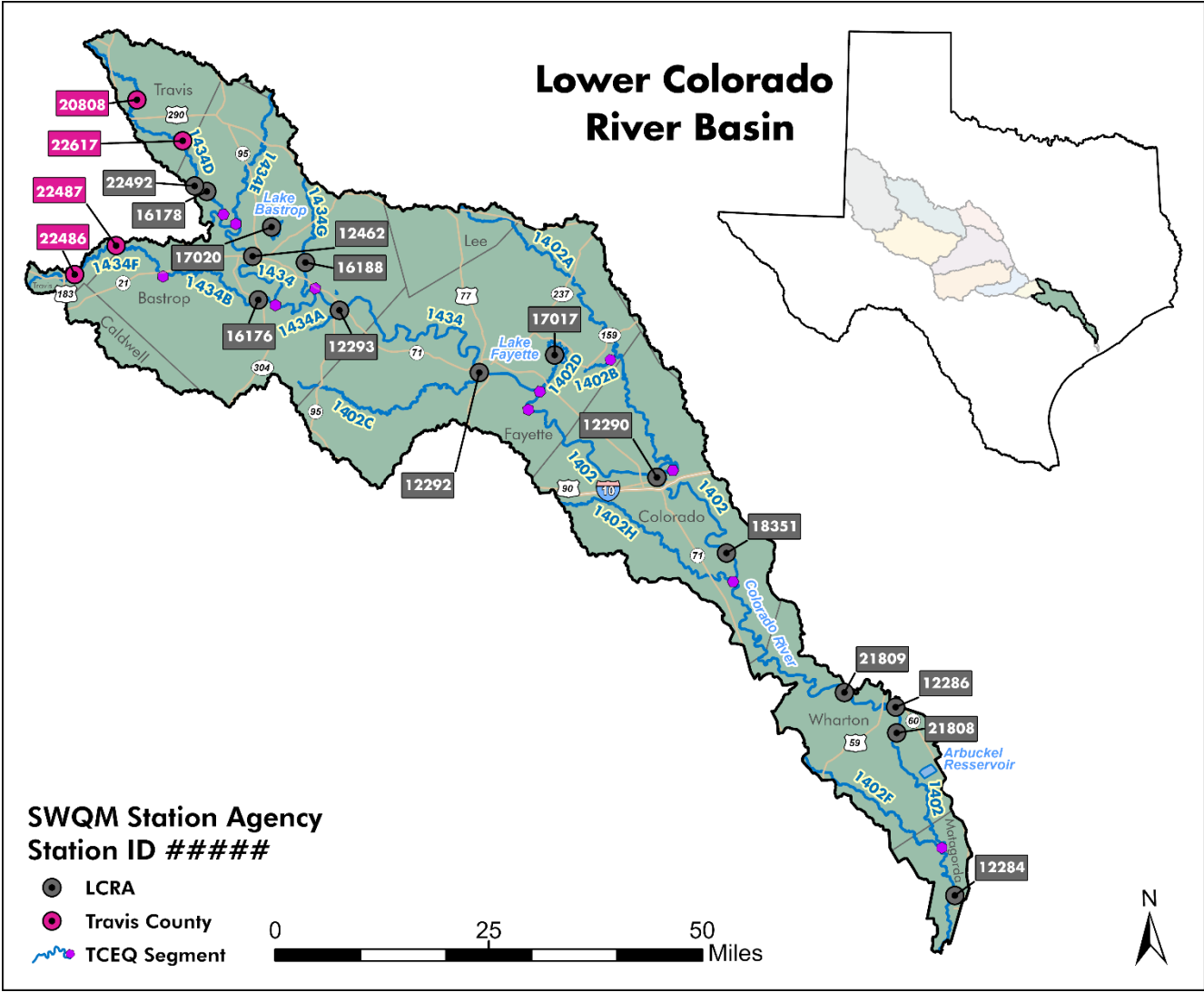




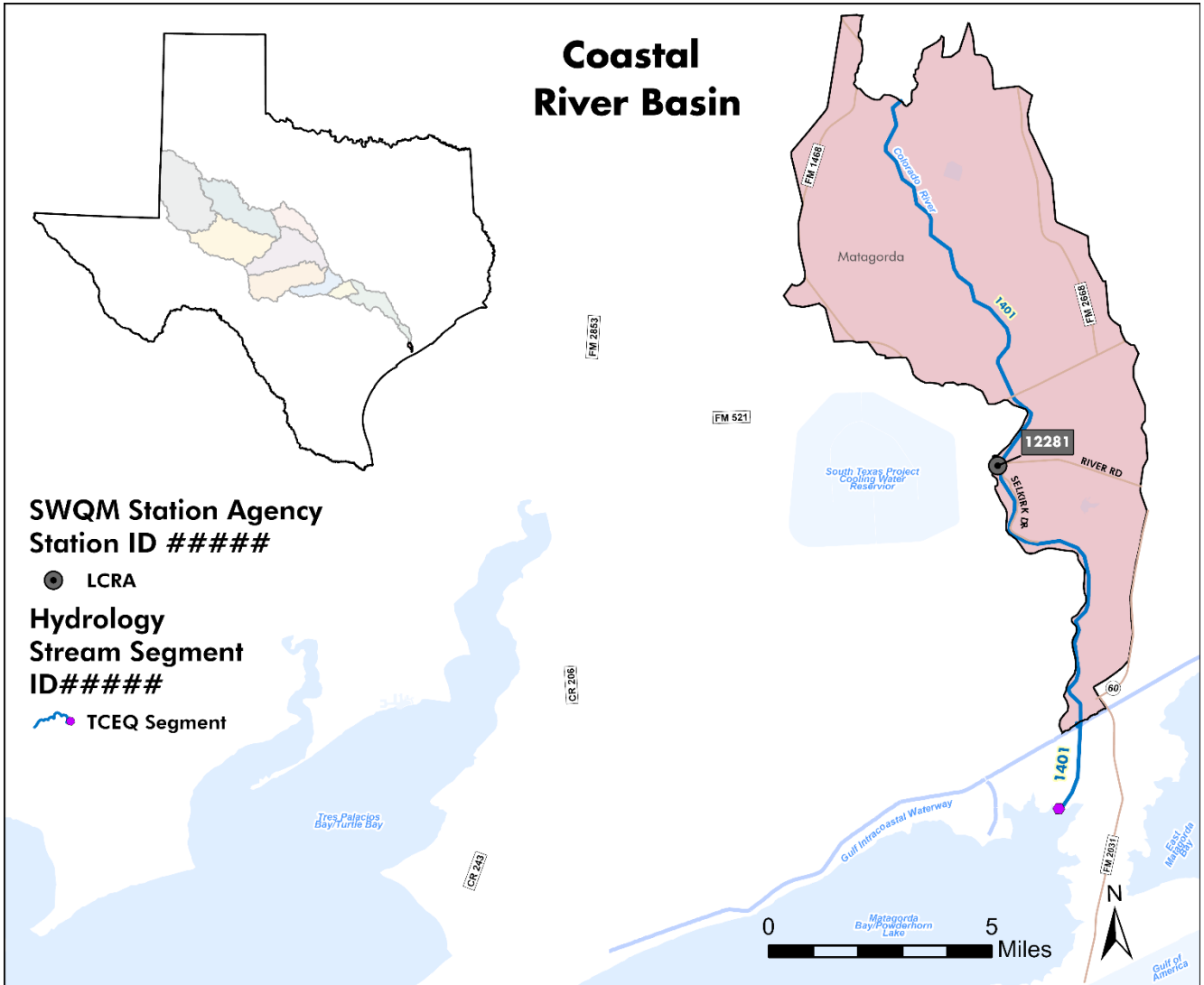




# Lower Colorado River Basin



# Coastal River Basin



**SWQM Station Agency**  
Station ID #####

● LCRA

**Hydrology**  
**Stream Segment**  
ID#####

— TCEQ Segment

# Appendix D: Field Data Sheets

Travis County Field Data Sheet

**Date:**

**Time:**

**Depth (meters):**

**Site:**

**Data Collected By:**

**Comments:**

Temperature (°C)	pH (standard units)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Dissolved Oxygen - Percent Saturation (%)	Conductivity (µS/cm)	Secchi (meters)

Flow (cfs)	Flow Severity <sup>1</sup>	Flow Method <sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Flow Severity: 1=No Flow 2=Low 3=Normal 4=Flood 5=High 6=Dry

<sup>2</sup> Flow Method: 1=Gage 2=Electronic 3=Mechanical 4=Weir/Flu 5=Doppler

Wind Intensity <sup>1</sup>	Present Weather <sup>2</sup>	Max Pool Width (m)	Max Pool Depth (m)	Pool Length (m)	Percent Pool Coverage (%)

<sup>1</sup> Wind Intensity: 1=Calm 2=Slight 3=Moderate 4=Strong

<sup>2</sup> Weather: 1=Clear 2=Partly Cloudy 3=Cloudy 4=Rain 5=Other

LCRA and UCRA Biological Habitat Forms

Page 1 of 3		Part I - Stream Physical Characteristics Worksheet			
Observers:		Date:		Time:	
Weather conditions:					
Stream:				Segment ID:	
Site Location:				Reach length:	
Observed stream uses:					
Stream type (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> perennial		or	<input type="checkbox"/> intermittent with perennial pools	
Stream bends:	No. well defined		No. moderately defined		No. poorly defined
Aesthetics (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> (1) wilderness		<input type="checkbox"/> (2) natural		<input type="checkbox"/> (3) common
Channel obstructions or modifications:				No. riffles	
Channel flow status (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> high		<input type="checkbox"/> moderate		<input type="checkbox"/> low
Riparian vegetation (%):	Left bank	Right bank	Maximum pool depth:		Maximum pool width:
Trees			Notes:		
Shrubs					
Grasses or forbs					
Cultivated fields					
Other					
Site map:					

Part I - Stream Physical Characteristics Worksheet (continued)

Date:		Stream name:															
Location of transect	Stream width (m)	Left bank slope (°)	LB erosion potential (2)	Thalweg depth:	GPS Coordinates:				Photos?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RB erosion potential (2)	Right bank slope (°)	Tree canopy (%)				
				Stream Depths (m) at Points Across Transect													
				Habitat type (select one)		Dominant substrate type		Dominant types riparian vegetation:							% Gravel or larger		
<input type="checkbox"/> Riffle <input type="checkbox"/> Run	<input type="checkbox"/> Glide <input type="checkbox"/> Pool			Left bank: _____ Right bank: _____													
Macrophytes (select one)		Algae (select one)		Width of natural buffer (m)		Instream cover types				% Instream cover							
<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	LB	RB														

Location of transect		Stream width (m)	Left bank slope (°)	LB erosion potential (2)	Thalweg depth:	GPS Coordinates: lat, long				Photos?	<input type="checkbox"/>	RB erosion potential (2)	Right bank slope (°)	Tree canopy (%)		
Stream Depths (m) at Points Across Transect																
Habitat type (select one)					Dominant substrate type		Dominant types riparian vegetation:				% Gravel or larger					
<input type="checkbox"/> Riffle <input type="checkbox"/> Run	<input type="checkbox"/> Glide <input type="checkbox"/> Pool			Left bank: _____ Right bank: _____												
Macrophytes (select one)		Algae (select one)		Width of natural buffer (m)		Instream cover types				% Instream cover						
<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	LB	RB													

Location of transect		Stream width (m)	Left bank slope (°)	LB erosion potential (2)	Thalweg depth:	GPS Coordinates: lat, long				Photos?	<input type="checkbox"/>	RB erosion potential (2)	Right bank slope (°)	Tree canopy (%)		
Stream Depths (m) at Points Across Transect																
Habitat type (select one)					Dominant substrate type		Dominant types riparian vegetation:				% Gravel or larger					
<input type="checkbox"/> Riffle <input type="checkbox"/> Run	<input type="checkbox"/> Glide <input type="checkbox"/> Pool			Left bank: _____ Right bank: _____												
Macrophytes (select one)		Algae (select one)		Width of natural buffer (m)		Instream cover types				% Instream cover						
<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	LB	RB													

TCEQ 20156-A (Rev. 06/22/2020)

Part I - Stream Physical Characteristics Worksheet (continued)

Date:		Stream name:														
Location of transect	Stream width (m)	Left bank slope (°)	LB erosion potential (2)	Thalweg depth:	GPS Coordinates: lat, long	Photos? <input type="checkbox"/>	RB erosion potential (2)	Right bank slope (°)	Stream Depths (m) at Points Across Transect						Tree canopy (2)	
Macrophytes (select one)		Algae (select one)		Width of aestival buffer (m)		astream cover types		2 Instream cover	CR	LB	RB					
<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	LB	RB											

Location of transect		Stream name:														
Location of transect	Stream width (m)	Left bank slope (°)	LB erosion potential (2)	Thalweg depth:	GPS Coordinates: lat, long	Photos? <input type="checkbox"/>	RB erosion potential (2)	Right bank slope (°)	Stream Depths (m) at Points Across Transect						Tree canopy (2)	
Macrophytes (select one)		Algae (select one)		Width of aestival buffer (m)		astream cover types		2 Instream cover	CR	LB	RB					
<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	LB	RB											

Location of transect		Stream name:														
Location of transect	Stream width (m)	Left bank slope (°)	LB erosion potential (2)	Thalweg depth:	GPS Coordinates: lat, long	Photos? <input type="checkbox"/>	RB erosion potential (2)	Right bank slope (°)	Stream Depths (m) at Points Across Transect						Tree canopy (2)	
Macrophytes (select one)		Algae (select one)		Width of aestival buffer (m)		astream cover types		2 Instream cover	CR	LB	RB					
<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	<input type="checkbox"/> Abundant <input type="checkbox"/> Common <input type="checkbox"/> Rare <input type="checkbox"/> Absent	LB	RB											

TCEQ 20156-A (Rev. 06/22/2020)

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  
Surface Water Quality Monitoring Program**

**Habitat Assessment Worksheet B Part II of III**

**Part II – Summary of Physical Characteristics of Water Body**

Using information from all of the transects and measurements in Part I and other sources, report the following general characteristics or averages for the entire reach:

<b>Stream Name:</b>		<b>Date</b>	
Physical Characteristics		Value	
Stream bed slope over evaluated reach (from USGS map; elevation change in meters/reach length in meters)			
Approximate drainage area above the transect furthest downstream (from USGS or county highway map in km <sup>2</sup> )			
Stream order			
Length of stream evaluated (in meters or kilometers)			
Number of lateral transects made			
Average stream width (in meters)			
Average stream depth (in meters)			
Instantaneous stream flow (in ft <sup>3</sup> /sec)			
Flow measurement method			
Channel flow status (high, moderate, low, or no flow)			
Maximum pool width (in meters)			
Maximum pool depth (in meters)			
Total number of stream bends			
	Number of well defined bends		
	Number of moderately defined bends		
	Number of poorly defined bends		
Total number of riffles			
Dominant substrate type			
Average percent of substrate gravel sized or larger			
Average percent instream cover			
Number of stream cover types			
Average percent stream bank erosion potential			
Average stream bank slope (in degrees)			
Average width of natural buffer vegetation (in meters)			
Average riparian vegetation percent composition by: (total to equal 100%)			
	Trees		
	Shrubs		
	Grasses and Forbs		
	Cultivated fields		
	Other		
Average percent tree canopy coverage			
Overall aesthetic appraisal of the stream			

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality**  
**Surface Water Quality Monitoring**  
**Habitat Assessment Worksheet B Part III of III**  
**Part III – Habitat Quality Index**

Habitat Parameter	Scoring Category			
<b>Available Instream Cover</b>	<b>Abundant</b> >50% of substrate favorable for colonization and fish cover; good mix of several stable (not new fall or transient) cover types such as snags, cobble, undercut banks, macrophytes	<b>Common</b> 30-50% of substrate supports stable habitat; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; may be limited in the number of different habitat types	<b>Rare</b> 10-29.9% of substrate supports stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed	<b>Absent</b> <10% of substrate supports stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking
<b>Score</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Bottom Substrate Stability</b>	<b>Stable</b> >50% gravel or larger substrate; gravel, cobble, boulders; dominant substrate type is gravel or larger	<b>Moderately Stable</b> 30-50% gravel or larger substrate; dominant substrate type is mix of gravel with some finer sediments	<b>Moderately Unstable</b> 10-29.9% gravel or larger substrate; dominant substrate type is finer than gravel, but may still be a mix of sizes	<b>Unstable</b> <10% gravel or larger substrate; substrate is uniform sand, silt, clay or bedrock
<b>Score</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Number of Riffles</b> To be counted, riffles must extend >50% the width of the channel and be at least as long as the channel	<b>Abundant</b> ≥ 5 riffles	<b>Common</b> 2-4 riffles	<b>Rare</b> 1 riffle	<b>Absent</b> No riffles
<b>Score</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Dimensions of Largest Pool</b>	<b>Large</b> Pool covers more than 50% of the channel width; maximum depth is >1 meter	<b>Moderate</b> Pool covers approximately 50% or slightly less of the channel width; maximum depth is 0.5-1 meter	<b>Small</b> Pool covers approximately 25% of the channel width; maximum depth is <0.5 meter	<b>Absent</b> No existing pools; only shallow auxiliary pockets
<b>Score</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Channel Flow Status</b>	<b>High</b> Water reaches the base of both lower banks; < 5% of channel substrate is exposed	<b>Moderate</b> Water fills >75% of the channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed	<b>Low</b> Water fills 25-75% of the available channel and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed	<b>No Flow</b> Very little water in the channel and mostly present in standing pools; or stream is dry
<b>Score</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Bank Stability</b>	<b>Stable</b> Little evidence (<10%) of erosion or bank failure; bank angles average <30°	<b>Moderately Stable</b> Some evidence (10-29.9%) of erosion or bank failure; small areas of erosion mostly healed over; bank angles average 30-39.9°	<b>Moderately Unstable</b> Evidence of erosion or bank failure is common (30-50%); high potential of erosion during flooding; bank angles average 40-60°	<b>Unstable</b> Large and frequent evidence (>50%) of erosion or bank failure; raw areas frequent along steep banks; bank angles average >60°
<b>Score</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>

**Part III - Habitat Quality Index (continued)**

Habitat Parameter	Scoring Category			
<b>Channel Sinuosity</b>	<b>High</b> ≥ 2 well-defined bends with deep outside areas (cut banks) and shallow inside areas (point bars) present	<b>Moderate</b> 1 well-defined bend  OR ≥ 3 moderately-defined bends present	<b>Low</b> <3 moderately-defined bends  OR only poorly-defined bends present	<b>None</b> Straight channel; may be channelized
	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Riparian Buffer Vegetation</b>	<b>Extensive</b> Width of natural buffer is >20 meters	<b>Wide</b> Width of natural buffer is 10.1-20 meters	<b>Moderate</b> Width of natural buffer is 5-10 meters	<b>Narrow</b> Width of natural buffer is <5 meters
	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Aesthetics of Reach</b>	<b>Wilderness</b> Outstanding natural beauty; usually wooded or unpastured area; water clarity is usually exceptional	<b>Natural Area</b> Trees and/or native vegetation are common; some development evident (from fields, pastures, dwellings); water clarity may be slightly turbid	<b>Common Setting</b> Not offensive; area is developed, but uncluttered such as in an urban park; water clarity may be turbid or discolored	<b>Offensive</b> Stream does not enhance the aesthetics of the area; cluttered; highly developed; may be a dumping area; water clarity is usually turbid or discolored
	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Total Score</b> <input type="text"/>				

**HABITAT QUALITY INDEX**

- 26 - 31 **Exceptional**
- 20 - 25 **High**
- 14 - 19 **Intermediate**
- < 13 **Limited**





COA Electronic Field Sheet

Verizon LTE 12:56 100%  
**Cancel** **Field Visit Data Collection** **Save**

**FSDB Sample Name**  
780-WLR @ 51st

**FSDB Watershed Name**  
WLR-Waller Creek

**Your Email Address** \* *i*

**Sampling Team** \* *i*  
A Clamann

**Record Load Status**  
New Record

**Field Visit Comments** *i*

**Sample Date** \* *i*  
April 20, 2017

**Sample Time** \* *i*  
09:11

**Flow Type** \* *i*  
Baseflow (B)

**TCEQ Flow Severity Code** *i*

**Are you collecting contract lab samples at this site?** \* *i*

Yes	No
-----	----

**Are you collecting field measurements (sonde) at this site?** \* *i*

Yes	No
-----	----

**Are you measuring flow at this site?** \* *i*

Yes	No
-----	----

**Were there any poor water quality indicators present?** \* *i*

Yes	No
-----	----



COA Backup Field Sheet



**WPD  
FIELD DATA SHEET**

E	P	F
Date: _____	_____	_____
By: _____	_____	_____
Ref. No: _____		

Database No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Site Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Time: \_\_\_\_\_

Personnel: \_\_\_\_\_

Current Weather: \_\_\_\_\_

Antecedent Weather: \_\_\_\_\_

Days Since Sign. Rain (>0.1"): \_\_\_\_\_

Project #: \_\_\_\_\_

Watershed: \_\_\_\_\_

Blank, Split, Duplicate \_\_\_\_\_

QC Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Batch ID: \_\_\_\_\_

FEWS Gauge / Other: \_\_\_\_\_

Flow Type: Baseflow (B) - Stormflow (S) - Special Event (E) - No Flow or Dry (N)  
 Flow Severity: None (pools only) (1) - Low (2) - Normal (3) - Flood (4) - High (5) - Dry (6)  
 Sample Type: Grab, Grab Composite Medium: Surface Water, Groundwater, Sediment, Soil, Other

**Field Parameters:**

**Post Calibration Values**

	Initial	True	Initial	True
Dissolved Oxygen _____ mg/L / % Sat				
Water Temp. _____ °C °F				
pH _____ Std.Units		7		10
Conductivity _____ µS/cm		0		
Flow _____ cfs	pH ±0.5 s.u.	SPCond 5%	Dissolved Oxygen ±0.5 mg/L	
Depth _____ ft or m				

**Sonde #**

---

**Sonde QC Batch ID #**

---

**24 hr D.O. Sonde #**

Method: Hydrolab-MiniSonde, Hydrolab-DataSonde, Hydrolab-Quanta, Cole Parmer, Other  
 Flow : Estimate, Marsh McBirney, Measured w/ bottle, USGS gauge \_\_\_\_\_

**Photos**

RB \_\_\_\_\_ LB \_\_\_\_\_

DS \_\_\_\_\_ US \_\_\_\_\_

**Densimeter**

Left \_\_\_\_\_

Center \_\_\_\_\_ (downstream)

Right \_\_\_\_\_

**Notes:** (Sampling Location, Site Description - Algae Type, Algae % Cover, Substrate Description, Flow, Water Color and Clarity, General Vegetation, Benthics, Fish, Trash, Sample Collection and Field Measurement Location, Number of Grab Samples and etc.)

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**Calibration Notes:**

LCRA Electronic Field Sheet

7/3/2019

Sample: Q1941588001

HORIZON

Lab ID: Q1941588001

Sample ID: 20070

Actions Save Undo

Chain of custody

Matrix

Aqueous

Status

Work In Progress

HSN 1282045

Sample Information Tasks Results

Sample Information

Sample ID: \*

20070

Lab site:

Select...

Matrix: \*

Aqueous (AQ) x

Description:

Sample type: \*

Paying sample (SAMPLE) x

Test reason:

Select...

Original ID:

Select...

Paired ID:

Select...

BILLABLE TESTS

Delete

Test	Ordered	Tu
2320-AM - Alkalinity by SM2320B Aqueous	07/02/2019	7
2540-AMTSS - TSS by SM2540D Aq	07/02/2019	7
350.1AM - E350.1 Ammonia Aqueous	07/02/2019	7
365.4AM - E365.4, TP, Aqueous, mg/L	07/02/2019	7
351.2AM - E351.2, TKN, Aqueous, mg/L	07/02/2019	7
445.0AM - E445.0 Chlorophyll/Phaeophytin	07/02/2019	7
300.0AM-28 - EPA 300.0 Aq	07/02/2019	7
4500-AM-NN - SM4500-NO3-H, Nitrate/Nitrite	07/02/2019	7
9223-A-30 - E-Coli IDEXX SM9223B 30H	07/02/2019	7
Fid_FP - Field FPs	07/02/2019	7
F-Turb - Turbidity, Field	07/02/2019	7
Fid_FldSt - Field - Field Sheet	07/02/2019	7
	07/03/2019	

CLIENT INFORMATION

Client: LCRA (LCRA)

COLLECTION

Collected: 07/02/2019 08:55

w16icraprod.chemwarems.lcra.org/SampleDetail/Edit/1282045

1/2

**RESERVOIR AND STREAM FIELD DATA SHEET**

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Instrument ID:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Run ID:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Turbidity Unit:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Work Order #: Not Within Specifications**

(Fill in blank with sonde parameter): \_\_\_\_\_

**Data Collected By:** \_\_\_\_\_

Time	Station Location	Sample Depth (m)	Secchi (m)	Flow <sup>1</sup> (cfs)	Flow Severity <sup>2</sup>	Present Weather <sup>3</sup>	Wind Intensity <sup>4</sup>	Macrophyte Bed (%)	Notes (site/watershed conditions that could impact water quality, biological conditions, etc...)

- 1 Use feet ASL at headwaters and dam sites
- 2 Flow Severity: 1= No Flow 2= Low Flow 3= Normal Flow 4= Flood Flow 5= High Flow 6 = Dry
- 3 Present Weather: 1= Clear 2= Partly Cloudy 3= Cloudy 4= Rain
- 4 Wind Intensity: 1= Calm (<5mph) 2= Slight (5-10mph) 3= Moderate (10-15mph) 4= Strong (>15mph)

UCRA Field Data Sheet for Flow Measurements (all other data is recorded in a waterproof field notebook)

Flow Measurement Field Notes

River Run \_\_\_\_\_ Pers. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Site ID/Loc \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 Time Begin: \_\_\_\_\_ Time End: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Measurement Depth: 60% 20% 80%

Int. #	X-Sect. width ft	x-Sect. depth ft	Velocity (ft./sec)	Int. #	X-Sect. width ft	x-Sect. depth ft	Velocity (ft./sec)
1				30			
2				31			
3				32			
4				33			
5				34			
6				35			
7				36			
8				37			
9				38			
10				39			
11				40			
12				41			
13				42			
14				43			
15				44			
16				45			
17				46			
18				47			
19				48			
20				49			
21				50			
22				51			
23				52			
24				53			
25				54			
26				55			
27				56			
28				57			
29				58			

# Appendix E: Chain of Custody Forms

## COA Chain of Custody for DHL

COA Env Monitoring and Compliance

WPD Chain of Custody Document  
Submitted to: DHL

DO#: 6300 22101801337

Laboratory Use Only
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QAPP	Sampling Plan	Storm Begin Date	Sample Collection Personnel
581-TMDL Bacteria Monitoring 2015-19	TMDL FY2023		

Lab Only	Sample ID	Samp Date	Samp Time 24-hr	Samp Type	Bottlesets					
					A	B	C	D	E	F
	318-TYS @ Reed Pk		:	Grab	X	X	X	-	-	-
	464-WLN ds IH35		:	Grab	X	X	X	-	-	-
	497-WLN @ Mopac/Loop 1		:	Grab	X	X	X	-	-	-
	502-WLN @ Old Manor		:	Grab	X	X	X	-	-	-
	503-WLN us Freescale		:	Grab	X	X	X	-	-	-
	781-WLR @ Shipe Pk		:	Grab	X	X	X	-	-	-
	930-Spicewood Trib ds Spwd Spg		:	Grab	X	X	X	-	-	-
	1191-GIL @ West Parsons		:	Grab	X	X	X	-	-	-
	1192-GIL @ FM973		:	Grab	X	X	X	-	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bottleset	Analysis Requested	Bottleset Details
A	NO3+NO2-N, Ammonia-N, TP, TKN	( 2 ) 250mL Plastic - H2SO4, Ice
B	OP	( 1 ) 250mL Plastic - Ice
C	ECOLI	( 1 ) 125mL Bac-T - Na2S2O3, Ice
D	TSS	( 1 ) 1L Plastic - Ice
E	-	-
F	-	-

### Requestor Comments

Emergency  Standard  
 Requested Turnaround Time  
 24 hr  48 hr  5-day  2-Week  
 EDD and report to: [abel.porras@austintexas.gov](mailto:abel.porras@austintexas.gov); [robert.clayton@austintexas.gov](mailto:robert.clayton@austintexas.gov); [todd.jackson@austintexas.gov](mailto:todd.jackson@austintexas.gov)

### Laboratory Comments

Receiving Temp (°C): \_\_\_\_\_ Thermometer No: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Custody Seals:  Not Used  Intact  Broken  
 Carrier:  Courier  Hand-deliver  UPS  Fedex  LSO

Date/ Time:	Relinquished By:	Received By:

ELS Chain of Custody for LCRA, UCRA, and TV.

**LCRA Environmental Laboratory Services**  
**Request for Analysis Chain-of-Custody Record**

LCRA - Environmental Lab Phone: (512) 730-6022 or 1-800-776-5272  
 3505 Montopolis Dr. Fax: (512) 356-6021  
 Austin, TX 78744 https://eis.lcra.org

**\* 8664 \***

<b>Lab ID#:</b>
<b>Client PO:</b>
<b>Invoice To:</b> Lisa Benton LCRA S-416

<b>Project:</b> RSS Lower Travis	<b>Client:</b> LCRA
<b>Collector:</b>	<b>Contact:</b> Jason Woods
<b>Event#:</b> 1440462 / 8664	<b>Phone:</b> (512)730-5339

<b>Report To:</b> Dave Bass LCRA WQP L-106
--

LAB USE ONLY	Sample ID *	Collected *		Matrix* AQ = Aqueous S = Solid T = Tissue DW = Drinking Water	Container(s) Type/Preservative/Number *										Requested Analysis *												
		Date*	Time * HH:MM		COMPOSITE Y/N	FILTERED Y/N	250PPH5O4	250APU	12ASTERL	250PU	1LPU					2320-AM	351.1AM	2540-AMTSS	Fid_F_031	3510.1AM	4500-AM-NIN	Fid_FP	445.0AM	300.0AM-2B	3615.4AM	9223-A-30	F-Turb
1	12302			AQ			1	1	1	1	1				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2	12302 Bottom			AQ			1				1	1			X	X	X		X	X			X	X			
3	12307			AQ			1	1	1	1	1				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
4	12307 Bottom			AQ			1				1	1			X	X	X		X	X			X	X			
5	12309			AQ			1	1	1	1	1				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
6	12309 Bottom			AQ			1				1	1			X	X	X		X	X			X	X			
7	15428			AQ			1	1	1	1	1				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
8	15428 Bottom			AQ			1				1	1			X	X	X		X	X			X	X			

Transfers	Relinquished By	Date/Time	Received By	Date/Time	Cooler Temp:				Client Special Instructions:
					#	T#	Obs.	Corr.	
1									
2					1				
3					2				

Note: Relinquishing sample(s) and signing the COC, client agrees to accept and is bound by the ELS Standard Terms and Conditions. All fields with an asterisk (\*) are required to be completed.

# Appendix F: Data Review Checklist and Summary Shells

## Data Review Checklist

This checklist is to be used by the Planning Agency and other entities handling the monitoring data in order to review data before submitting to the TCEQ. This table may not contain all of the data review tasks being conducted.

Data Set Name  
 Event File Name  
 Result File Name

<b>Table 1: Data Format and Structure</b>	Y, N, or N/A
A. Are there any duplicate Tag Id numbers?	
B. Are the Tag prefixes correct?	
C. Are all Tag ID numbers 7 characters?	
D. Are TCEQ station location (SLOC) numbers assigned?	
E. Are sampling Dates in the MM/DD/YYYY format?	
F. Is the sampling Time based on the 24-hour clock?	
G. Is the Comments field filled in where appropriate?	
H. Were Submitting Entity, Collecting Entity, and Monitoring Type codes used correctly?	
I. Is the sampling date in the Results file the same as the one in the Events file?	
J. Values represented by a valid parameter (STORET) code with the correct units?	
K. Are there duplicate parameter codes for the same Tag Id?	
L. Are there any invalid symbols in the GT/LT field?	
M. Are there any Tag Ids in the Results file that are not in the Events file?	
N. Have confirmed outliers been identified?	
O. Have grab data taken during 24-hour events been reported separately as RT samples?	
P. Are all reported parameter codes in the appropriate QAPP's DQO table?	
Q. Are all reported monitoring stations in the appropriate Coordinated Monitoring Schedule?	
<b>Table 2: Data Quality Review</b>	Y, N, or N/A
A. Are all values reported at or below the AWRL?	
B. Have the outliers been verified?	
C. Checks on correctness of analysis or data reasonableness performed?	
D. Have at least 10% of the data in the data set been reviewed against the field and laboratory data sheets?	
E. Are all parameter codes in the data set in the QAPP?	
F. Are all stations in the data set listed in the QAPP?	
<b>Table 3: Documentation Review</b>	Y, N, or N/A
A. Are blank results acceptable as specified in the QAPP?	
B. Were control charts used to determine the acceptability of field duplicates?	
C. Was documentation of any unusual occurrences that may affect water quality included in the Comments field?	
D. Were there any failures in sampling methods and/or deviations from sample design requirements that resulted in unreportable data? If yes, explain in Data Summary.	
E. Were there any failures in field and/or laboratory measurement systems that were not resolvable and resulted in unreportable data? If yes, explain in Data Summary.	

**Data Summary**

**Data Set Information**

Date Range:  
Tag Range:  
Submitting Entity:  
Collecting Entity:  
Project Manager:  
Number of Visits:  
Number of Events:  
Number of Results:

Table 4: Unreportable Data

TagID	ParameterCode	Reason

Table 5: Monitoring Types

MT	Number of Events

Table 6: Data Correctness and Reasonableness

Check	Failures

Table 7: Verified Min/Max Outliers

ParameterCode	Number of Outliers

Table 8: PQL>LOQ

TagID	ParameterCode	PQL	LOQ	Reason

Table 9: Actual vs Expected Routine Parameter Counts

Parameter Code	Actual Count	Expected Count	Profile Count	Reason

Table 10: Actual vs Expected Diel Parameter Counts

Parameter Code	Actual Count	Expected Count	Reason

Comments

- I certify that all data in this data set meets the requirements specified in Texas Water Code Chapter 5, Subchapter R (TWC §5.801 et seq) and Title 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 25, Subchapters A & B.
- This data set has been reviewed using the criteria in the Data Review Checklist.

LCRA Data Manager: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Attachment 1: Aqua Tech Laboratories Letter to Document Adherence to the QAPP

TO: Aqua Tech Laboratories

FROM: Lucas Graunke  
Lower Colorado River Authority

RE: Lower Colorado River Authority Fiscal Year 2026–27 CRP QAPP

Please sign and return this form by 60 days after receiving date to:

lucas.graunke@lcra.org

I acknowledge receipt of the “Lower Colorado River Authority FY 2026–2027 Clean Rivers Program Quality Assurance Project Plan”. I understand the document(s) describe quality assurance, quality control, data management and reporting, and other technical activities that must be implemented to ensure the results of work performed will satisfy stated performance criteria. My signature on this document signifies that I have read and approved the document contents pertaining to my program. Furthermore, I will ensure that all staff members participating in CRP activities will be required to familiarize themselves with the document contents and adhere to them as well.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(name)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

Copies of the signed forms should be sent by the Lower Colorado River Authority to the TCEQ CRP Project Manager within 60 days of TCEQ approval of the QAPP.

## **Attachment 2: ALS-Houston Laboratories Letter to Document Adherence to the QAPP**

TO: ALS-Houston Laboratories

FROM: Lucas Graunke  
Lower Colorado River Authority

RE: Lower Colorado River Authority Fiscal Year 2026–27 CRP QAPP

Please sign and return this form 60 days after receiving date to:

lucas.graunke@lcra.org

I acknowledge receipt of the “Lower Colorado River Authority FY 2026–2027 Clean Rivers Program Quality Assurance Project Plan”. I understand the document(s) describe quality assurance, quality control, data management and reporting, and other technical activities that must be implemented to ensure the results of work performed will satisfy stated performance criteria. My signature on this document signifies that I have read and approved the document contents pertaining to my program. Furthermore, I will ensure that all staff members participating in CRP activities will be required to familiarize themselves with the document contents and adhere to them as well.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(name)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

Copies of the signed forms should be sent by the Lower Colorado River Authority to the TCEQ CRP Project Manager within 60 days of TCEQ approval of the QAPP.

# Attachment 3: Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Laboratory Letter to Document Adherence to the QAPP

TO: Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Laboratory

FROM: Lucas Graunke  
Lower Colorado River Authority

RE: Lower Colorado River Authority Fiscal Year 2026–27 CRP QAPP

Please sign and return this form 60 days after receiving date to:

lucas.graunke@lcra.org

I acknowledge receipt of the “Lower Colorado River Authority FY 2026–2027 Clean Rivers Program Quality Assurance Project Plan”. I understand the document(s) describe quality assurance, quality control, data management and reporting, and other technical activities that must be implemented to ensure the results of work performed will satisfy stated performance criteria. My signature on this document signifies that I have read and approved the document contents pertaining to my program. Furthermore, I will ensure that all staff members participating in CRP activities will be required to familiarize themselves with the document contents and adhere to them as well.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(name) Date

Copies of the signed forms should be sent by the Lower Colorado River Authority to the TCEQ CRP Project Manager within 60 days of TCEQ approval of the QAPP.