LCRA RETIREMENT PLAN

ACTUARIAL VALUATION

AS OF

JANUARY 1, 2024



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April 22, 2024

LCRA Retirement Benefits Board of Trustees Lower Colorado River Authority Post Office Box 220 Austin, Texas 78767

Re: Actuarial Valuation as of January 1, 2024

Dear Trustees:

Enclosed is the Actuarial Valuation of the Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA) Retirement Plan as of January 1, 2024. The purpose of this report is to present the actuarial condition of the plan as of January 1, 2024 and to recommend the LCRA contributions for the plan year beginning one year later on January 1, 2025.

Recommended Contributions

In order for a public employee retirement plan to have an adequate contribution arrangement, contributions must be made that are sufficient to pay the plan's normal cost and to amortize the plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) over a reasonable period of time. The LCRA Board of Directors amended the plan to close it to new entrants effective May 1, 2012. Given the closed group of employee participants, we recommended in the April 1, 2012 actuarial valuation report that the amortization of the UAAL should switch from level percent of participant payroll contributions to level dollar contributions over a closed 25-year period. Effective January 1, 2020, we recommended that amortization contributions for the plan be based on the same level dollar UAAL amortization method but that the closed amortization period be reset at 20 years.

To facilitate timely budgeting of LCRA's contributions, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation date and the effective date of our actuarially determined recommended contribution. Based on the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation, our recommended contribution for the 2024 plan year was an annual amount of \$21,792,790, which is \$838,184.23 biweekly. This amount is expected to pay the normal cost for 2024 and to fund the UAAL with a level dollar amount. For the 2025 plan year, our recommended contribution is \$823,041.96 biweekly, which is an annual total of \$21,399,091. This recommended amount is based on this actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024 and is expected to pay the normal cost for 2025 and to fund the UAAL with a level dollar amount over the remaining 15 years of the period ending in 2039.

With the recommended annual aggregate biweekly contributions of \$21,399,091 for the 2025 plan year in this report, we are of the opinion that the LCRA Retirement Plan has an adequate contribution arrangement that is expected to fund the benefits of the plan on a sound actuarial basis. We further believe that this recommended contribution is consistent with our responsibilities as Plan Actuary described in Sections 6.02 and 6.03 of the LCRA Retirement Plan document. Furthermore, our recommended contributions are based on an amortization period for the UAAL of 16 years as of January 1, 2024, which is within the preferred range according to the Texas Pension Review Board guidelines for pension funding (10 to 25 years).

In our opinion, the above recommended contribution is a reasonable actuarially determined contribution consistent with prescribed Actuarial Standards of Practice.

Plan Provisions

Plan provisions reflected in this valuation are the same as those reflected in the prior actuarial valuation. All current plan provisions are outlined and summarized in Section V of this report.

Review of Actuarial Assumptions

As a part of each actuarial valuation, we review the actuarial assumptions used in the prior actuarial valuation. Periodically at your request, we perform a detailed experience study for the purpose of making appropriate adjustments in the actuarial assumptions. The most recent such study was completed in 2021. It documented a four-year experience study for the 2017-2020 plan years and included a review of all actuarial assumptions and recommendations of actuarial assumptions for the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation.

For this January 1, 2024 actuarial valuation, we prepared a report of our review of actuarial assumptions dated February 20, 2024. In it, we recommended using the same assumptions as we used for the prior actuarial valuation, except the 2024 rate for determining actuarially equivalent lump sums to be selected by pension participants was updated to reflect the actual rate for determining actuarial equivalence in 2024. All actuarial assumptions and methods are described in Section IV of this report.

Changes in the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

In comparing this year's valuation to last year's valuation, the UAAL decreased \$6,199,481 from \$163,062,201 to \$156,862,720 for the following reasons:

- The passing of one year with the experience following the assumptions would have resulted in a
 decrease in the UAAL of \$4,913,468 because the recommended contributions available to amortize
 the UAAL were more than the assumed interest on the UAAL for the plan year.
- LCRA made contributions in 2023 in excess of the recommended contributions. Those contributions with assumed interest reduced the UAAL by \$6,193,276.
- The investment rate of return for 2023, net of all investment-related expenses paid by the plan, was 14.19% based on the unaudited market value of assets for the plan year ending December 31, 2023. However, based on the smoothed actuarial value of assets from last year's valuation to this valuation, the net investment rate of return was 6.76%. Since that rate of return is less than the assumed rate of 7.00%, the UAAL was increased by \$1,120,100 due to the adverse actuarial investment experience.
- The actual salary increases in 2023 were more than assumed, which increased the UAAL by \$2,426,167.
- Assumption changes increased the UAAL by \$168,394.
- All other actuarial experience in 2023 (retirement, termination, and mortality experience) resulted in a net \$1,192,602 increase in the UAAL.

Sensitivity of Results to Changes in the Investment Return Assumptions

How sensitive is the recommended contribution for the 2025 plan year to the investment return assumption? The table below shows the recommended contribution components as of January 1, 2025 and the total if paid biweekly with 6%, 7%, and 8% as the investment return assumption and all other assumptions unchanged. Comparisons to the recommended amount based on 7% are in the last two lines.

	Inves	tment	Return Assum	ption	
	6%		7%		8%
Cost as of January 1, 2025					
Normal cost	\$ 5,885,503	\$	4,860,376	\$	4,051,181
Administrative expenses	300,000		300,000		300,000
UAAL cost	20,783,577		15,503,934		10,376,750
Total	\$ 26,969,080	\$	20,664,310	\$	14,727,931
Total paid biweekly	\$ 27,793,577	\$	21,399,091	\$	15,324,610
Increase amount	\$ 6,394,486			\$	(6,074,481)
Relative increase	29.9%				(28.4%)

Variability in Future Actuarial Measurement

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following:

- Plan experience differing from that anticipated by the current economic or demographic assumptions;
- Increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements;
- Changes in economic or demographic assumptions; and
- Changes in plan provisions.

Analysis of the potential range of such future measurements resulting from a possible source of measurement variability is provided under the 6% and 8% investment return scenarios above. These scenarios were designed to assess the effect on recommended contributions of changing the investment return assumption in the future. In addition, we have provided the staff with a projection model to test how different investment return assumptions and different contribution amounts would affect the amortization of the UAAL and of the net pension liability for accounting. We could perform other sensitivity analysis in a subsequent report if desired by the Board of Trustees.

Summary

As a result of our January 1, 2024 actuarial valuation of the LCRA Retirement Plan, we recommend annual aggregate biweekly contributions of \$21,399,091 for the 2025 plan year, which will pay the normal cost and amortize the UAAL over the remaining 15 years of the closed 20-year amortization period ending in 2039. Our recommended contribution amount for 2025 is consistent with the board's current funding policy, which is expected to be an adequate contribution arrangement. The actuarial valuation of the plan reported herein has been performed both in accordance with appropriate actuarial methodology and standards of practice and in accordance with pension funding guidelines established by the Texas Pension Review Board applicable to public employee retirement systems.

Respectfully submitted,

RUDD AND WISDOM, INC.

Ronald W. Tobleman, F.S.A. CFA, CFP®, ChFC, CASL

Mark R. Fenlaw, F.S.A.

Mark R. Fenlaw

Amanda L. Murphy, F.S.A.

RWT/MRF/ALM:ph

Enclosures

cc: Laura Flores, LCRA Sr. Benefits Specialist

Morgan Holmes, LCRA General Accounting Manager

Randy Loughlin, LCRA Controller Vic Ramirez, LCRA Legal Services

Dionne Walker, LCRA Director, Compensation and Benefits

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ACTUARIAL VALUATION

AS OF

JANUARY 1, 2024



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Section I - Certification of Actuarial Valuation as of January 1, 2024

At the request of the LCRA Retirement Benefits Board of Trustees, we have performed an actuarial valuation of the LCRA Retirement Plan as of January 1, 2024. The purpose of this report is to present the actuarial condition of the plan as of January 1, 2024 and to recommend a contribution for the plan year ending December 31, 2025 which is part of a funding policy expected to be an adequate contribution arrangement.

We have based our valuation on employee and pensioner census data as of January 1, 2024 and asset information for the plan year ending December 31, 2023 provided by LCRA Human Resources and Accounting. We have relied on the accuracy of both the census data and the unaudited preliminary asset information provided. We have used the actuarial methods and assumptions described in Section IV of this report. The actuarial valuation has been performed on the basis of the plan benefits described in Section V.

To the best of our knowledge, no material biases exist with respect to any imperfections in the census data provided. We have not audited the data provided but have reviewed it for reasonableness and consistency relative to the census data received for the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation.

All current employees eligible to participate in the plan as of the valuation date and all other individuals who have a current or deferred vested benefit under the plan have been included in the valuation. Further, all plan benefits have been considered in the development of plan costs. We have utilized software licensed from Winklevoss Technologies, LLC in the development of the liabilities summarized in the report. We have independently confirmed the model developed by Winklevoss and have sufficiently tested it to ensure the model is an accurate representation of the plan's liabilities.

To the best of our knowledge, the actuarial information supplied in this report is complete and accurate. In our opinion the assumptions used, in the aggregate and individually, are reasonably related to the experience of the plan and to reasonable expectations. The assumptions represent a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience of the plan over the long-term future, and their selection complies with the applicable actuarial standards of practice. In our professional judgment, the combined effect of the actuarial assumptions used for this actuarial valuation is expected to have no significant bias, i.e., it is not significantly optimistic or pessimistic.

We hereby certify that we are members of the American Academy of Actuaries who meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

Mark R. Fenlaw, F.S.A.

Enrolled Actuary Number 23-5526

Member of American Academy of Actuaries

Ronald W. Tobleman, F.S.A.

Enrolled Actuary Number 23-2917

Member of American Academy of Actuaries

Amanda L. Murphy, F.S.A. Enrolled Actuary Number 23-6653

Member of American Academy of Actuaries



Section II – Summary of Actuarial Valuations

	January 1, 2023	January 1, 2024
1. Participant Census at Valuation Date		
a. Actives	783	733
b. Vested terminated deferred benefit	61	62
c. Disabled deferred benefit	5	5
d. Retirees and beneficiaries in pay status	1,025	1,030
e. Total	1,874	1,830
2. Projected Participant Compensation for Plan Year	,	,
Following the Valuation Date	\$ 92,501,428	\$ 92,233,202
3. Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits		
a. Active participants	\$ 248,476,147	\$ 244,900,804
b. Vested terminated deferred benefit	6,651,105	5,773,045
c. Disabled deferred benefit	625,891	449,742
d. Retirees and beneficiaries	427,474,187	427,366,267
e. Total	\$ 683,227,330	\$ 678,489,858
4. Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Cost	\$ 42,724,572	\$ 40,271,712
	. , ,	. , ,
5. Actuarial Accrued Liability (Item 3e - Item 4)	\$ 640,502,758	\$ 638,218,146
,	. , , ,	. , ,
6. Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 477,440,557	\$ 481,355,426
7. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	, , ,	. , ,
(Item 5 – Item 6)	\$ 163,062,201	\$ 156,862,720
8. Recommended Annual LCRA Contributions	, , ,	. , ,
as of Valuation Date		
a. Normal cost	\$ 5,315,199	\$ 5,090,272
b. Administrative expenses	300,000	300,000
c. UAAL amortization ¹	15,609,044	15,518,802
d. Total	\$ 21,224,243	\$ 20,909,074
9. Recommended Annual LCRA Contributions	, , , , ,	. , ,
Paid Biweekly ²	\$ 21,792,790	\$ 21,399,091
	, , ,	, , , ,
10. UAAL Amortization Period in Years ³	17	16
11. Funded Ratio (Item 6 ÷ Item 5)⁴	74.5%	75.4%

Level annual amount required to amortize Item 7 over the period of years in Item 10.

Payable in the plan year beginning one year after the valuation date, determined according to method described in Section IV(A).

Level dollar amortization.

The funded ratio is not appropriate for assessing either the need for or the amount of future contributions or the adequacy of the funding policy. Using the market value of assets instead of the actuarial value of assets for item 11 would have resulted in funded ratios of 66.4% as of January 1, 2023 and 71.5% as of January 1, 2024.



Section III - Plan Asset Information

Statement of Changes in Assets for the Plan Year Ending December 31, A. 2023

		Unaudited ¹
Ad	Iditions	
1.	Contributions	
	a. Employer	\$ 27,490,741
	b. Employees	73,859
	c. Total	\$ 27,564,600
2.	Investment Income	
	a. Interest and dividends	\$ 12,070,871
	b. Net appreciation in fair value	 48,328,568
	c. Total	\$ 60,399,439
	Total Additions	\$ 87,964,039
De	eductions	
3.	Benefit Payments	\$ 54,772,386
4.	Expenses	
	a. Investment-related	\$ 1,941,355
	b. Administrative	 218,17 <u>5</u>
	c. Total	\$ 2,159,530
	Total Deductions	\$ 56,931,916
Ne	et Increase in Assets	\$ 31,032,123
5.	Market Value of Assets (Plan Net Position)	
	a. Beginning of Year	\$ 425,541,750 ²
	b. End of Year	\$ 456,573,873
6.	Rate of Return Net of Investment-Related Expenses	
	a. Market Value of Assets	14.19 %
	b. Actuarial Value of Assets	6.76 %

Preliminary statement of changes from LCRA Accounting was adjusted to use the beginning of year amount equal to last year's unaudited assets end of year amount.

This is the unaudited amount used for the prior actuarial valuation.



B. Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

Plan Year Ending		12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	12/31/2020
Market Value of Assets as of beginning of year	\$	425,541,750	\$ 517,931,333	\$ 478,899,204	\$ 428,877,867
2. Employer Contributions		27,490,741	28,546,029	27,500,012	31,000,037
3. Buyback and OCS Contributions		73,859	431,707	215,774	101,205
4. Benefit Payments and Administrative Expenses ¹		(54,990,561)	(48,313,871)	(46,052,814)	(45,102,866)
5. Expected Investment Return ²		28,828,014	35,578,429	 32,881,148	29,531,394
6. Expected Market Value of Assets as of end of year	\$	426,943,803	\$ 534,173,627	\$ 493,443,324	\$ 444,407,637
7. Actual Market Value of Assets as of end of year	_	456,573,873	 425,541,750	 517,931,333	478,899,204
Actuarial Investment Gain/(Loss)	\$	29,630,070	\$ (108,631,877)	\$ 24,488,009	\$ 34,491,567
Market Value Rate of Return Net of Expenses		14.19%	(14.37)%	12.21%	15.18%

Administrative expenses are included because the investment return assumption was net of investment-related expenses for those years.

Assuming uniform distribution for contributions and benefit payments during the plan year. Expected annual investment return was 7% for the plan years ending December 31, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023.

Plan Year Ending	Investment Gain/(Loss)	Deferred Percentage	Deferred Gain/(Loss) Amount as of 12/31/2023
12/31/2023	29,630,070	80%	\$ 23,704,056
12/31/2022	(108,631,877)	60%	(65,179,126)
12/31/2021	24,488,009	40%	9,795,204
12/31/2020	34,491,567	20%	6,898,313
Total			\$ (24,781,553)

	Actuarial Value of Assets as of December 31, 2023							
10. Market Va	0. Market Value of Assets as of December 31, 2023 \$ 456,573,873							
11. Deferred (11. Deferred Gain/(Loss) to be recognized in future (24,781,553)							
12. Preliminar	2. Preliminary Value (Item 10 - Item 11) \$ 481,355,426							
13. 80% of Ma	arket Value as of December 31, 2023 (minimum)	\$	365,259,098					
14. 120% of N	14. 120% of Market Value as of December 31, 2023 (maximum) \$ 547,888,648							
15. Actuarial \	15. Actuarial Value as of December 31, 2023 \$ 481,355,426							
16. Write up (d	down) of assets under this method (Item 15 - Item 10)	\$	24,781,553					



Section IV - Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A. Actuarial Methods

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method is an actuarial cost method in which the actuarial present value of projected benefits of each active participant included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of compensation over the period from age at hire to the last age before 100% assumed retirement. The normal cost for the plan is the sum of normal costs for each active participant, recognizing whether each one is a Pension Participant or a Cash Balance Participant. Each active participant's normal cost is the current annual contribution in a series of annual contributions which, if made throughout the participant's total period of employment, would fund his expected benefits. Each participant's normal cost is calculated to be an annual constant percentage of his expected compensation in each year of employment.

The plan's current actuarial accrued liability is the excess of the actuarial present value of expected future benefits over the actuarial present value of all future remaining normal cost contributions. (The present value of expected future benefits and the present value of future normal costs for each active participant reflect whether he is a Pension Participant or a Cash Balance Participant.) The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is the amount by which the actuarial accrued liability exceeds the actuarial value of assets. The UAAL is recalculated each time a valuation is performed. Experience gains and losses, which represent deviations of the UAAL from its expected value based on the prior valuation, are determined at each valuation and are amortized as part of the newly calculated UAAL.

2. Amortization Method

The UAAL is being amortized over a 20-year closed period that began in 2020 and will end December 31, 2039, with level dollar payments in accordance with LCRA's funding policy recommended by Rudd and Wisdom, Inc.

3. Actuarial Value of Assets Method

The preliminary market value of assets is adjusted to uniformly spread actuarial gains or losses (as measured by actual market value investment return vs. assumed investment return) over a five-year period. The total adjustment amount shall be limited as necessary such that the actuarial value of assets shall not be less than 80% of market value nor greater than 120% of market value.

4. Method of Determining the Recommended Contributions for 2025

To reflect the one-year lag between the actuarial valuation date and the effective date of the recommended contribution for the year beginning then, the UAAL was projected to January 1, 2025, assuming the 2024 plan year biweekly contributions will be the \$21,792,790 amount recommended for 2024 in the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation. The projected UAAL would be amortized over the 15 years remaining as of January 1, 2025 by annual payments of \$15,503,934. The projected January 1, 2025 normal cost of \$4,860,376 plus assumed administrative expenses of \$300,000 bring the total annual contribution to \$20,664,310. The equivalent amount contributed biweekly is \$21,399,091 or \$823,041.96 biweekly.

RUDD AND WISDOM, INC. 11 APRIL 2024



B. Actuarial Assumptions

We review the actuarial assumptions as a part of each actuarial valuation. Periodically we perform a detailed study or review or analysis of specific assumptions. The year of the most recent detailed study or review or analysis, relied on for our overall review this year or the year of the most recent change, is indicated parenthetically after each assumption name.

 Mortality (2021): Active and retired participants of the plan are expected to exhibit mortality in accordance with the following published mortality tables, projected for mortality improvement generationally using the projection scale MP-2020:

a. Pre-retirement Mortality: PubG-2010(A) for employees (sex distinct)
b. Post-retirement Mortality: PubG-2010(A) for retirees (sex distinct)
c. Post-disability Mortality: PubG-2010(A) for retirees (sex distinct)

2. <u>Termination (2021)</u>:

a. Active pension participants enrolled in both Option A and Option B are assumed to terminate their employment for causes other than death, disability or retirement in accordance with annual rates per 1,000 participants as illustrated below.

Years of		Entry Age Group							
Service	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
0	250	150	150	150	135	135	135	100	150
5	70	70	85	85	85	90	90	100	150
10	45	45	60	60	60	65	80	100	
15	15	15	25	25	40				
20	15	10	10						
25	10								

- 3. <u>Investment Return (2021)</u>: Current and future plan assets are assumed to reflect an annual investment return of 7% net of investment-related expenses. See item B.14 for general administrative expenses.
- 4. <u>Compensation Progression (2021)</u>: The increase in the levels of participant compensation is assumed to occur at annual rates as illustrated below, with an ultimate rate of 4.25% (2.5% inflation plus 1.75% productivity), the general wage increase part of the assumption, for years of service beyond the last year shown:

Years of				Entr	y Age Gro	oup			
Service	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
0	10.75%	9.55%	8.55%	7.85%	7.25%	6.75%	6.25%	5.25%	4.75%
5	7.65	6.75	6.05	5.65	5.25	4.85	4.45	4.25	4.25
10	5.95	5.45	4.95	4.45	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	
15	4.95	4.45	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25		
20	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25			

RUDD AND WISDOM, INC. 12 APRIL 2024



5. Retirement Rates (2021):

a. Active Option A retirement plan participants who are eligible for early, normal or late retirement are assumed to retire in accordance with annual rates per 1,000 participants as illustrated below.

Attained	Entry Age Group								
Age	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
50	100								
51	100								
52	150	70							
53	150	70							
54	150	70							
55	250	70	100		100				
56	250	70	100		100				
57	250	180	100	100	100				
58	120	180	100	100	100				
59	120	180	100	100	100				
60	120	120	120	120	120	120			
61	120	120	120	120	120	120			
62	120	120	120	120	120	120			
63	180	180	180	180	180	180			
64	180	180	180	180	180	180			
65	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350
66	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250
67	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250
68	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250
69	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250
70	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

b. Active Option B participants at least age 55 with at least 15 years of service (or age 65 with at least 5 years of service) are assumed to retire in accordance with annual rates per 1,000 participants as illustrated below. Any retirements before age 55 by the Rule of 80 are effectively anticipated by the assumed rates of termination.

Attained	Entry Age Group								
Age	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
55	100	100	100	100	100				
56	100	100	100	100	100				
57	100	100	100	100	100				
58	100	100	100	100	100				
59	100	100	100	100	100				
60	150	150	150	150	150	150			
61	150	150	150	150	150	150			
62	150	150	150	150	150	150			
63	150	150	150	150	150	150			
64	150	150	150	150	150	150			
65	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
66	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
67	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
68	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
69	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
70	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000



6. <u>Disability (2021)</u>: Active participants are expected to become disabled as defined under the plan in accordance with annual rates as illustrated below:

Attained Age	Disabilities per 1,000 Participants
35	0.24
40	0.56
45	0.92
50	1.65
55	2.92
60	3.73

- 7. Recognition of IRC Section 415 Limitations (2021): The dollar benefit limitations under IRC Section 415(b) have been reflected in the determination of plan costs. Increases in Section 415(b) dollar limit are projected to increase at 2.5% per year, the same as the price inflation assumption in Item B.4.
- 8. Additional Credited Service Due to Unused Sick Leave (2021): Aggregate benefits paid for pension participants are increased by the actual amount of unused sick leave as of their date of termination, converted to credited service. Sick leave as of their termination date has been assumed to be the actual amount of unused sick leave as of the valuation date.
- 9. <u>Inflation Component in Earnings Progression and Investment Return Assumptions (2021)</u>: 2.5%
- 10. Assumed Form of Payment (2021):
 - a. Pension participants: Twenty-five percent (25%) of retirement payments for active participants who are eligible for immediate monthly benefits are assumed to be paid in the form of a single lump sum payment. The remaining seventy-five percent (75%) of such retirement payments are assumed to be paid in the normal form annuity (10 years certain and life). Active participants who terminate employment before they are eligible for immediate monthly benefits are assumed to receive their benefit in the form of a single lump sum payment at the time of termination of employment. The same 25%/75% assumption is used for disabled pension participants with their benefit deferred to normal retirement age.
 - b. Cash balance participants: All active participants are assumed to receive their benefits in the form of a single lump sum payment, the normal form. The same single lump sum payment assumption is used for disabled cash balance participants with their benefit deferred to normal retirement age.
 - c. Retirees retiring just before the valuation date who have not made an affirmative election: All such retirees, if any, are assumed to elect a single lump sum payment.
 - d. To the extent optional forms of payment are elected and conversions are determined under an actuarial basis which differs from the basis used in the valuation, actuarial gains or losses will occur. These gains or losses are expected to be very small and will be recognized through the valuation process for those new retirees making an optional election since the prior valuation.

RUDD AND WISDOM, INC. 14 APRIL 2024



11. <u>Lump Sum Interest Rate (2022)</u>: The rate for determining actuarially equivalent lump sums to be selected by pension participants retiring in the future are assumed to be in accordance with the rates in the table below:

Year	Rate
2024	7.0% ¹
2025 and beyond	6.5%

The actual rate for determining actuarial equivalence in 2024

The unisex mortality basis for determining actuarially equivalent optional benefits is in the plan document and is shown in item J of Section V, the outline of the plan provisions.

- 12. <u>Projected Compensation (2021)</u>: For the plan year first following the valuation date, the assumed compensation for each active participant is the actual gross pay in the calendar year immediately preceding the date of the actuarial valuation increased by the assumed annual rate of earnings progression determined by the participant's age at hire and current years of service.
- 13. <u>Total Projected Compensation (2021)</u>: For the plan year first following the valuation date, the total projected compensation is the sum of the assumed compensation for the first plan year following the valuation date for all active participants on the valuation date.
- 14. <u>General Administrative Expenses (2021)</u>: The expenses paid from plan assets for other than investment-related expenses are assumed to be \$300,000 per year and are treated as part of the recommended contributions.

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Section V – Outline of Principal Plan Eligibility and Benefit Provisions as of January 1, 2024

A	. Identifying Data	
		Lower Colorado River Authority Retirement Plan
	Type of Plan:	Defined benefit pension benefits for closed group hired before January 1, 2002 with cash balance benefits for closed group hired after December 31, 2001 and before May 1, 2012 and for employees hired earlier who opted in
	Plan Sponsor:	Lower Colorado River Authority
	Plan Year:	April 1 - March 31 through March 31, 2016; calendar year beginning January 1, 2017; short plan year April 1 - December 31, 2016
В	. Participation	
	Minimum Age:	None
	Maximum Age at Hire:	None
	Service:	N/A for Pension participants (no new participants after January 1, 2002); three consecutive months of Credited Service for Cash Balance participants (no new participants after May 1, 2012)
	Employee Classification:	All employees working 1,000 or more hours per plan year
	Entry Date:	N/A for Pension participants; monthly anniversary date coincident with or first following completion of service requirement for Cash Balance Participants
C	. Contributions	
	Participant:	None required
	Employer:	All amounts necessary to adequately finance plan benefits.
D	. Eligibility for Retirement	
	Normal Retirement:	Age 65 plus 5 full years of credited service or satisfaction of Rule of 80
	Early Retirement:	Age 55 plus 15 full years of credited service
	Disability:	Continuously receiving a benefit from the LCRA Long Term Disability Income Plan until eligible for early or normal retirement
E	. Retirement Benefit Monthly Amount	
	Normal Retirement for Pension Participants:	1.75% of average monthly compensation per year of credited service plus 0.40% of average monthly compensation in excess of integration level per year of credited service
	Late Retirement for Pension Participants:	Same as Normal Retirement
	Early Retirement for Pension Participants:	Amount equal to monthly normal retirement benefit accrued at early retirement date reduced ½% for every month early retirement precedes the earlier of (a) normal retirement age or (b) attainment of date where age and credited service total to 80 years. There is no reduction, however, if total of age and credited service is 80 or more years.
	Cash Balance Account for Cash Balance Participants:	The Cash Balance Account consists of a Beginning Balance, monthly Contribution Credits and monthly interest credits. The Beginning Balance is zero unless Option B under the Retirement Choice Program was elected prior to January 1, 2002. The Beginning Balance is the pension plan lump sum value, if any, as of December 31, 2001 or, if greater, the transition value determined as of December 31, 2001. The transition value was based upon Credited Service and Compensation averaged over 60 months of employment. Contribution Credits are equal to 4% of Compensation paid during each month of participation. Interest credits are added at the end of each month to the Cash Balance Account based on an annual effective interest rate of 7%.

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	Disability:	continuation of service and compage; for Cash Balance Partici	ount payable at normal retirement age assuming pensation from date of disability to normal retirement pants, amount payable at normal retirement age e, but no future compensation is recognized.			
F.	Payment Options for Pension Participants	 The normal form of monthly payment is 10 years certain and life. Other actuarially equivalent monthly payment forms are available. Effective January 1, 2002, a 100% lump sum payment option or a 50% lump sum payment plus 50% monthly payment option is available. 				
G	Payment Options for Cash Balance Participants	 The normal form of monthly payment is a 100% lump sum payment. If the participant has an account balance of at least \$5,000 and is at least age 55 with at least 15 years of service (or age 65 with at least 5 years of service), monthly payment forms equivalent to the Cash Balance Account are available options. The 50% lump sum payment plus 50% monthly payment option is available if the participant meets the requirements in the second bullet point above. 				
Н.	Vested Termination					
	Benefits Benefit:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	lement to vested percentage of accrued normal ment age; for Cash Balance Participants, entitlement balance upon termination.			
	Vesting Schedule:	Full Years of Credited Service	Vesting Percent			
		Less than 3	0%			
		3 or more	100%			
		A Pension Participant is always retirement benefit attributable to a	100% vested in the portion of the accrued normal any employee contributions.			
	Accrued Normal Retirement Benefit for Pension Participants:	retirement age; the amount of the terminates employment and is careful.	the normal form of payment beginning at normal ne accrued benefit is determined when a participant alculated using the normal retirement benefit formula ed service and compensation credited at date of			
l.	Pre-retirement Death Benefits	present value of the participe greater, the present value of a For Cash Balance Participa vested. Such death benefit w	yment of benefit which is actuarially equivalent to the ant's vested accrued normal retirement benefit or, if an immediately available early retirement benefit. Ints, payment of Cash Balance Account balance if ill be paid to the beneficiary in a lump sum unless the rticipant met the eligibility requirement to choose a n G above).			
J.	Basis of Actuarial Equivalence	8% (plus or minus an annual adjustment rounded to the nearest 0.5% based on the average 30-year U.S. bond yield) and the PubG-2010 Above-Median Male Mortality Table projected to 2026 with Scale MP-2020 and the Pub G-2010 Above-Median Female Mortality Table projected to 2026 with Scale MP-2020 (80% male and 20% female for employees and 20% male and 80% female for spouses, joint pensioners and beneficiaries) for monthly benefits and lump sum payments				
K.	Integration Level for Pension Participants	Monthly amount of \$3,300.00 for	termination in 2020 or later			
L.	Average Monthly Compensation for Pension Participants	Plan compensation averaged compensation	over 60 consecutive months of highest total plan			



Μ.	Unused Sick Leave for Pension Participants	Accumulated unused sick leave is added to credited service in the determination of accrued benefits at the rate of 173 1/3 hours equals 1 month of credited service
N.	Buyback Credited Service for Pension Participants	In special circumstances initiated under pre-1984 plan provisions, prior periods of employment with the plan sponsor or other employers were credited by purchasing such service via buyback contributions paid by the participant to the plan.
0.	Optional Credited Service for Pension Participants	Eligible Pension Participants may purchase additional credited service on a cost neutral basis to the plan (assuming the purchaser would have otherwise worked until eligible to retire); spousal beneficiaries of Pension Participants who die within five years of becoming eligible for early retirement may also purchase additional credited service. Purchases of additional credited service can be for satisfying eligibility requirements only or for both satisfying eligibility requirements and increasing the benefit amount. However, additional credited service cannot be purchased for service beyond attainment of Rule of 80 or normal retirement date (either attained or projected as may be applicable).



Section VI – Participant Census Summary

A. Participant Data Comparison

		Prior Year 01/01/2023	urrent Year 01/01/2024
1. /	Active Participant Count		
a	a. Pension	241	216
k	o. Cash balance participants	542	 517
C	c. Total	783	733
2.	Age, Salary and Service of Active Participants		
a	a. Average attained age	51.0 years	51.5 years
k	o. Aggregate projected annual salary	\$ 92,501,428	\$ 92,233,202
C	c. Number of actives included in Item 2b	772	722
C	d. Average projected annual salary¹	\$ 119,821	127,747
ϵ	e. Average benefit service earned	19.9 years	20.7 years
3. I	mmediate Retirement Benefits		
a	a. Retirees and beneficiaries in pay status	1,025	1,030
k	Aggregate monthly benefit	\$ 3,201,749	\$ 3,242,807
C	c. Average monthly benefit	\$ 3,124	\$ 3,148

Average salary = Item 2b ÷ Item 2c. Item 2b excludes the salary for the actives who are assumed to be retired because of being age 70 or above as of the valuation date (the difference between Item 1c and Item 2c). Item 2b also excludes the salary in excess of the maximum compensation that may be recognized for benefits under the Internal Revenue Code for a qualified plan.



B. Number of Employees by Attained Age and Service

Age, Service, and Average Compensation Table for Actives as of January 1, 2024

			Currer	nt Years of Bene	efit Service				
								Age Totals/Row	Percentage
Current Age	<10	10<=T<15	15<=T<20	20<=T<25	25<=T<30	30<=T<35	>=35	Averages	of Total
< 32.5	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.27%
	0	123,210	0	0	0	0	0	123,210	0.27%
32.5<=X<37.5	0	17	7	0	0	0	0	24	3.28%
	0	122,239	102,676	0	0	0	0	116,533	3.11%
37.5<=X<42.5	0	29	57	4	0	0	0	90	12.28%
	0	124,668	126,155	156,112	0	0	0	127,007	12.72%
42.5<=X<47.5	0	26	56	55	4	0	0	141	19.24%
	0	118,512	125,779	121,582	138,812	0	0	123,172	19.33%
47.5<=X<52.5	0	32	35	61	24	1	0	153	20.87%
	0	139,261	115,148	130,572	124,374	115,569	0	127,791	21.76%
52.5<=X<57.5	0	20	32	53	29	8	3	145	19.78%
	0	130,155	115,390	122,684	115,614	118,288	110,705	120,200	19.40%
X>=57.5	0	17	41	54	22	6	38	178	24.28%
	0	111,410	112,936	113,733	134,741	154,779	117,724	118,160	23.41%
Service Totals	0	143	228	227	79	15	41	733	100.00%
Percent of Total	0.00%	19.51%	31.10%	30.97%	10.78%	2.05%	5.59%	100.00%	
Compensation Average	0	125,696	119,764	122,997	124,777	132,703	117,210	122,585	100.00%
Percent of Total	0.00%	20.00%	30.39%	31.07%	10.97%	2.22%	5.35%	100.00%	

Average Age at Hire = 30.7 Average Service = 20.7 Average Attained Age = 51.5



C. Number of Employees by Entry Age and Service

Entry Age and Service Table for Actives as of January 1, 2024

	Current Years of Benefit Service									
									Percentage	
Age at Hire	<10	10<=T<15	15<=T<20	20<=T<25	25<=T<30	30<=T<35	>=35	Row Totals	of Total	
X<22.5	0	12	23	27	9	4	15	90	12.28%	
22.5<=X<27.5	0	25	78	60	32	6	18	219	29.88%	
27.5<=X<32.5	0	25	35	61	23	3	7	154	21.00%	
32.5<=X<37.5	0	37	34	40	12	1	1	125	17.05%	
37.5<=X<42.5	0	24	33	21	3	1	0	82	11.19%	
42.5<=X<47.5	0	8	12	14	0	0	0	34	4.64%	
47.5<=X<52.5	0	7	11	4	0	0	0	22	3.00%	
52.5<=X<57.5	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	6	0.82%	
X>=57.5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.14%	
Service Totals	0	143	228	227	79	15	41	733	100.00%	
Percent of Total	0.00%	19.51%	31.10%	30.97%	10.78%	2.05%	5.59%	100.00%		

Average Age at Hire = 30.7 Average Service = 20.7 Average Attained Age = 51.5



Section VII – Summary of Participant Data

Participant Data Reconciliation A.

	Active Participants ¹	Current Payment Status ²	Vested Terminated ³	Disabled Participants	Total
1. As of January 1, 2023	783	1,025	61	5	1,874
2. Change of status					
a. normal retirement	0	2	(2)	0	0
b. late retirement	(5)	5	0	0	0
c. early retirement	(11)	12	(1)	0	0
d. disability	0	0	0	0	0
e. death	(1)	(9)	0	0	(10)
f. nonvested termination	0	0	0	0	0
g. vested termination	(9)	0	9	0	0
h. completion of payment	(24)	(5)	(5)	0	(34)
i. rehires	0	0	0	0	0
j. other	0	0	0	0	0
k. net changes	(50)	5	1	0	(44)
3. New participants	0	0	0	0	0
4. As of January 1, 2024	733	1,030	62	5	1,830

Includes any participant who might be beyond Normal Retirement Date Includes deceased participants whose beneficiaries are receiving benefits Includes deceased participants whose beneficiaries are entitled to receive benefits



Section VIII – Glossary of Actuarial Terms

Actuarial Accrued Liability That portion, as determined by the particular actuarial cost method

used, of the Actuarial Present Value of future pension plan benefits as of the Valuation Date that is not provided for by the Actuarial

Present Value of future Normal Costs.

Actuarial Assumptions Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension

costs, such as: mortality, termination, disablement and retirement; changes in compensation; rates of investment earnings and asset

appreciation; and other relevant items.

Actuarial Gain (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that

expected based on the Actuarial Assumptions during the period between two Actuarial Valuation dates, as determined in accordance

with the particular actuarial cost method used.

Actuarial Present Value The value of an amount or series of amounts payable or receivable

at various times, determined as of a given date (the Valuation Date)

by the application of the Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarial Valuation The determination, as of a Valuation Date, of the Normal Cost,

Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets and related

Actuarial Present Values for a pension plan.

Actuarial Value of Assets The value of cash, investments and other property belonging to a

pension plan, as determined by a method and used by the actuary for

the purpose of an Actuarial Valuation.

Entry Age Normal Actuarial

Cost Method

An actuarial cost method under which the Actuarial Present Value of the Projected Benefits of each individual included in an Actuarial

Valuation is allocated as a level percentage of compensation over the period from entry age to the last age before 100% assumed retirement. The portion of this Actuarial Present Value allocated to a valuation year is called the Normal Cost. The portion of this Actuarial Present Value not provided for at a Valuation Date by the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs is called the Actuarial Accrued Liability. Under this method, Actuarial Gains (Losses), as they occur,

reduce (increase) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Normal Cost That portion of the Actuarial Present Value of pension plan benefits

that is allocated to a valuation year by the actuarial cost method.

Plan Year Beginning in 2017, a 12-month period beginning January 1 and

ending December 31. Prior to that, plan years ended on March 31.

Projected BenefitsThose pension plan benefit amounts that are expected to be paid at

various future times according to the Actuarial Assumptions, taking into account such items as the effect of advancement in age and past

and anticipated future qualified service.



Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

The excess, if any, of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability Cost

The level dollar amount to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability over a selected period of years.

Valuation Date

The date upon which the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets are determined. Generally, the Valuation Date will coincide with the beginning or ending of a Plan Year.

Years to Amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability The period is selected in each Actuarial Valuation as the number of years, beginning with the Valuation Date, to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability with a level dollar amount each year.



Appendix A

A. Low-Default-Risk Obligation Measure

The Low-Default-Risk Obligation Measure is meant to represent the cost to the plan to purchase low-default-risk fixed income securities whose cash flows match the expected pattern of benefits (accrued as of the measurement date) expected to be paid in the future.

When calculating this measure, an immediate gain actuarial cost method is used along with a discount rate or discount rates derived from low-default-risk fixed income securities. Examples of discount rates that may meet this requirement include:

- 1. US Treasury yields;
- 2. Rates implicit in settlement of pension obligations including purchases of annuities from insurance companies and payment of lump sums;
- 3. Yields on corporate or tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds that receive one of the two highest ratings given by a recognized ratings agency;
- 4. Non-stabilized ERISA funding rates for single employer plans; and
- 5. Multiemployer current liability rates.

We have used the entry age normal funding method and the short term FTSE Liability Discount Rate in effect as of January 1, 2024 (4.76%) in our calculation of the Low-Default-Risk Obligation Measure. This discount rate was selected to reflect the yields from municipal bonds as of the valuation date that would be needed to match the expected cash flows from the plan. All other assumptions used in determining the obligation measure are the same assumptions as those used in the funding valuation. The Low-Default-Risk Obligation Measure is shown below:

Low-Default-Risk Obligation Measure	\$ 785,608,805 ¹

Determined using 4.76% as the discount rate.

Investing in a diversified portfolio is expected to produce lower contribution requirements over time. Comparing the low-default-risk obligation measure to the funding actuarial accrued liability illustrates the expected reduction in future funding obligations achieved by investing in a diversified portfolio with appropriate levels of risk instead of solely in fixed income securities.

Low-default-risk investments are still subject to market volatility, and investing solely in low-default-risk investments may or may not be considered a prudent investment strategy. Switching to investing solely in high quality bonds could result in unnecessarily high contributions in the near term.

Because plan assets are not invested in all bond-portfolios, the LDROM does not accurately reflect the plan's funding status, nor does it offer insights into required plan contributions or the security of participant benefits.



B. Development of Expected Unfunded Accrued Liability and Actuarial (Gain)/Loss

Det	termination of Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	01/01/2024
1.	Prior Year Actual Unfunded Accrued Liability	\$ 163,062,201
2.	Prior Year Normal Cost as of Beginning of Year	5,615,199
3.	Interest on above amounts	11,807,418
4.	Actual Employer and Employee Contributions for Prior Year (with credited interest)	(28,529,361)
5.	Current Year Expected Unfunded Accrued Liability	
	(prior to adjustments)	\$ 151,955,457
6.	Adjustment for Plan Amendments	0
7.	Adjustment for Change in Actuarial Assumptions	168,394
8.	Adjustment for Change in Actuarial Methods	 0
9.	Current Year Expected Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$ 152,123,851
10.	Current Year Actual Unfunded Accrued Liability	\$ 156,862,720
11.	Actuarial (Gain)/Loss [(10) – (9)]	\$ 4,738,869

C. (Gain)/Loss Analysis

The plan experienced gains and/or losses from the following sources in the prior plan year:

		(Gain)/Loss Source	
1.	Inv	estment (Gain)/Loss	\$ 1,120,100
2.	Otl	ner (Gain)/Loss	
	a.	Demographic and Economic (Gain)/Loss	1,192,602
	b.	Salary (Gain)/Loss	 2,426,167
	C.	Total Other (Gain)/Loss	\$ 3,618,769
3.	Tot	al (Gain)/Loss [(1) + (2.c.)]	\$ 4,738,869